

UNIVERSITAS CAROLINA PRAGENSIS

Univerzita Karlova v Praze – 1. lékařská fakulta



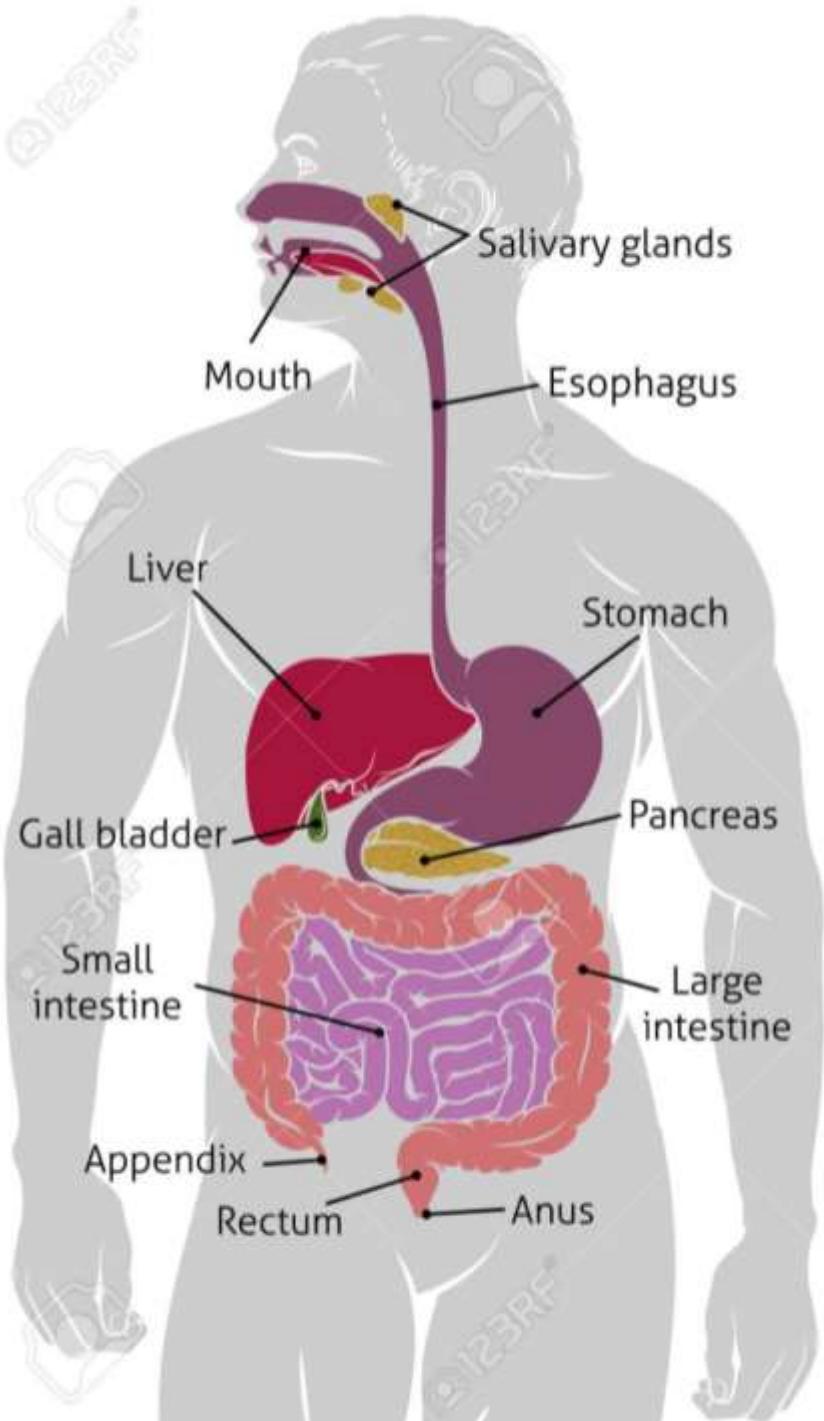
# Trávicí systém 1

Vývoj. Dutina ústní. Zuby. Jazyk.  
Slinné žlázy. Patro. Hltan.

Anatomický ústav

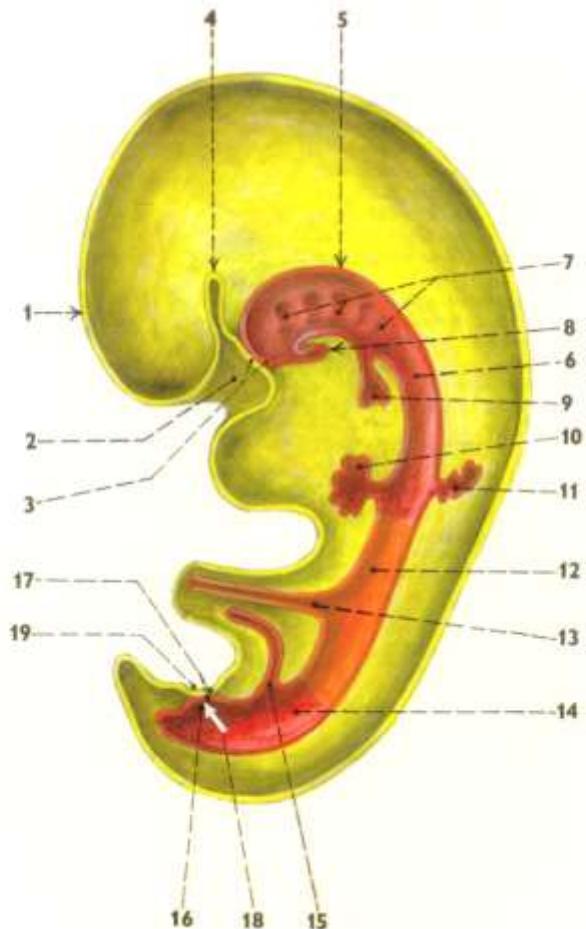
Autor: Petr Valášek

Obor: Všeobecné a zubní lékařství – Anatomie 1



Saliva	1000
Stomach	1500
Brunners Glands (duodenum)	200
Pancreas	1000-1500
Bile	1000
Small Intestine	1800
Large Intestine	200
<b><u>Total</u></b>	<b><u>7000ml/day</u></b>

# Vývoj trávicího systému



Čihák, R.: Anatomie 2, Avicenum, Praha, 1988

# Vývoj trávicího systému

## FOREGUT

jícen, žaludek ( játra, pancreas, slezina)  
proximální duodenum  
**truncus coeliacus**

n. vagus

## MIDGUT

distální duodenum, jejunum, ileum, colon caec. asc. trans.  
**a. mesenterica superior**

n. vagus

*Cannon-Böhmův bod*

Flexura lienalis

*Anastomosis magna Halleri*

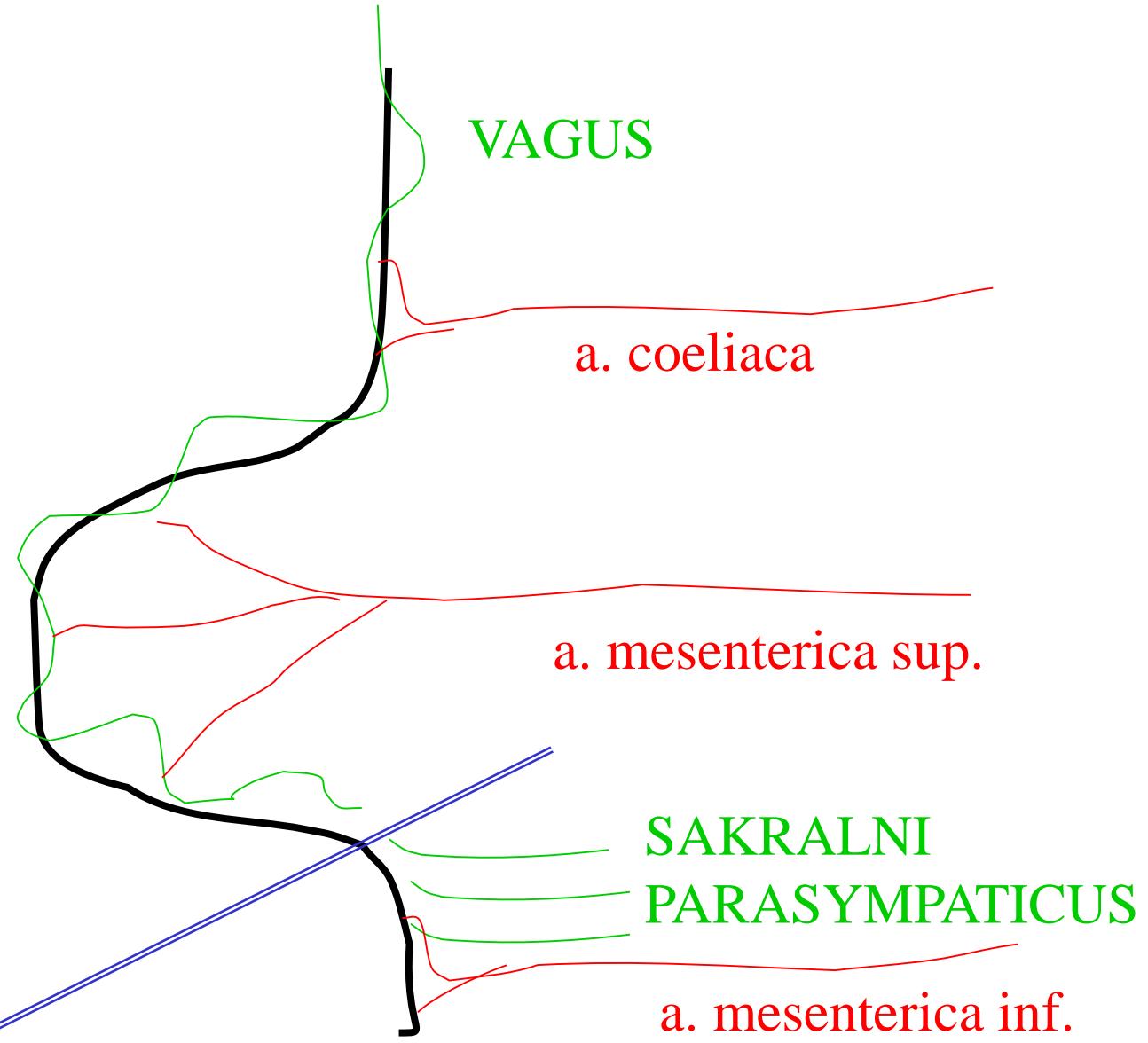
## HINDGUT

colon descendens, sigmoideum, rectum

(močový měchýř, urachus)

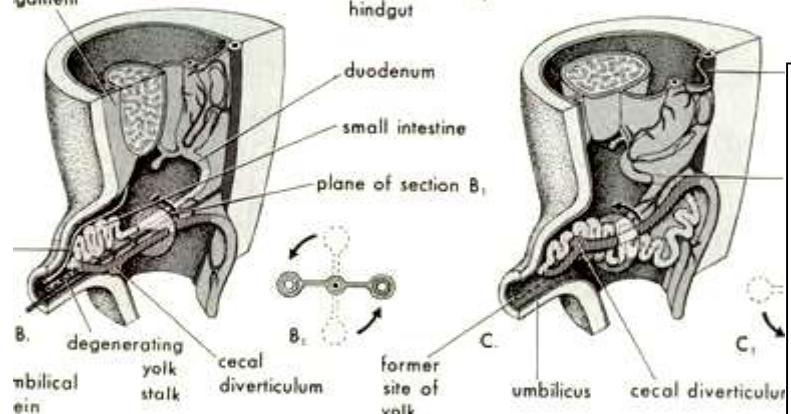
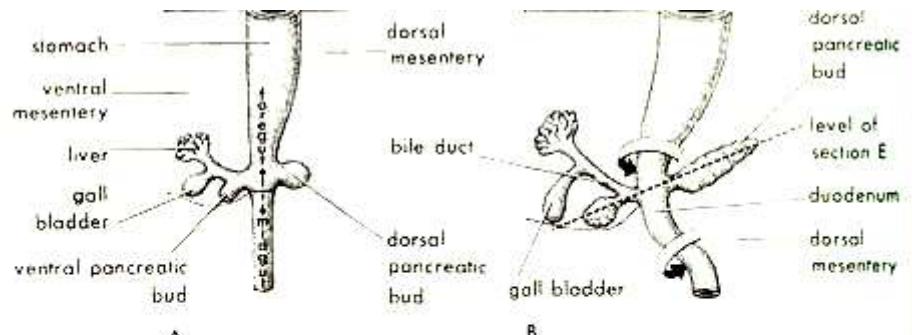
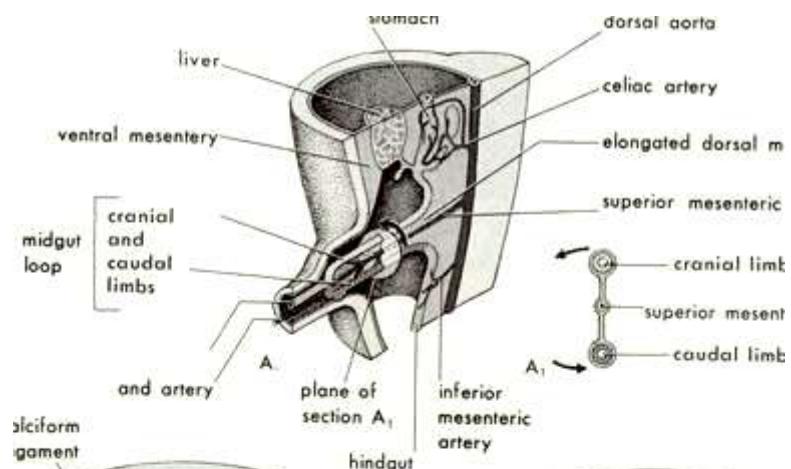
**a. mesenterica inferior**

sacral parasympathetic

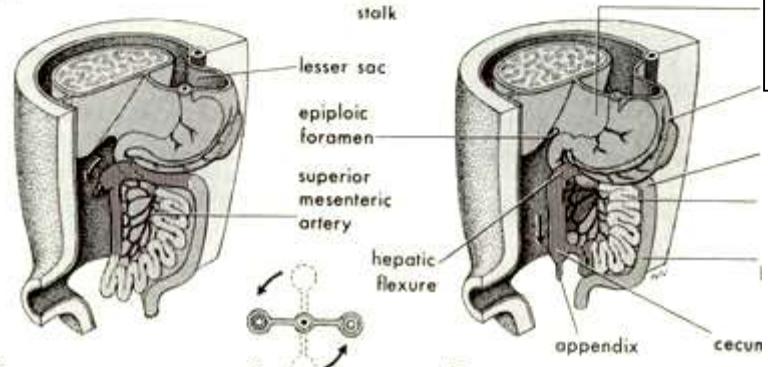
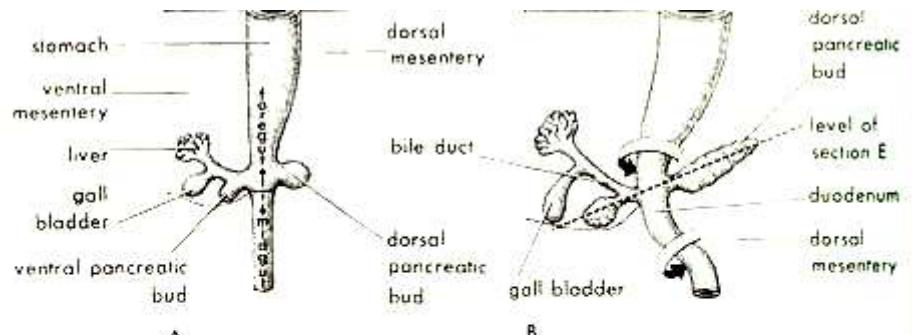


Cannon-Böhm

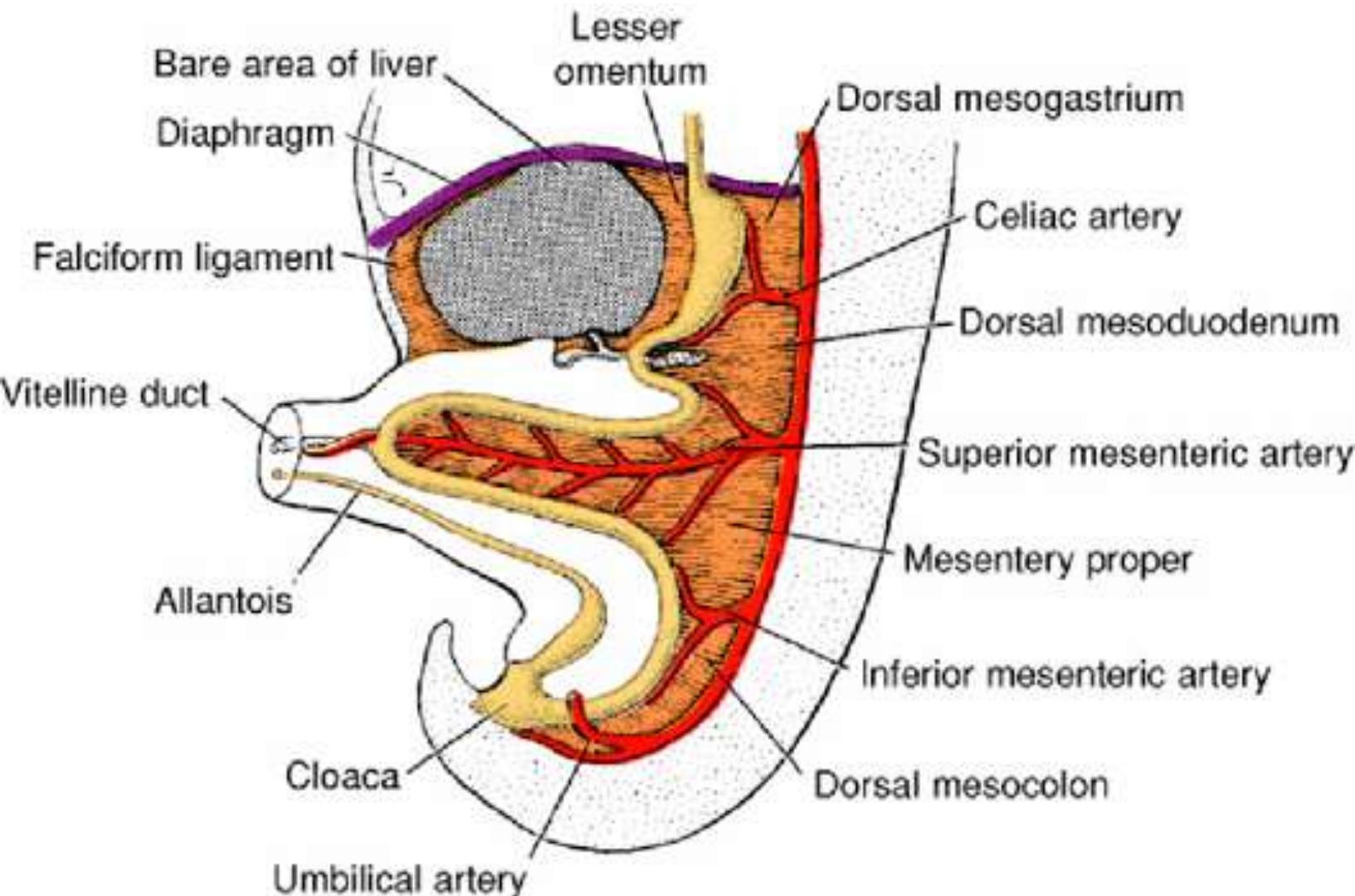
Anastomis magna Halleri



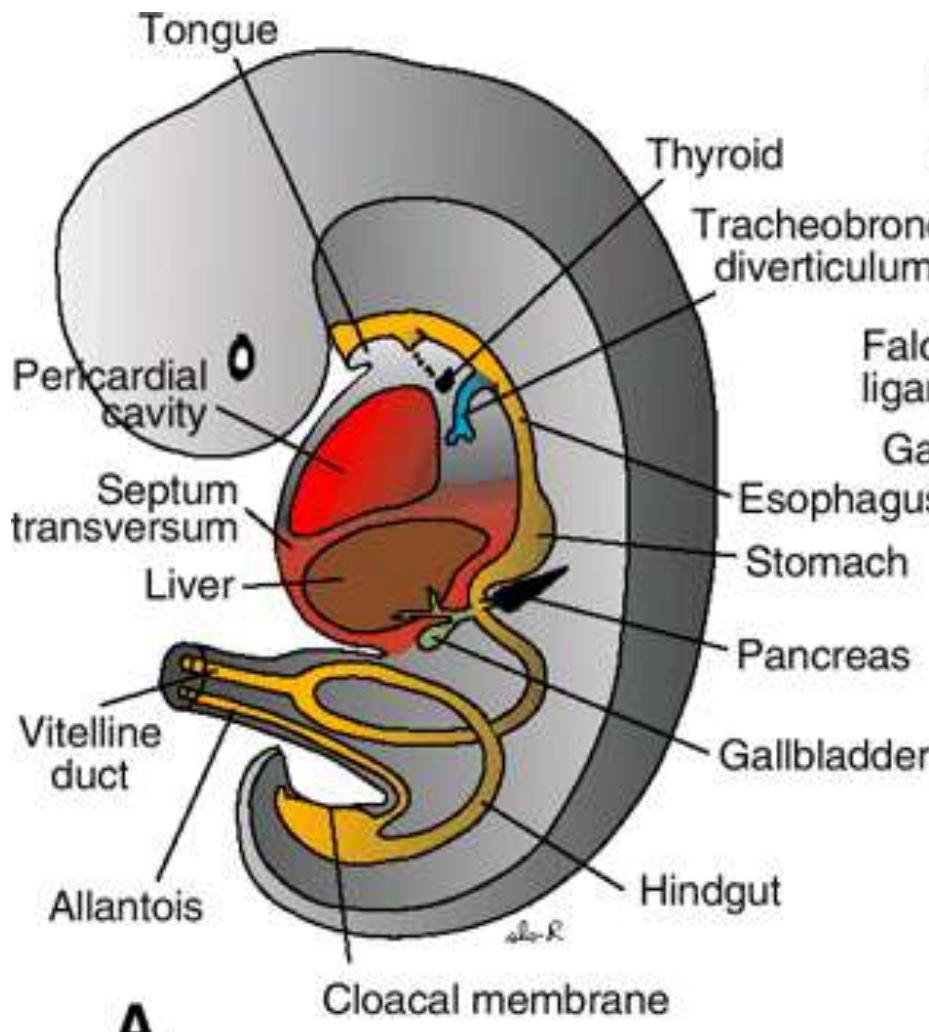
Vývoj trávicího systému:  
Růst  
Rotace 1. žaludek 2. tlusté střevo 3. omentum maius  
Srůsty



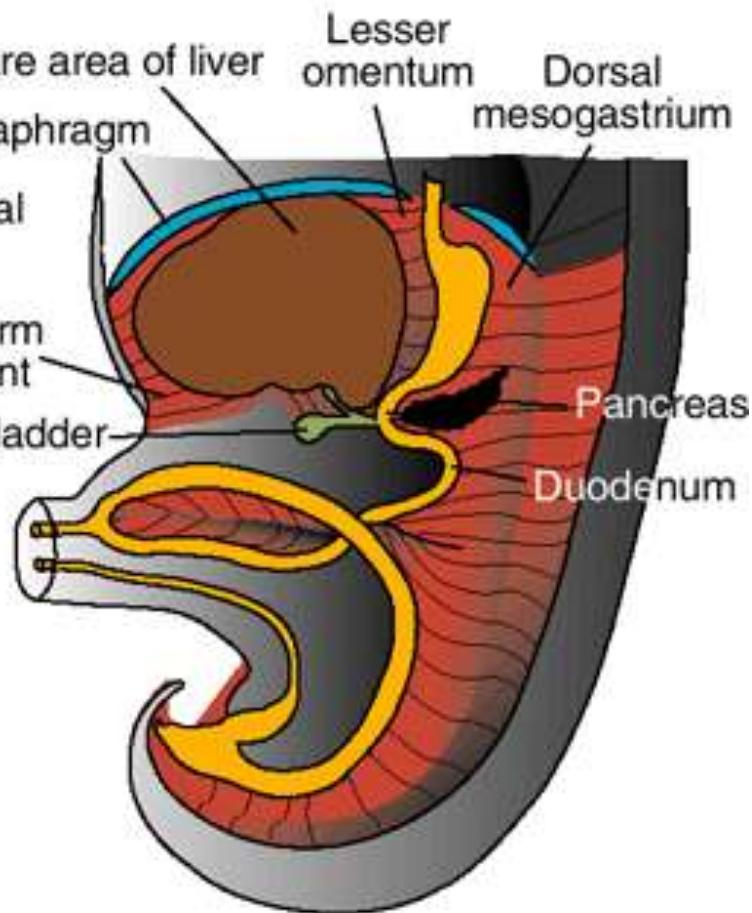
# Vývoj



# Vývoj

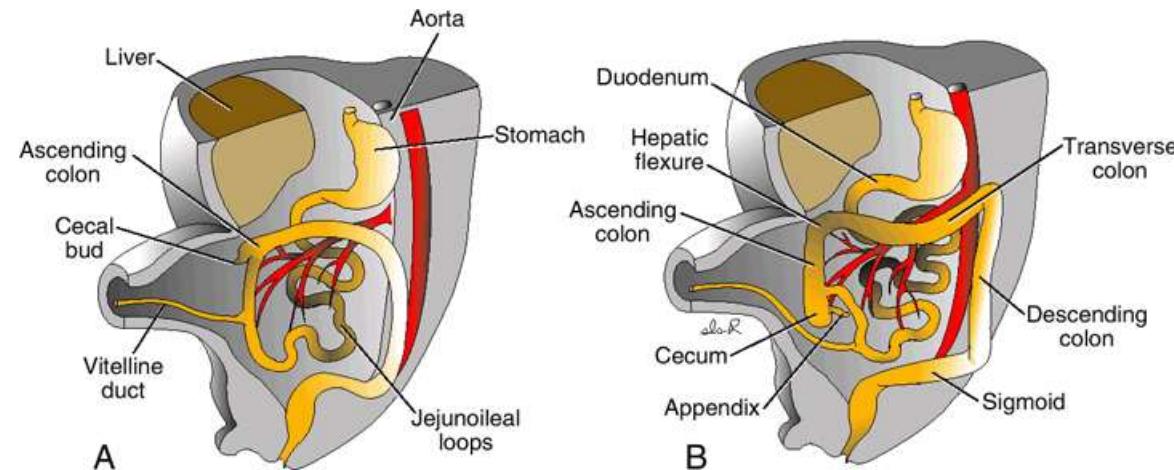
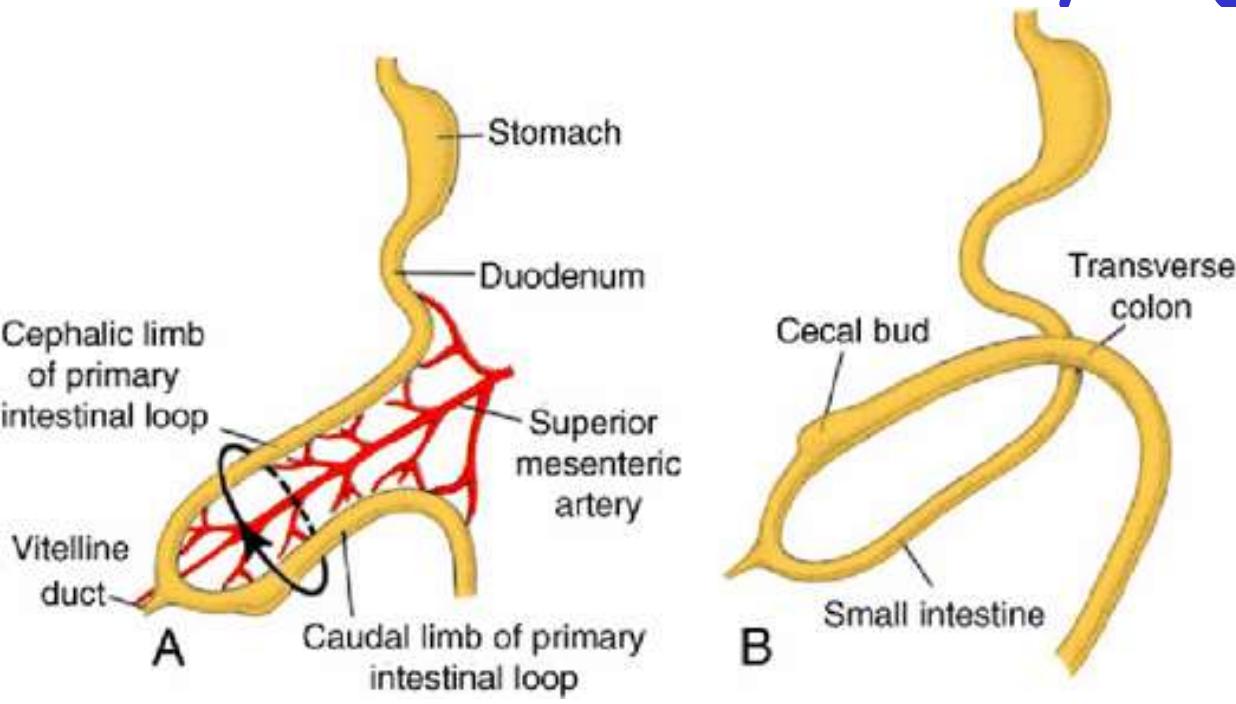


A

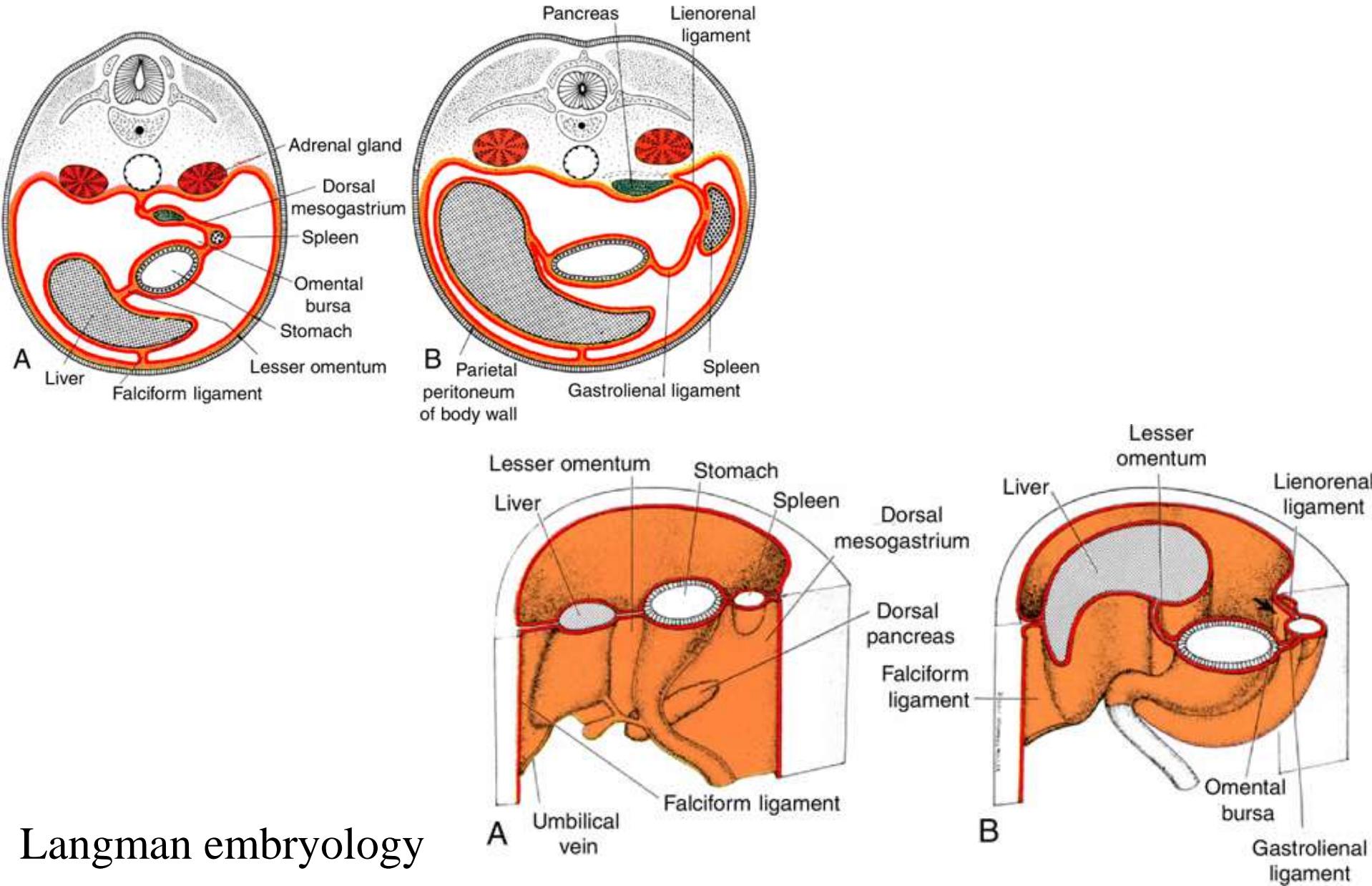


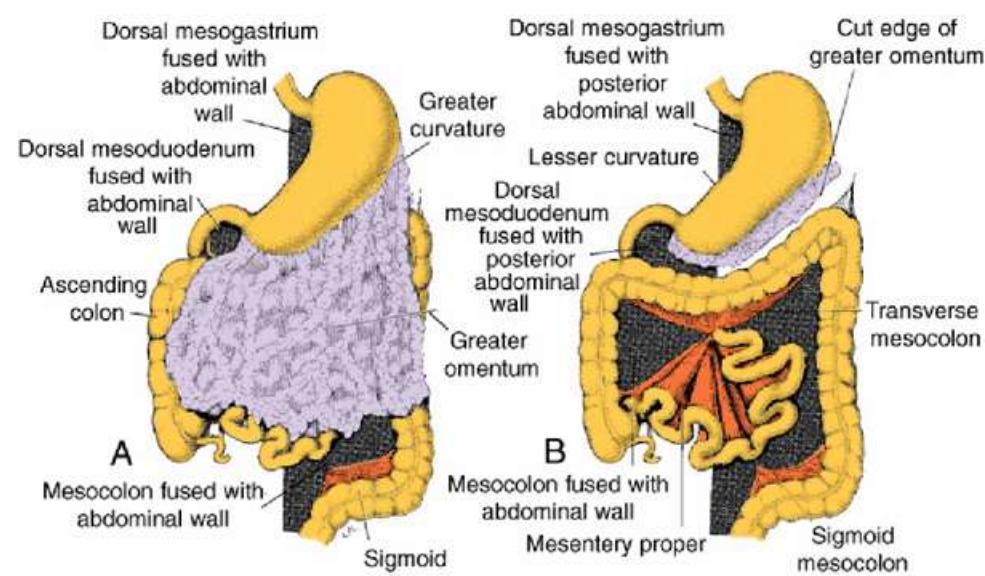
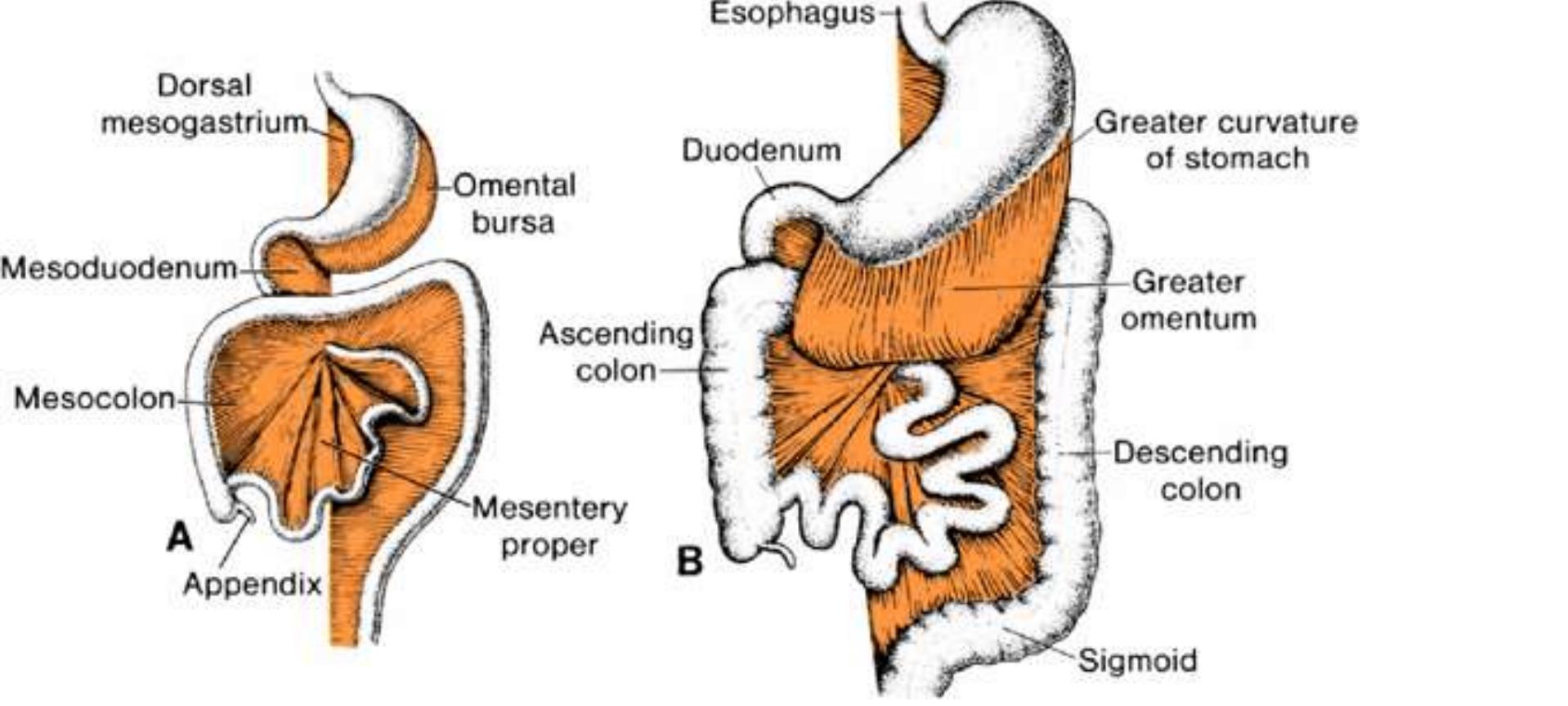
B

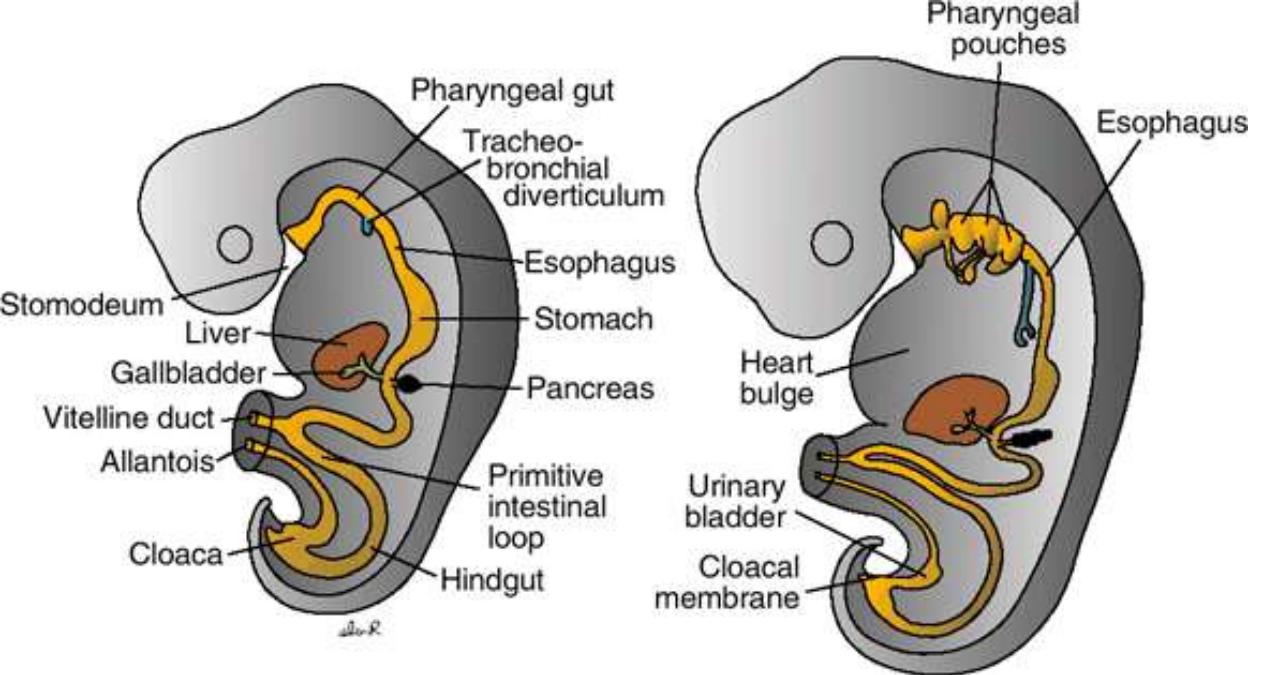
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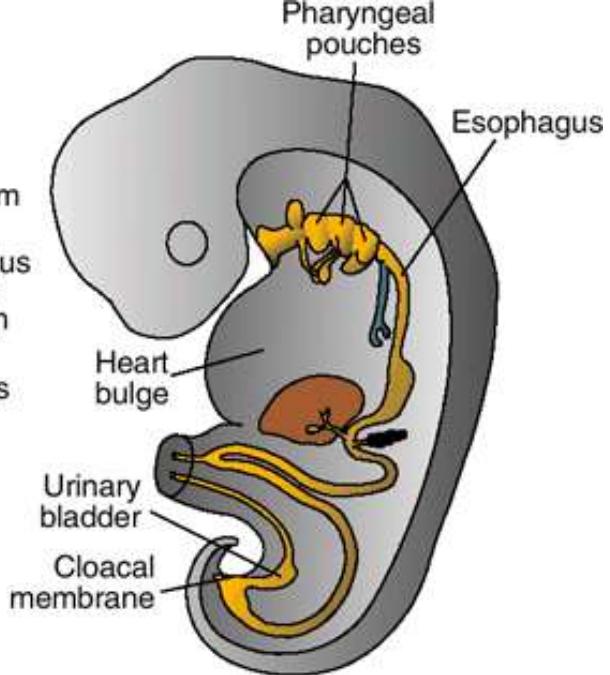
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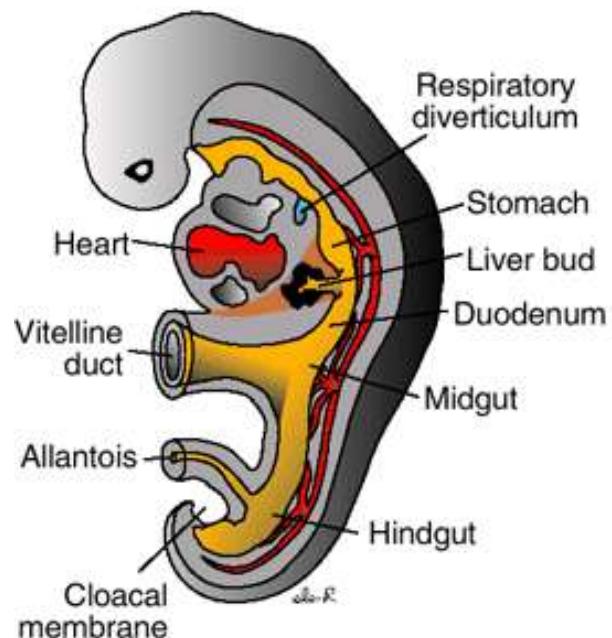




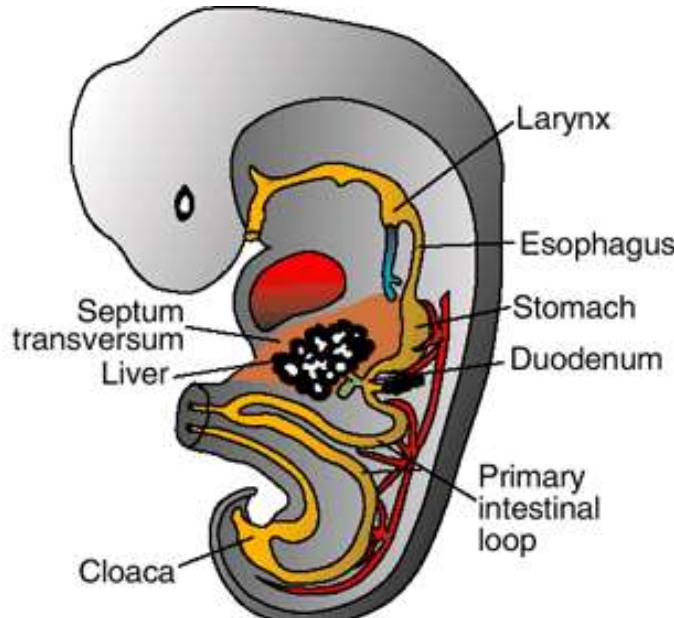
**A**



**B**



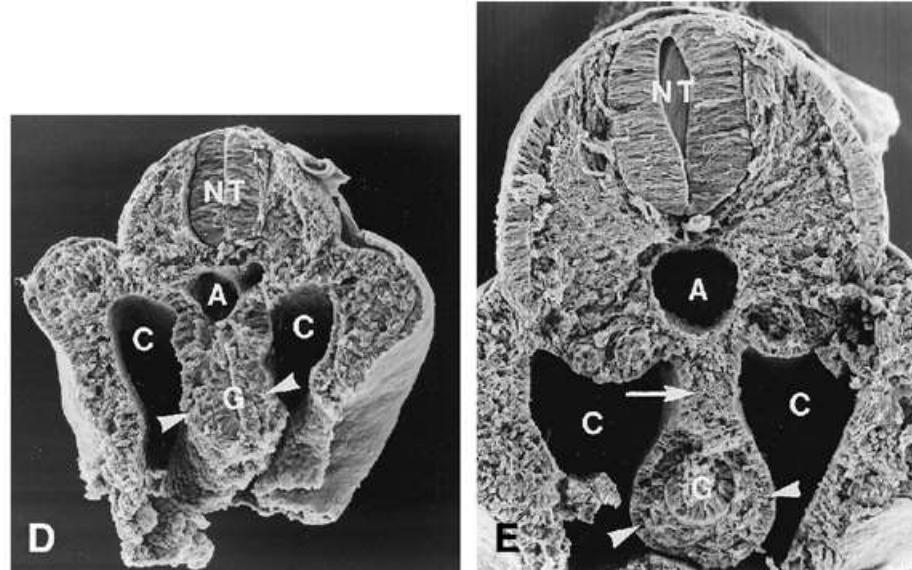
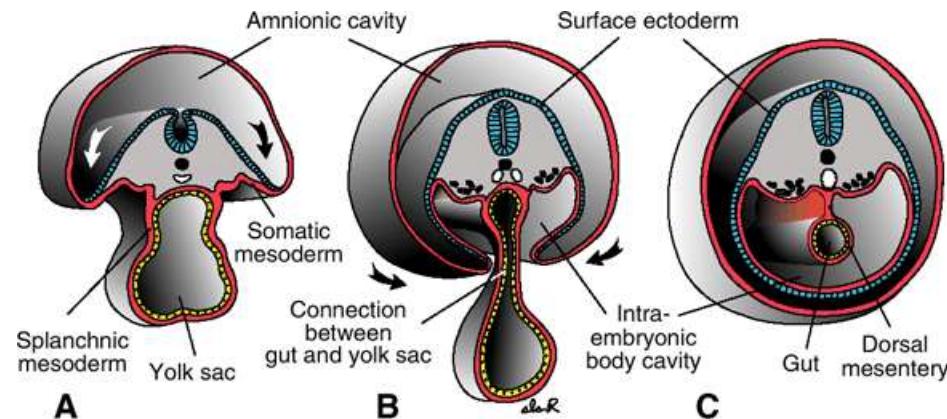
**A**



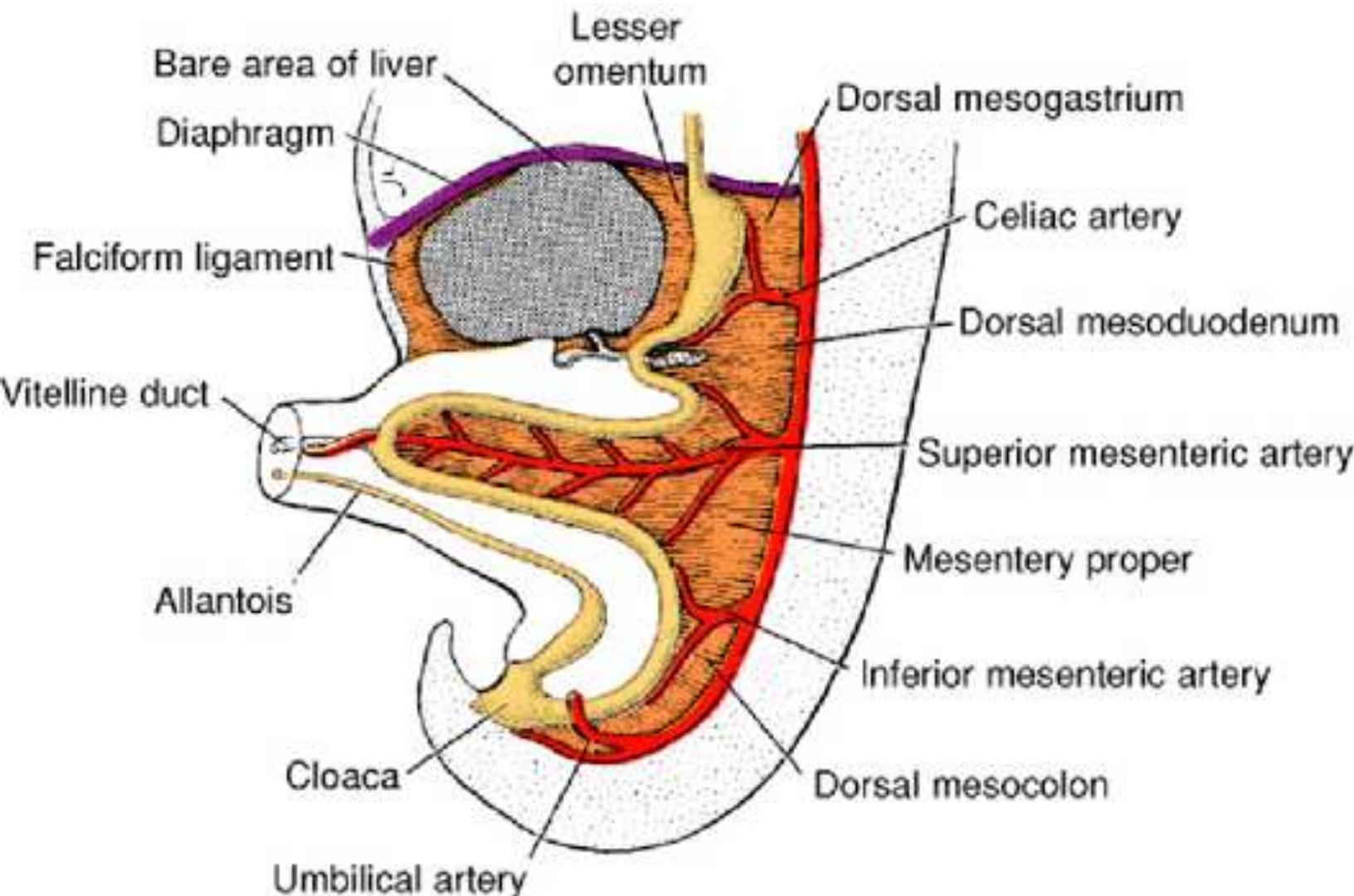
**B**

Langman embryology

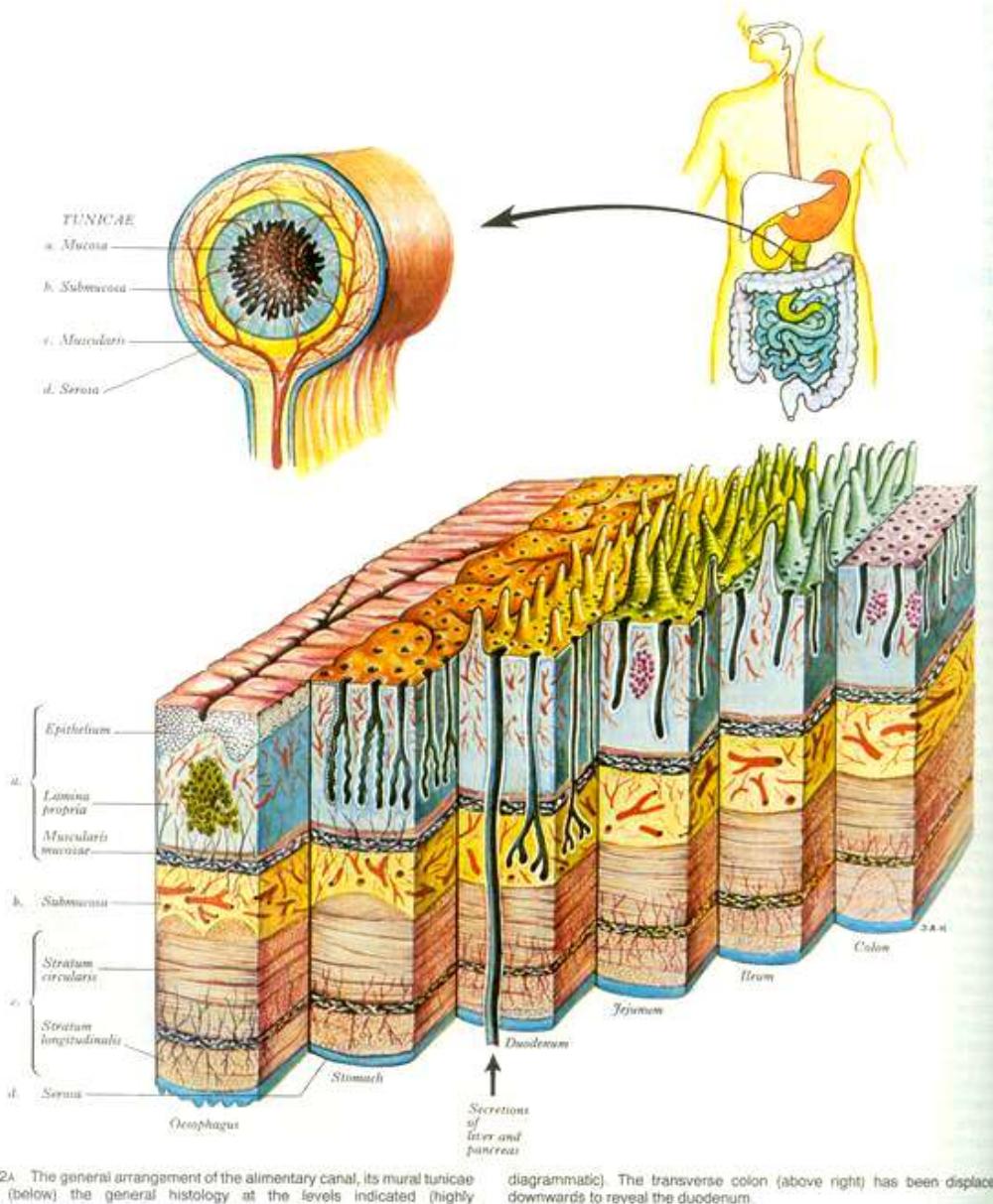
# Vývoj



# Vývoj



# Obecná struktura trávicí trubice



12.82A The general arrangement of the alimentary canal, its mural tunicae and (below) the general histology at the levels indicated (highly diagrammatic). The transverse colon (above right) has been displaced downwards to reveal the duodenum.

P. L. Williams et al.: Gray's Anatomy. Churchill Livingstone, New York, 1995



**Tunica mucosa**  
Epithel  
Lamina propria mucosae  
Lamina muscularis mucosae

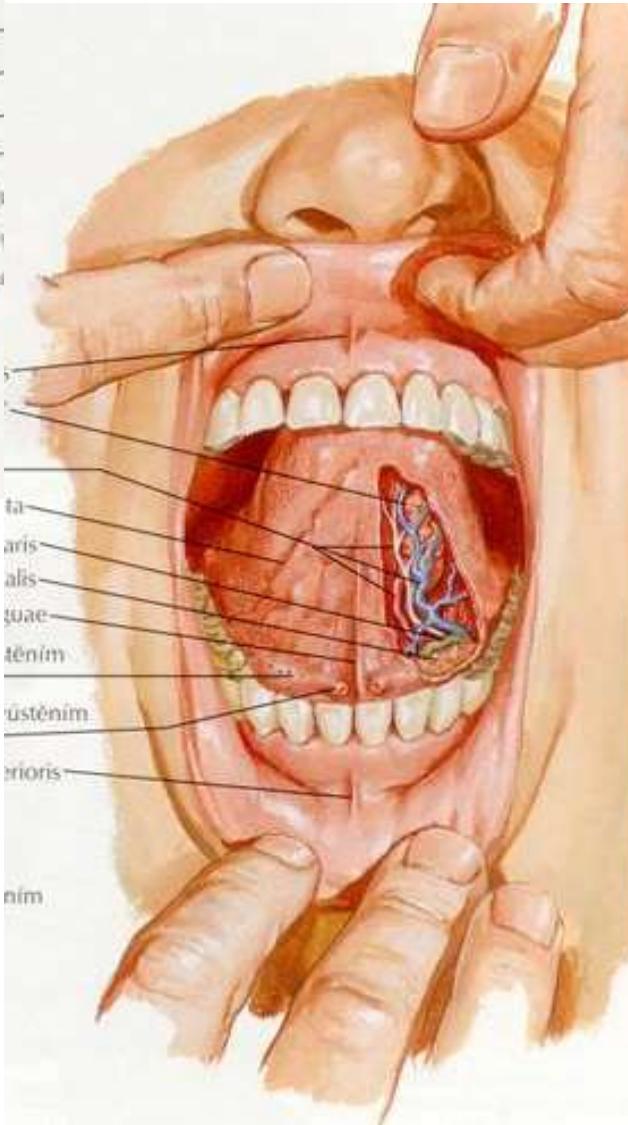
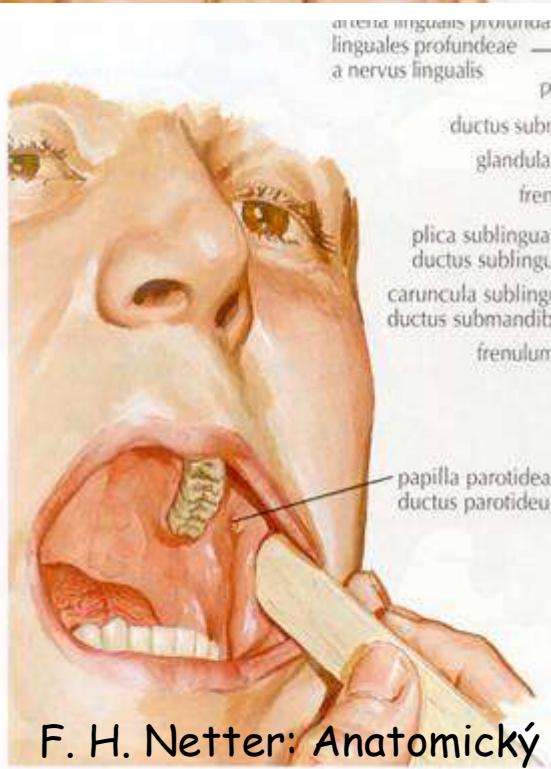
**Tunica submucosa**  
*Plexus submucosus*

**Tunica muscularis**  
*Plexus myentericus*

**Serosa /adventitia**

# Cavum oris

Vestibulum oris  
Cavum oris  
proprium



# Dutina ústní = cavum oris

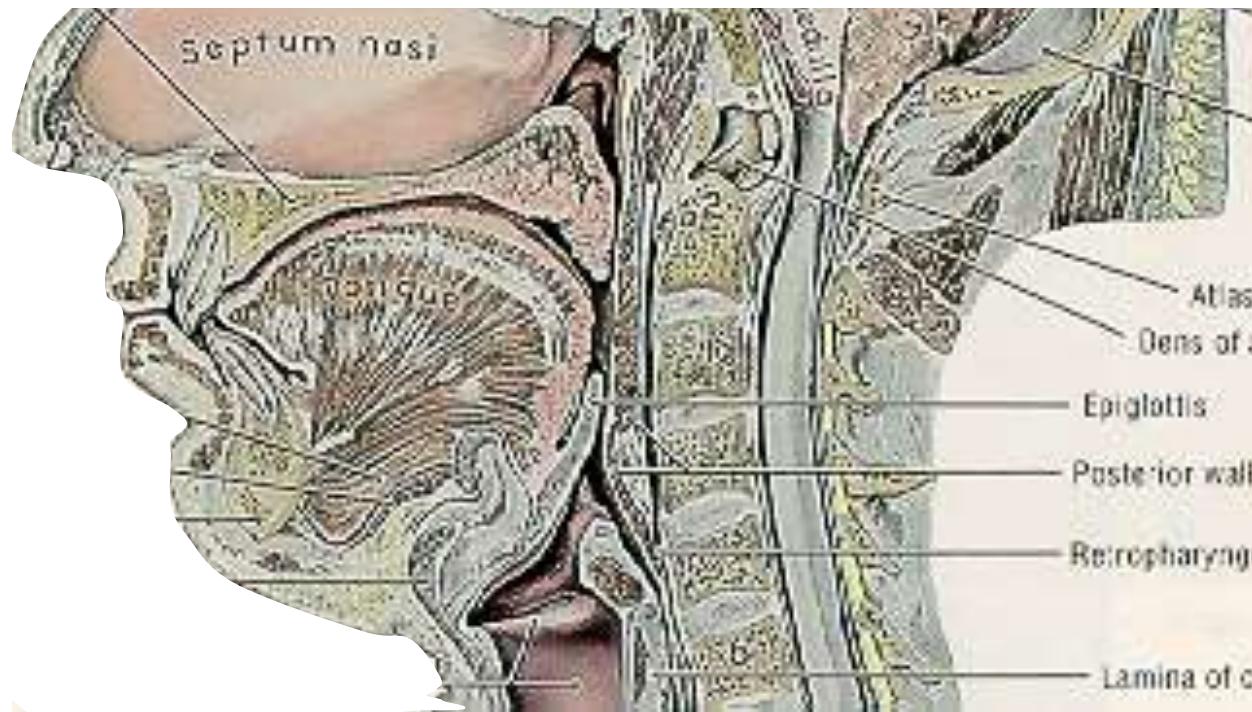
ventrálne - labia oris; rima oris

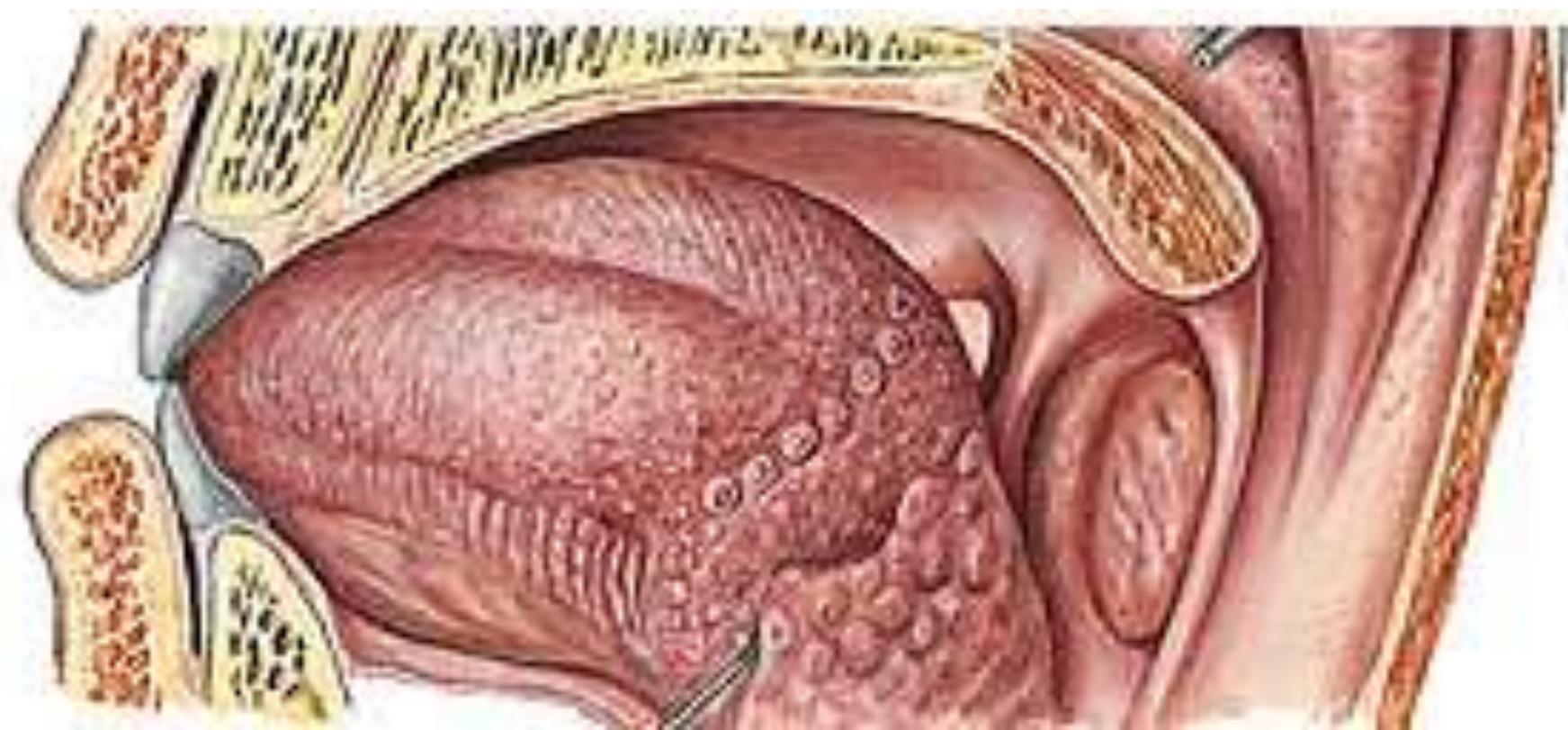
dorsálně - isthmus faucium

laterálně - buccae

kraniálně - palatum

kaudálně - diaphragma oris (m. mylohyoideus)







# Vestibulum oris

fornix vestibuli sup. & inf.

frenulum labii sup. & inf.

papilla parotidea

komunikace s cavitas oris

propria:

-za zubními oblouky

(trigonum retromolare)

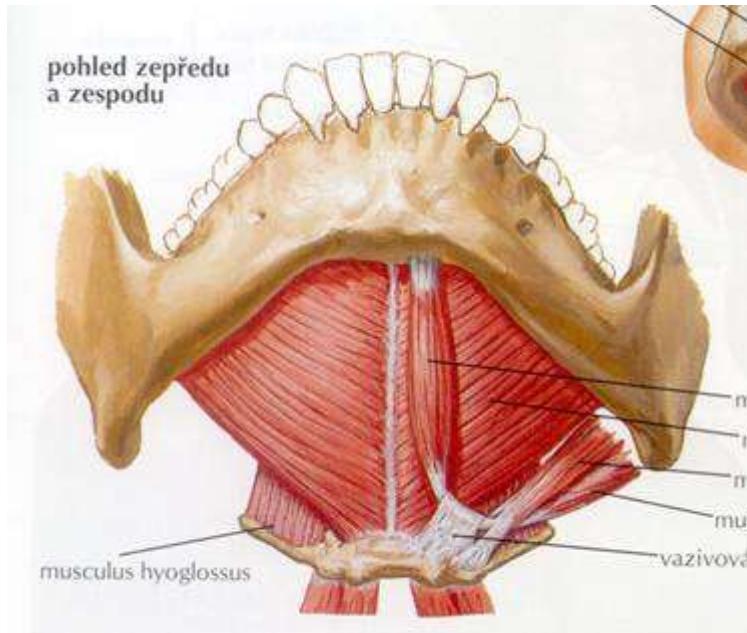
-štěrbiny mezi zuby

(tremata)

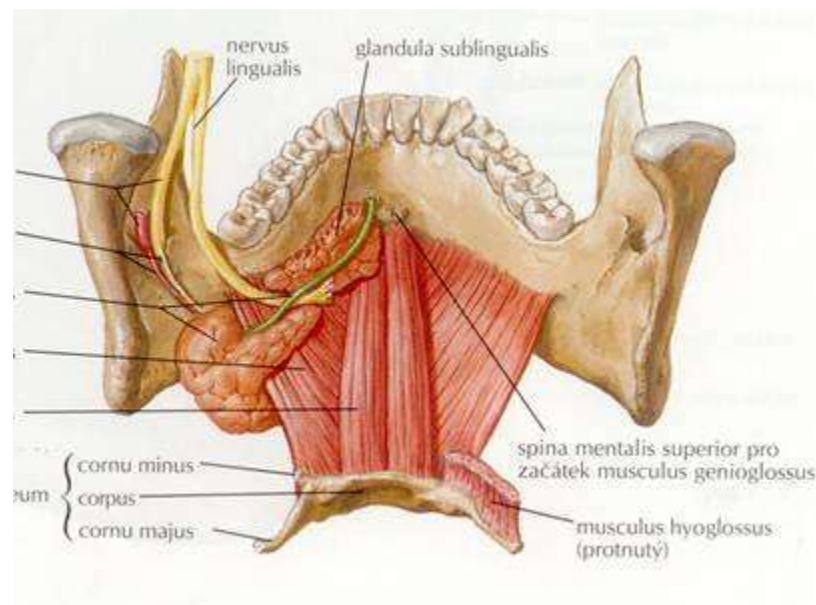
-diastemata



Cavum oris proprium  
dentes  
lingua  
palatum  
tonsilla palatina  
glandulae salivatoriae  
isthmus faucium



# Dutina ústní-spodina



# Cévní a nervové zásobení rtů a tváře

A. facialis → a. labialis sup.& inf.

A. temporalis superficialis → a. transversa faciei

A. maxillaris → a. buccalis

V. facialis

V. transversa faciei → v. retromandibularis

v. faciei profunda → pl. pterygoideus

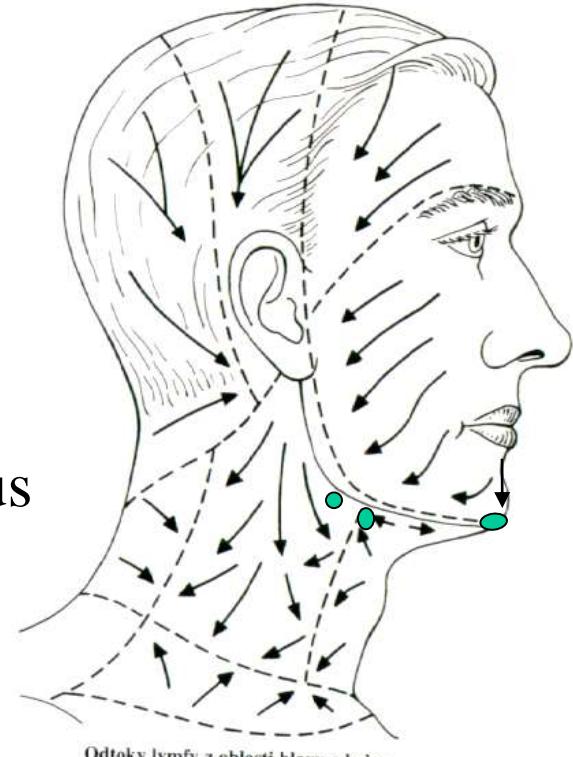
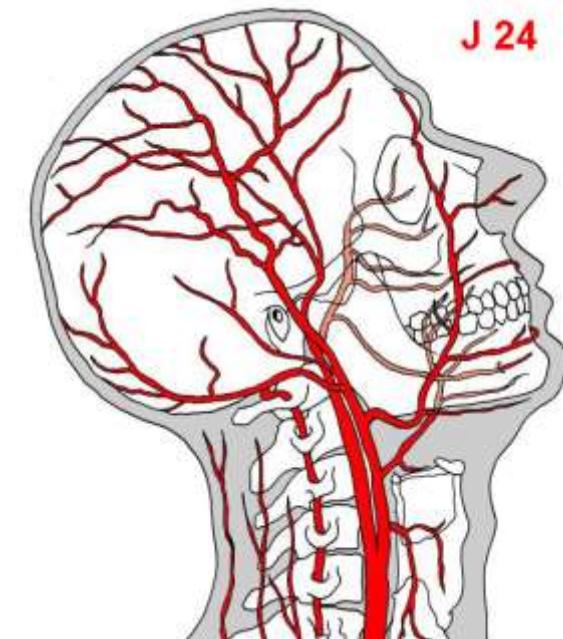
n. l. submentales, submandibulares

## Inervace

senzitivní: n.V/2 → n.infraorbitalis, zygomaticus

                  V/3 → n.mentalís, buccalis

motoricky: n.VII



# Zuby

# Permanentní chrup

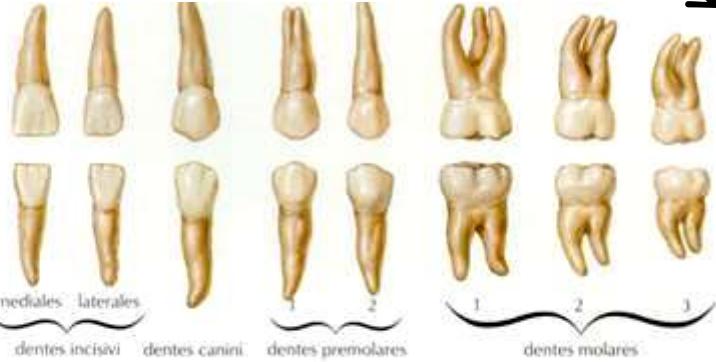
Sklovina+Cement

Dentin

Dřeň

Dřeň

horní levé dentes  
permanentes,  
labiobukální pohled

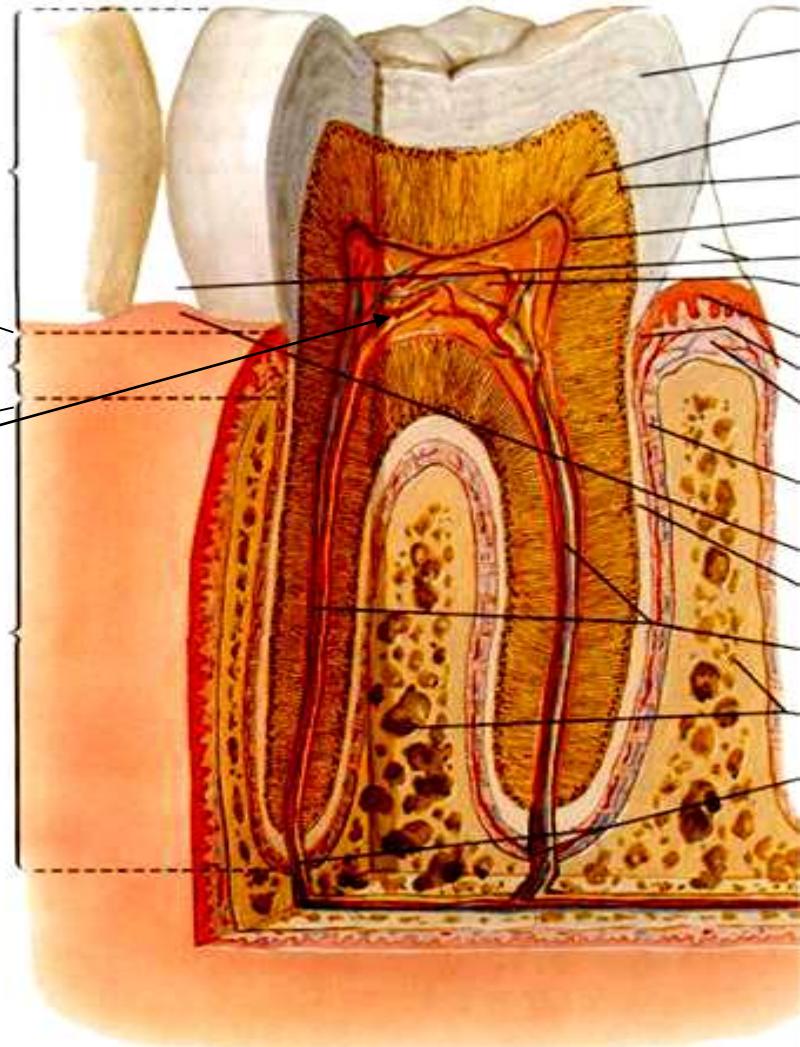


dolní levé dentes  
permanentes,  
labiobukální pohled

Korunka

Krček

Kořen



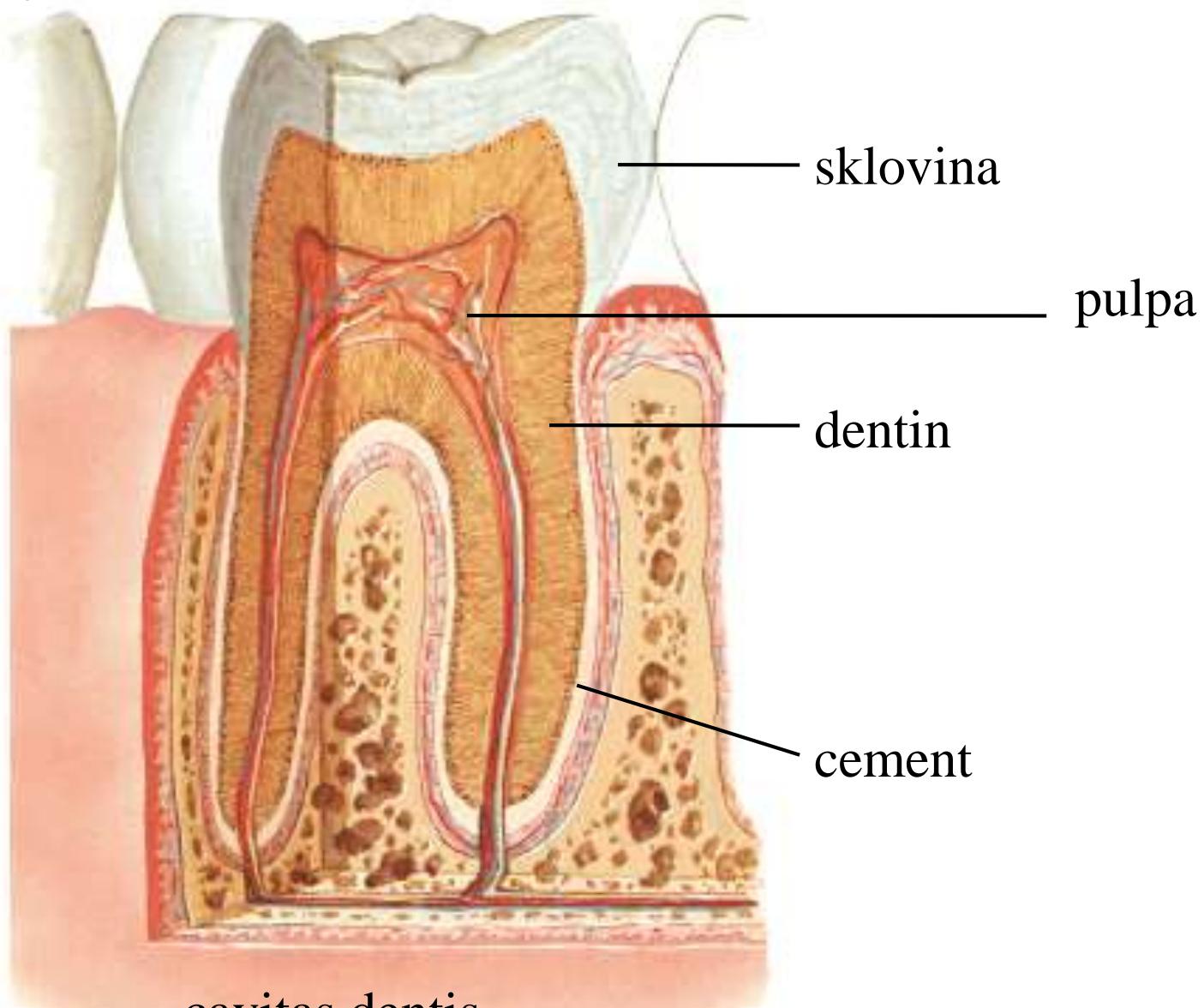
# Stavba zuba

korunka

krček

kořen

apex radicis



sklovina

pulpa

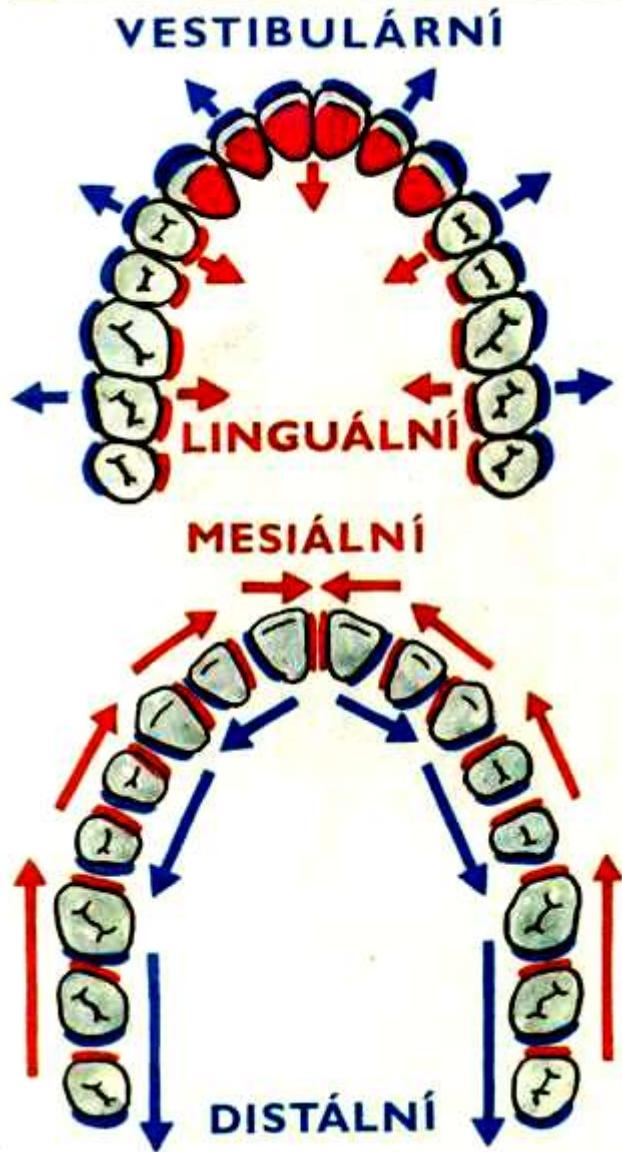
dentin

cement

cavitas dentis

canalis radicis, foramen apicis

# Chrup-směry



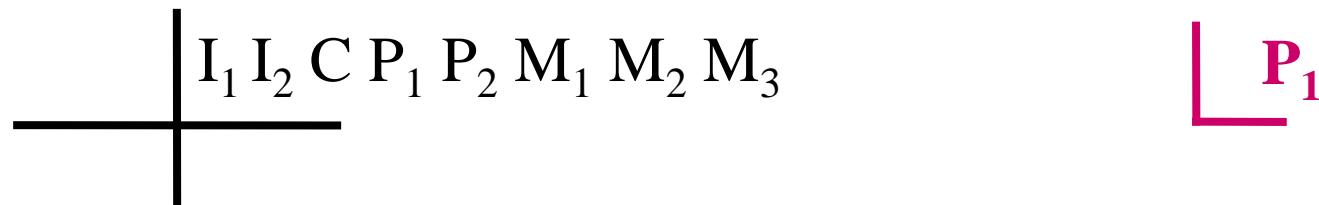
Jednotlivé zuby - liší se tvarem, počtem kousacích hrbolek a kořenů

**Definitivní chrup** = dentes permanentes - 32 zubů ve 4 kvadrantech

1 kvadrant: 2 řezáky (dentes incisivi), 1 špičák (dens caninus),  
2 zuby třenové (dentes praemolares), 3 stoličky (dentes molares)

Značení

a)

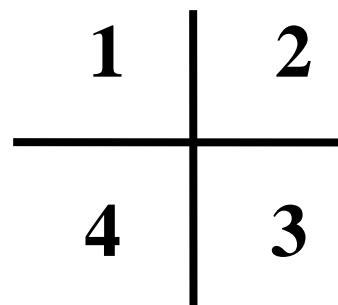


b)



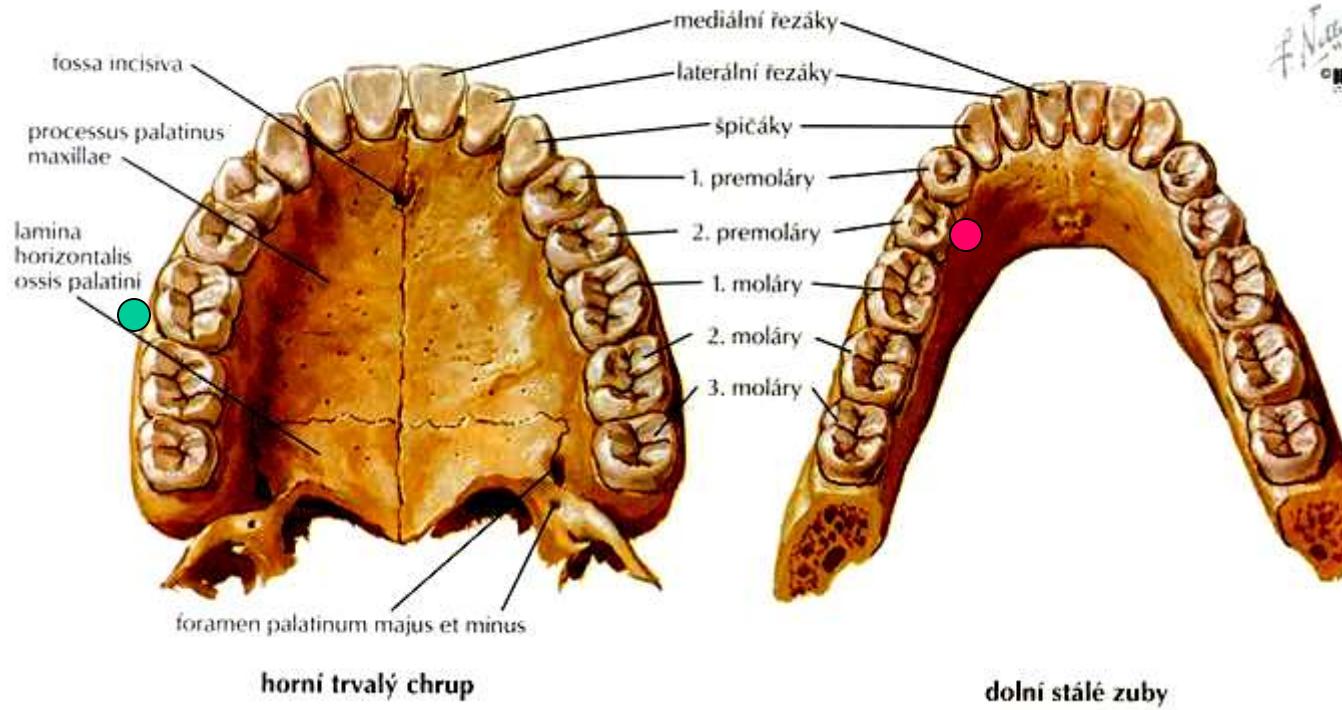
c)

označení kvadrantů



24

Pohled na pacienta, 1. je pravý horní a pak po směru hodin



● M1 16

● P2 35

<b>zub</b>	<b>kousací hrbolky</b>	<b>kořeny</b>
I	řezací hrana	1
C	2 šikmé hrany → 1	1
P	2	1 (2)
M - horní	4 ; rýhy do tvaru „H“	3
- dolní	4 (5) ; rýhy do kříže	2



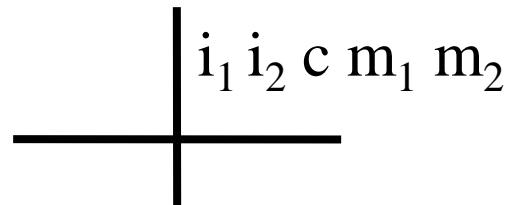
**Dočasný chrup** = dentes decidui, lactei, temporales

20 zubů ve 4 kvadrantech

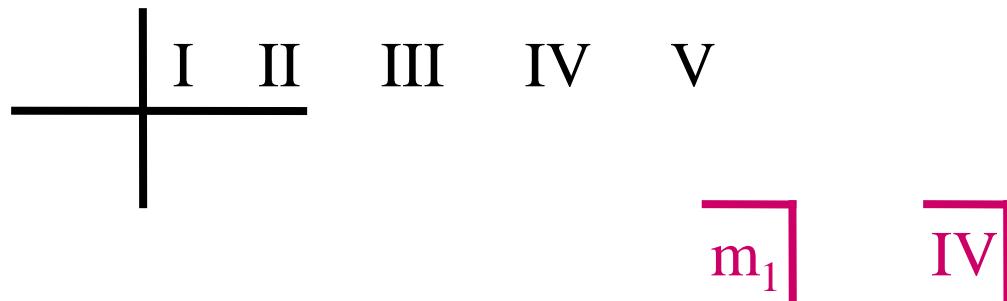
1 kvadrant: 2 řezáky (dentes incisivi), 1 špičák (dens caninus),  
2 stoličky (dentes molares) ; zuby třenové nejsou vytvořeny

Značení

a)

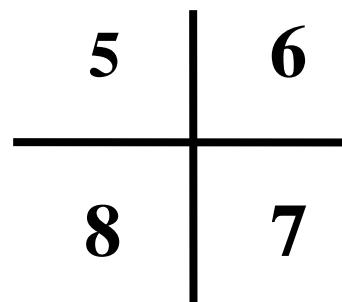


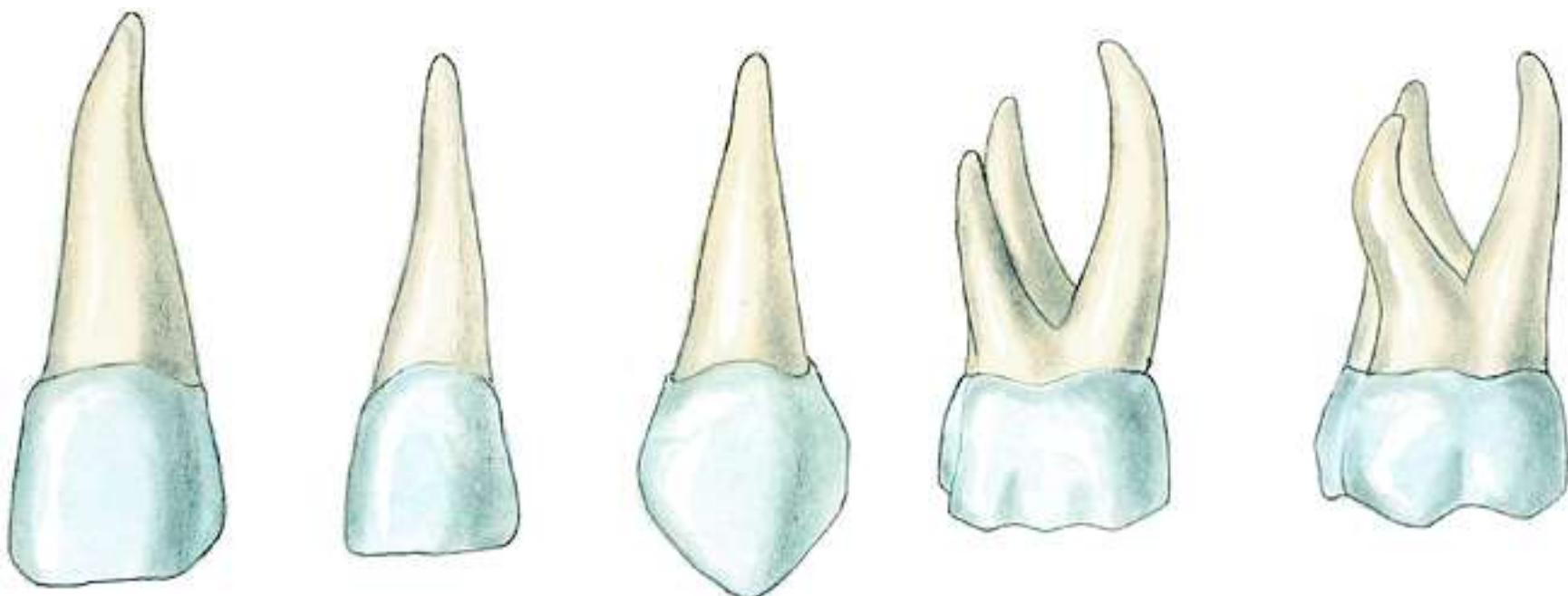
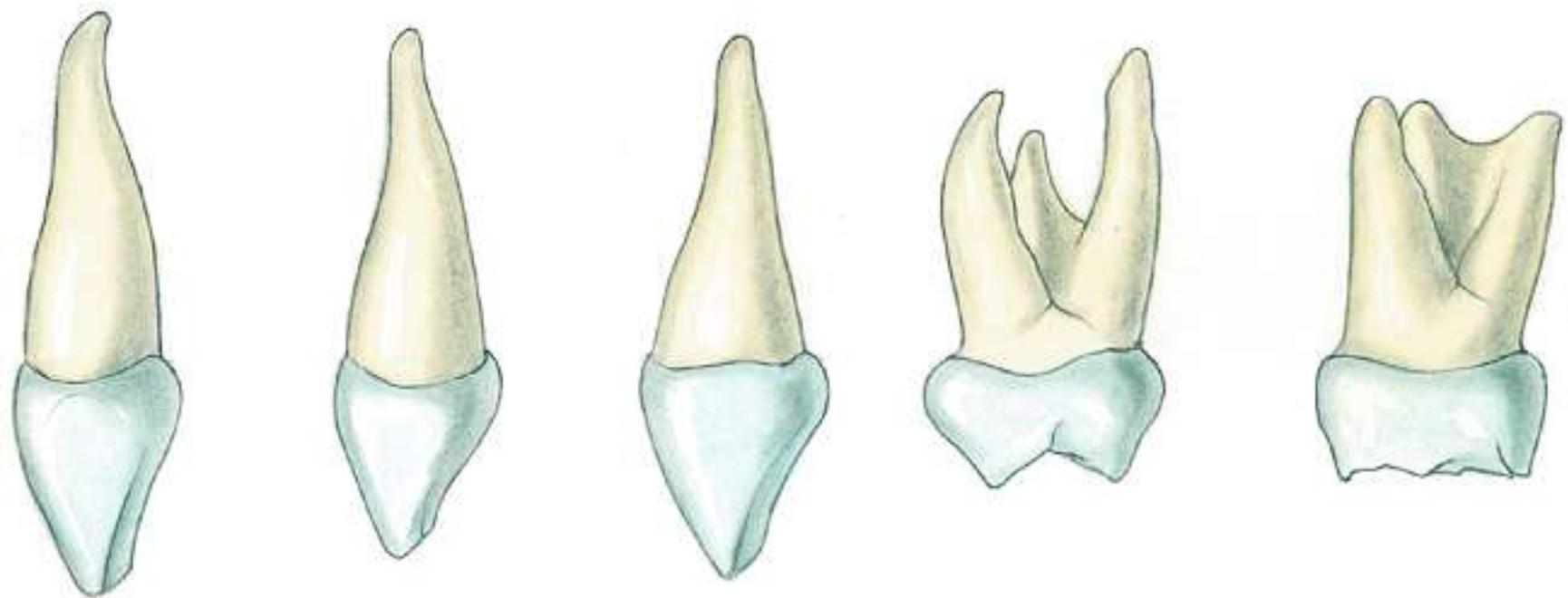
b)

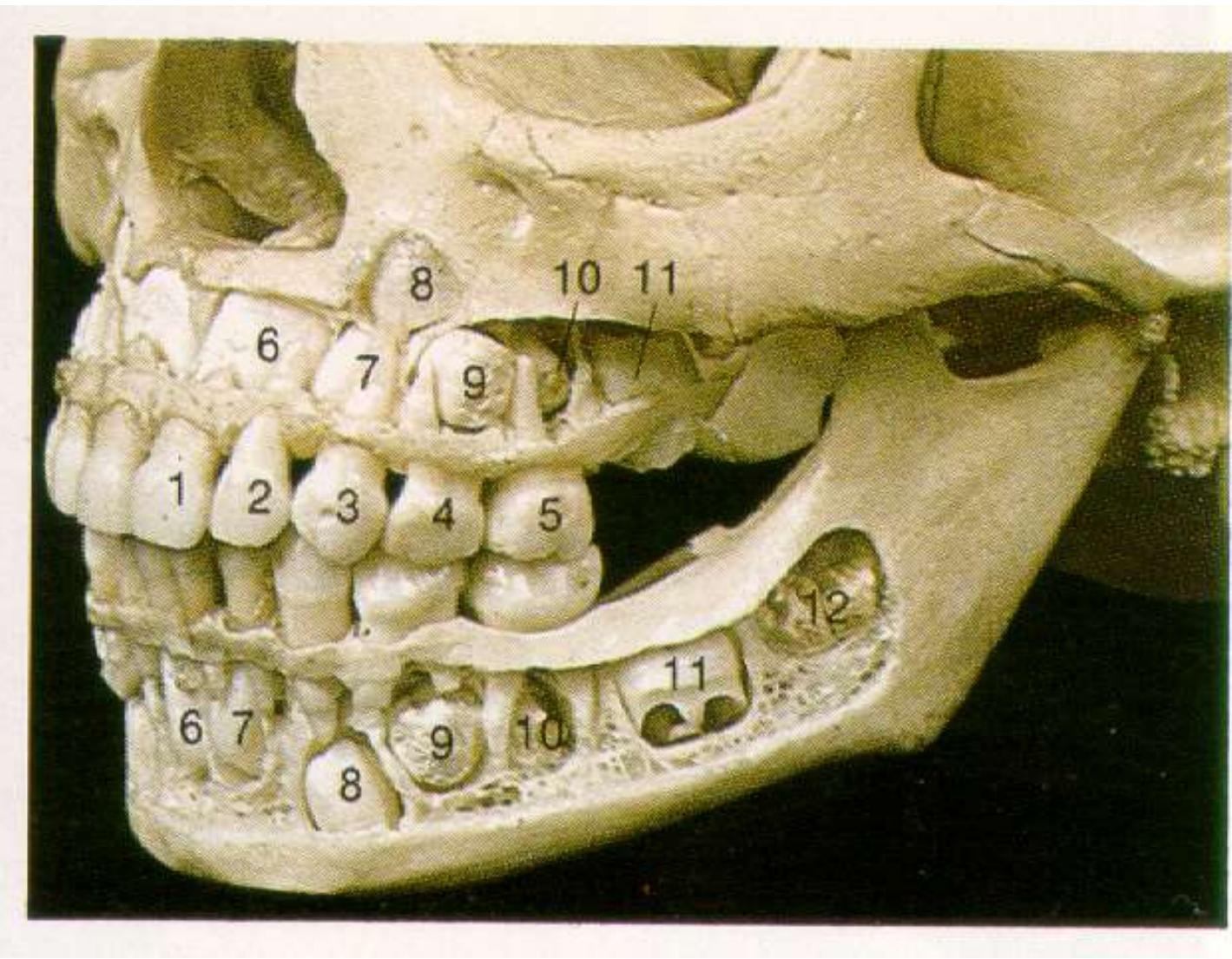


c)

označení kvadrantů







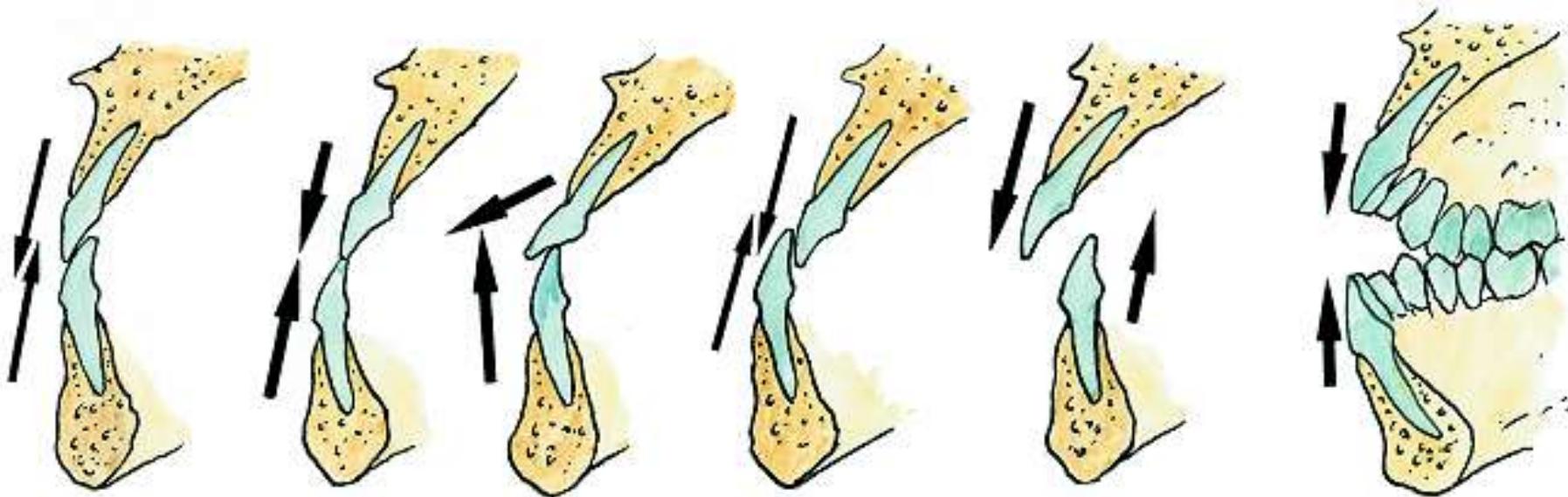
# **Erupce**

		$M_1$	6 - 8 R
i <sub>1</sub>	6.-8.M	I <sub>1</sub>	6 - 7 R
i <sub>2</sub>	7.-12.M (horní dřív)	I <sub>2</sub>	7 - 9 R
m <sub>1</sub>	12.-16.M	P <sub>1</sub>	9 - 11 R
c	15.-20.M	C	9 - 14 R
m <sub>2</sub>	20.-30.M	P <sub>2</sub>	11 - 14 R
		M <sub>2</sub>	10 - 15 R
		$M_3$	17 - 30 R

Zubní věk - dle erupce

- dle dalšího vývoje zuba (abraze, sekundární dentin)

# Chrup jako celek – druhy skusu



1                    2                    3                    4                    5                    6

1 – nůžkovitý (psalidodontie, nejčastější)

2 – klešťovitý (labidodontie)

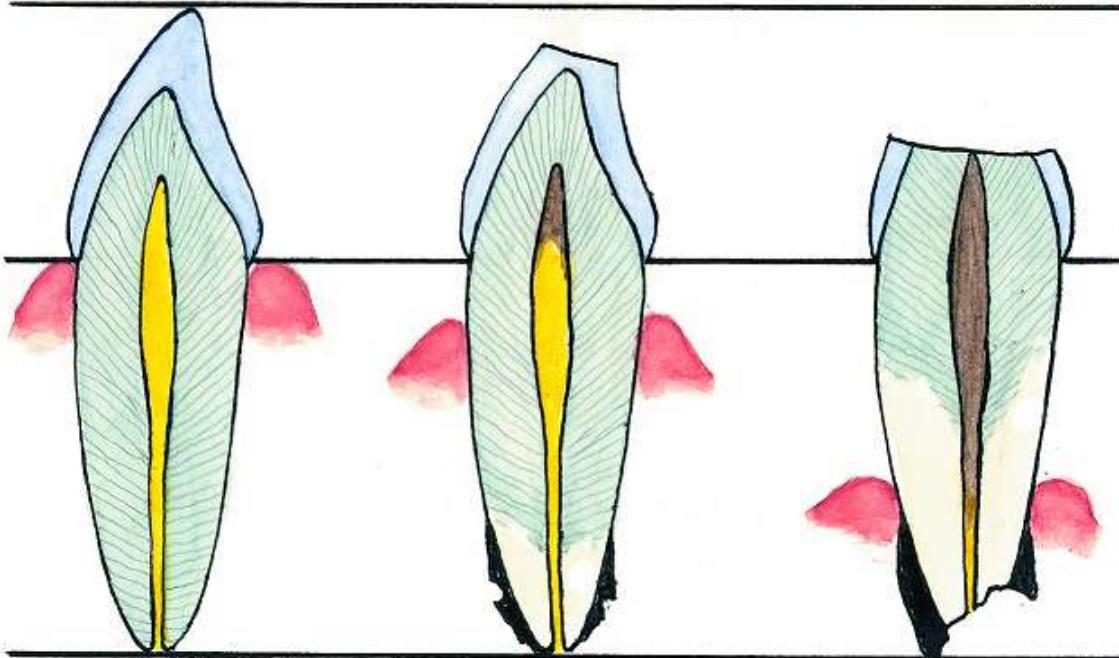
3 – střechovitý (stegodontie)

4 – progenie

5 – opisthodontie

6 – otevřený skus

# Chrup jako celek – opotřebení zubů



abraze =  
obrušování skloviny

gingivální recese =  
ústup dásně z krčku

# Cévní a nervové zásobení zubů

n.V/2 rr.alveolares sup. post.

rr.alveolares sup. ant.

n.V/3 n. alveolaris inf.

plexus dent. (sup., inf.)

rr. dentales, gingivales

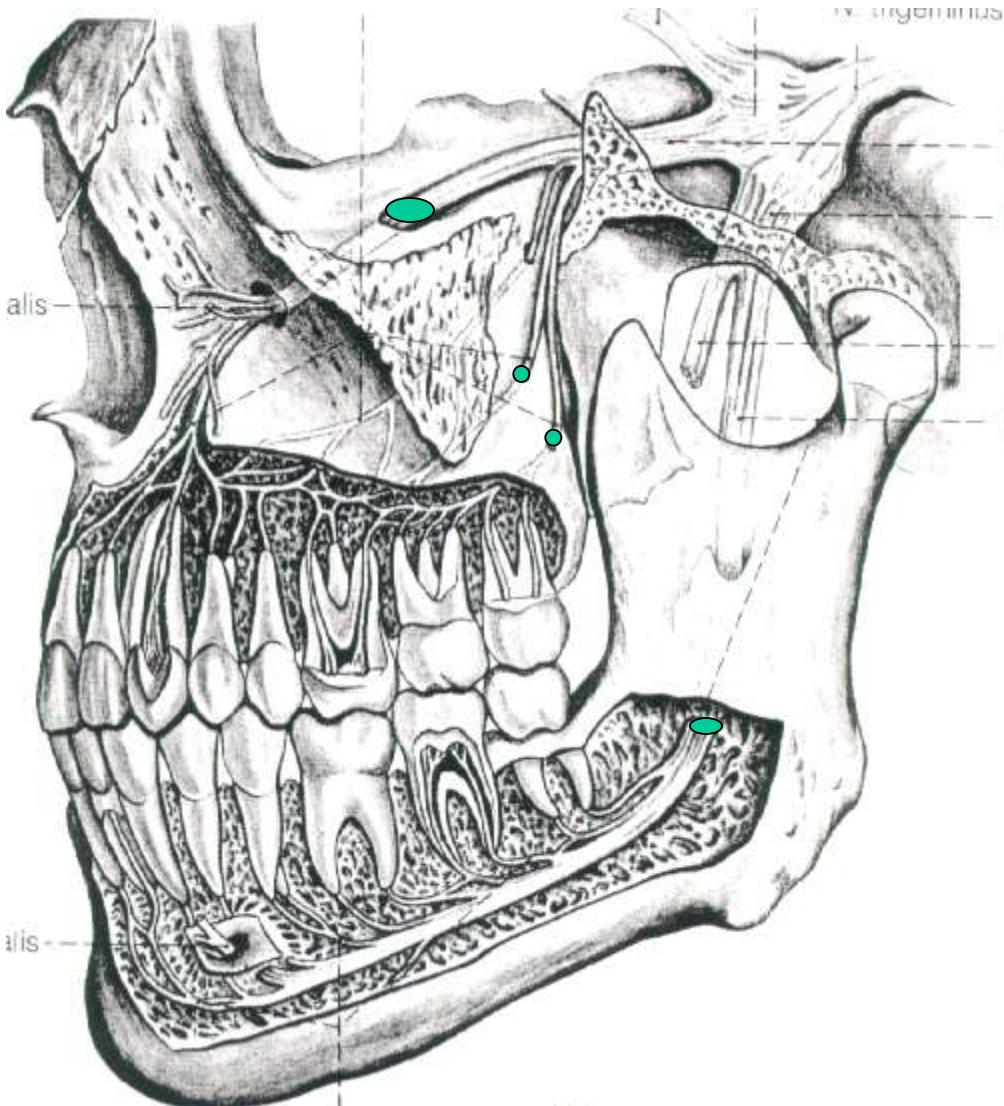
aa. alveolares sup. post.

aa. alveolares sup. ant.

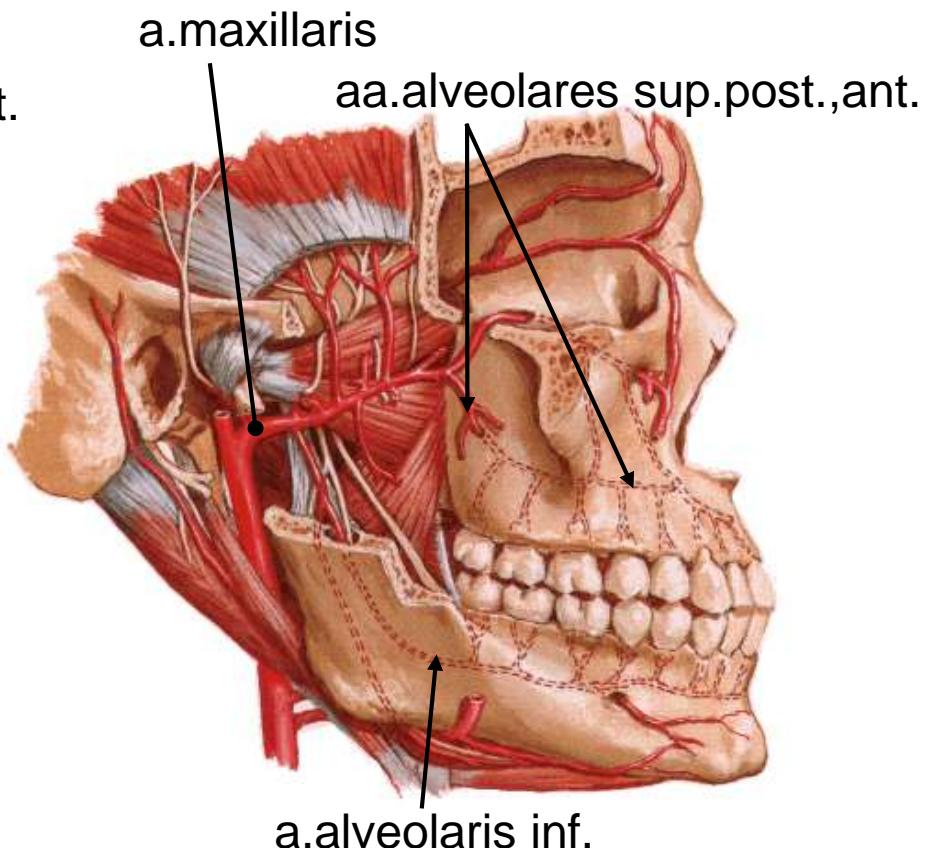
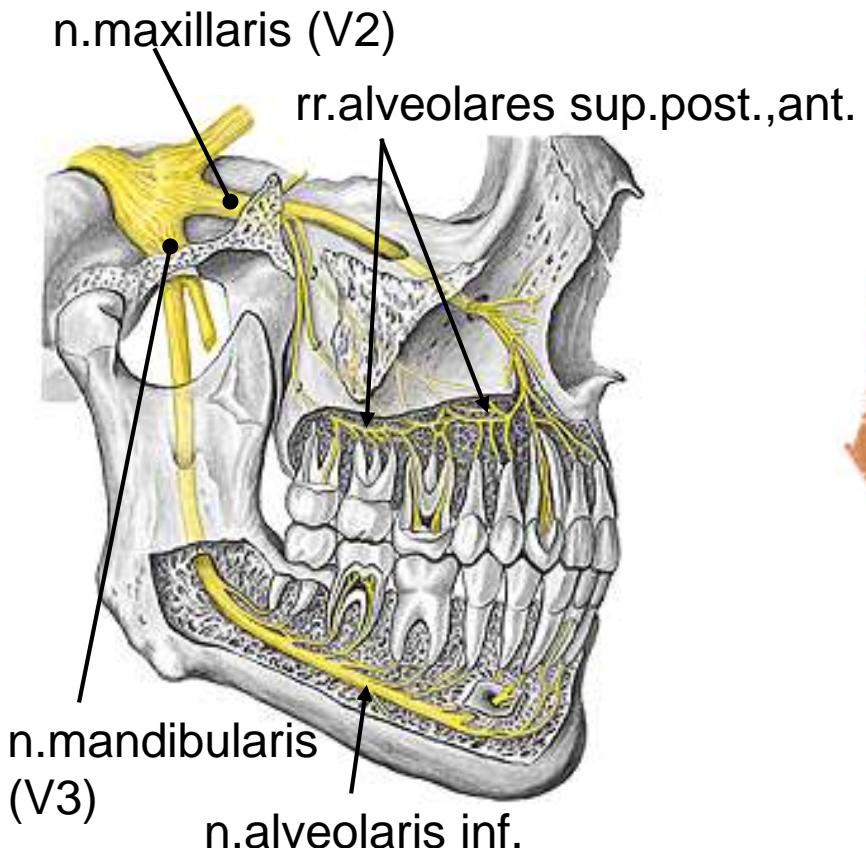
a. alveolaris inf.

vv. - podél tepen do  
plexus pterygoideus

ln. submandibulares (x M<sub>3</sub>)

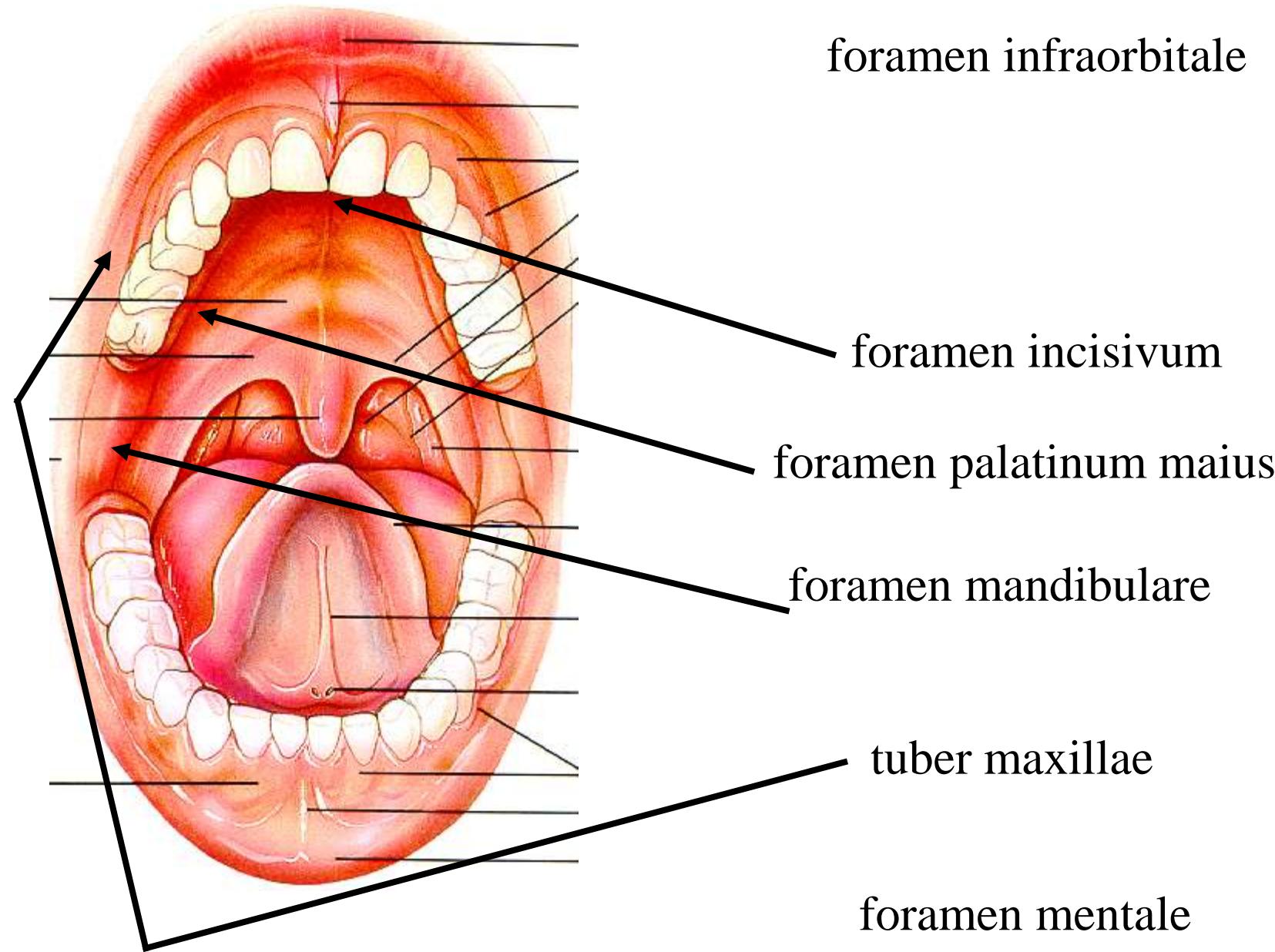


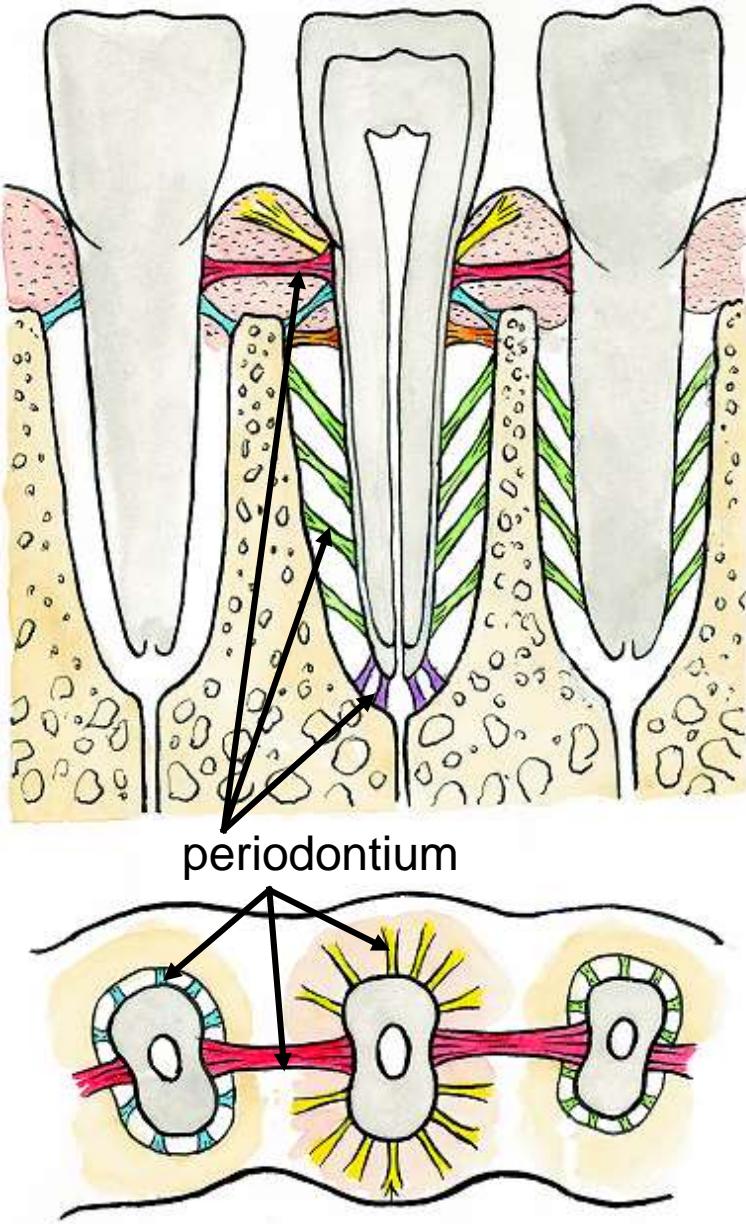
# Cévy a nervy zubů



žíly - podél tepen do plexus  
pterygoideus  
lymfa do nodi submandibulares

# Svodné anestezie





# Parodont

- zajišťuje upevnění zuba v čelisti

**Součásti :**

kost alveolu s periostem

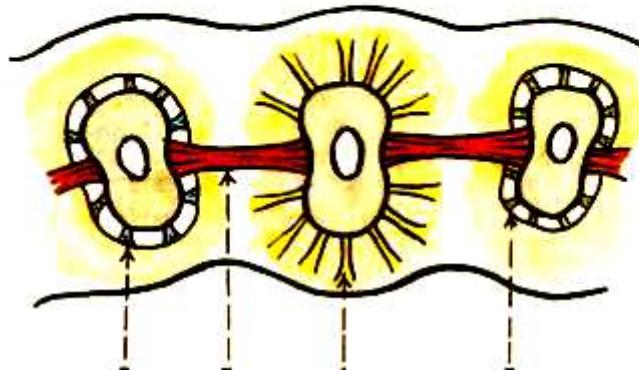
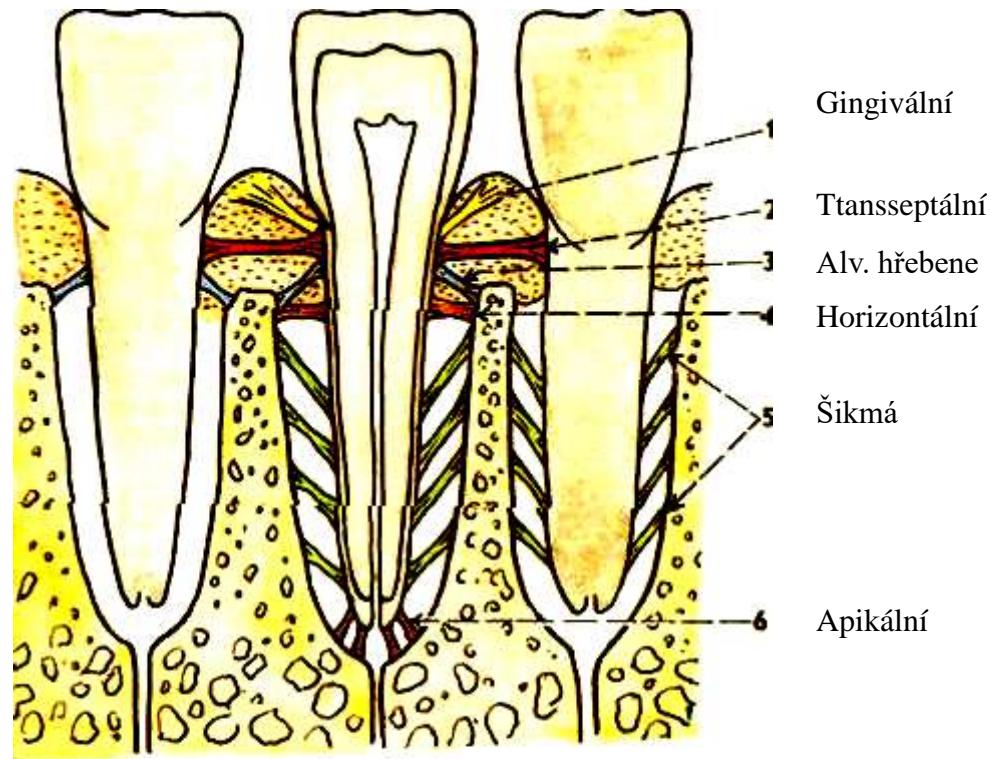
cement

periodontium, ozubice (závěsný vazivový aparát; vlákna mají různý směr)

Lig.circulare, lig. horizontale, alveolární vlákna

gingiva, dáseň (sliznice na alveolárních výběžcích; srůstá s periostem = mukoperiost)

# Fixace



# Gingiva - dáseň

= sliznice kryjící alveolární výběžky

srostlá s periostem → mukoperiost

margo gingivalis, sulcus gingivalis, papillae gingivales

Gingivodentální uzávěr tvorí:

epitel dásně - sklovina

kolagenní vazivo dásně - cement

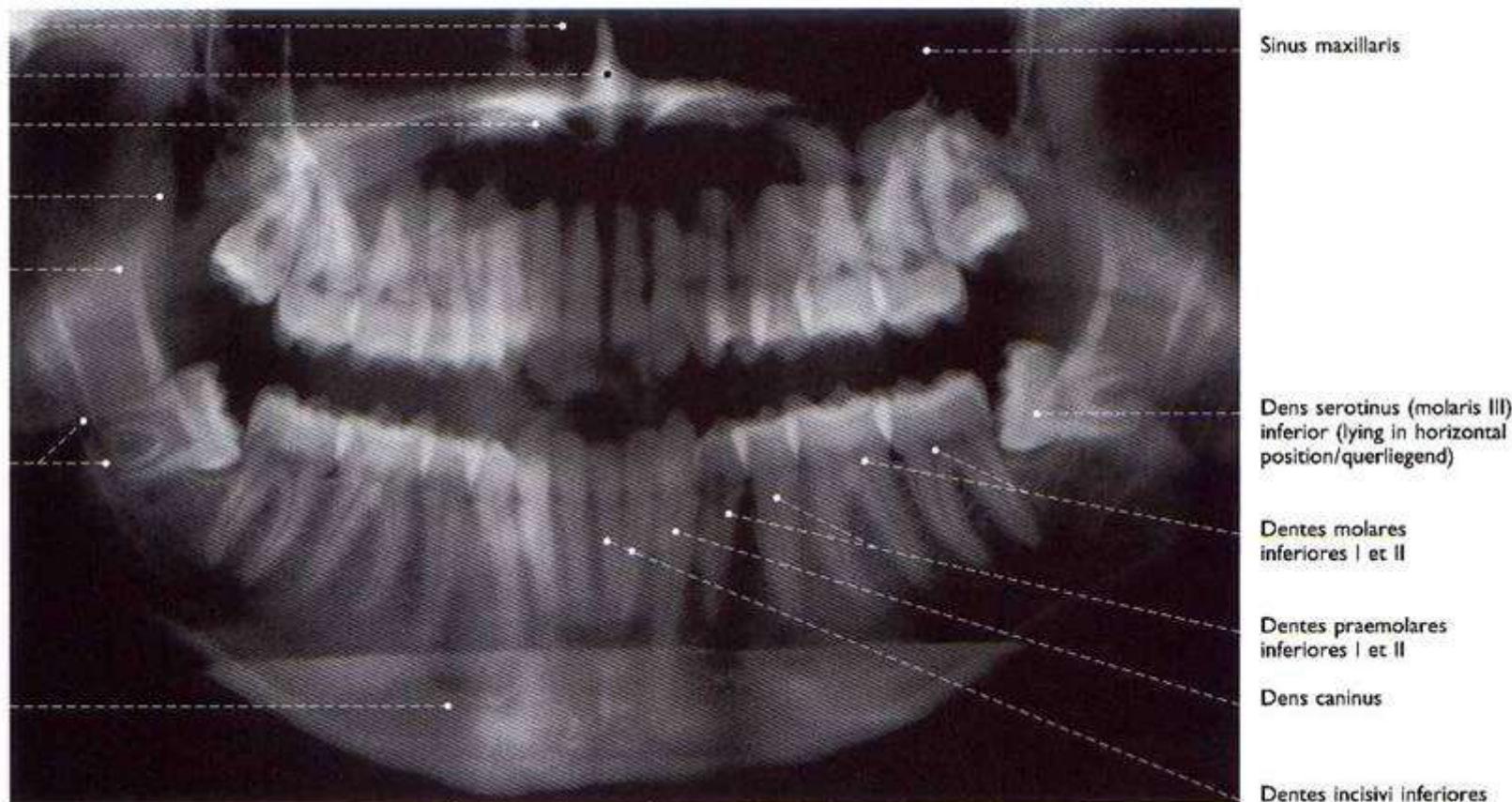
- brání vniku infekce

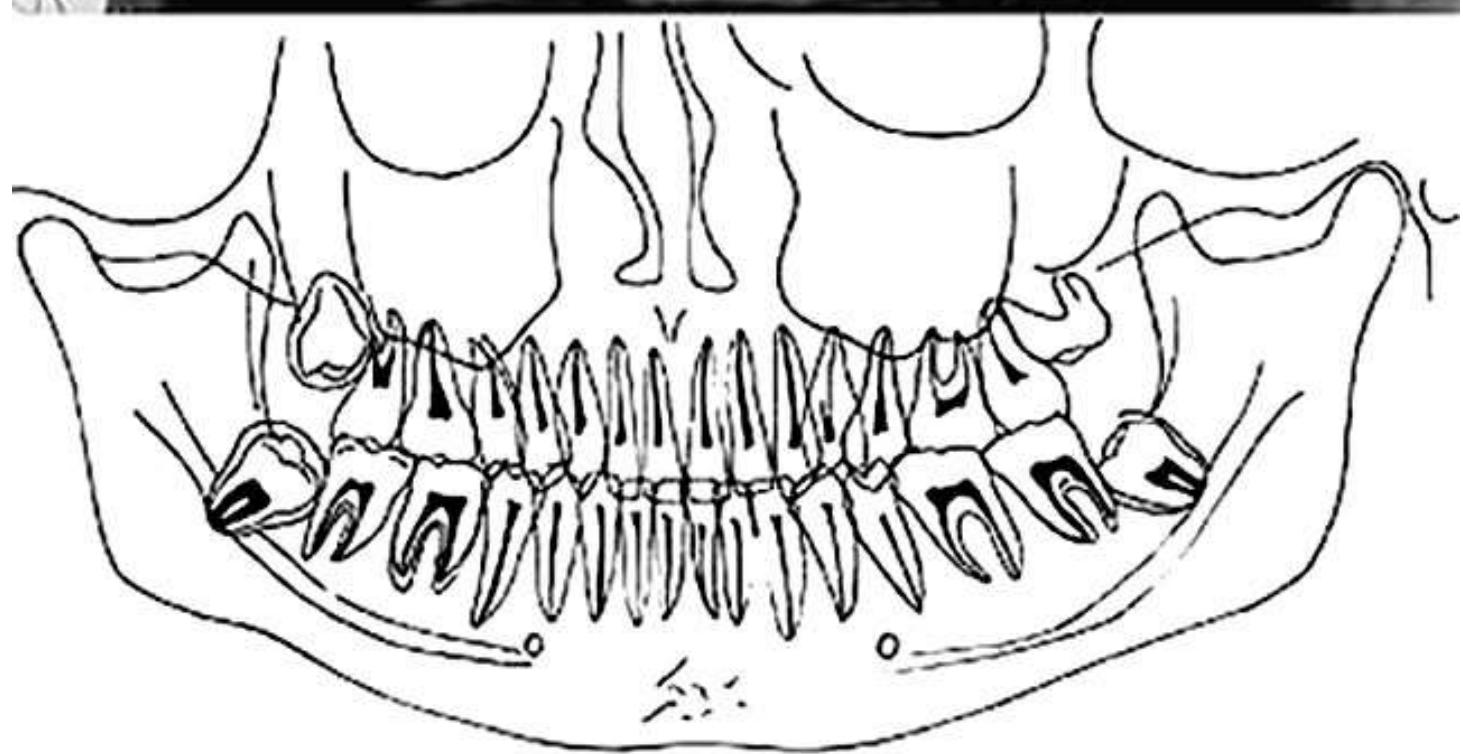
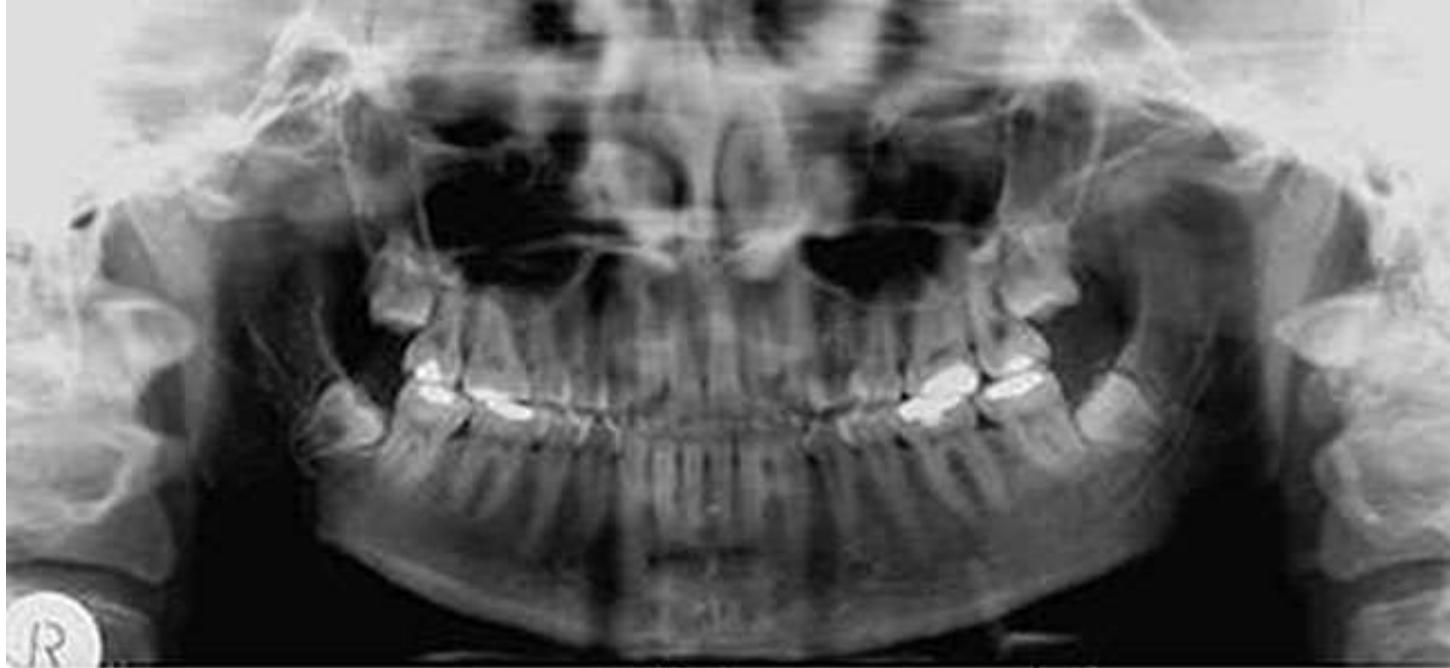
- porucha → parodontóza

Tepny - viz zuby

Žíly - viz zuby, spodina úst, tvář

Nervy - viz zuby, patro, spodina, tvář a rty





Lingua-Glossa

Jazyk

Tongue

# Jazyk - lingua (latinsky), glossa (řecky)

valleculae

plicae glossoepiglotticae

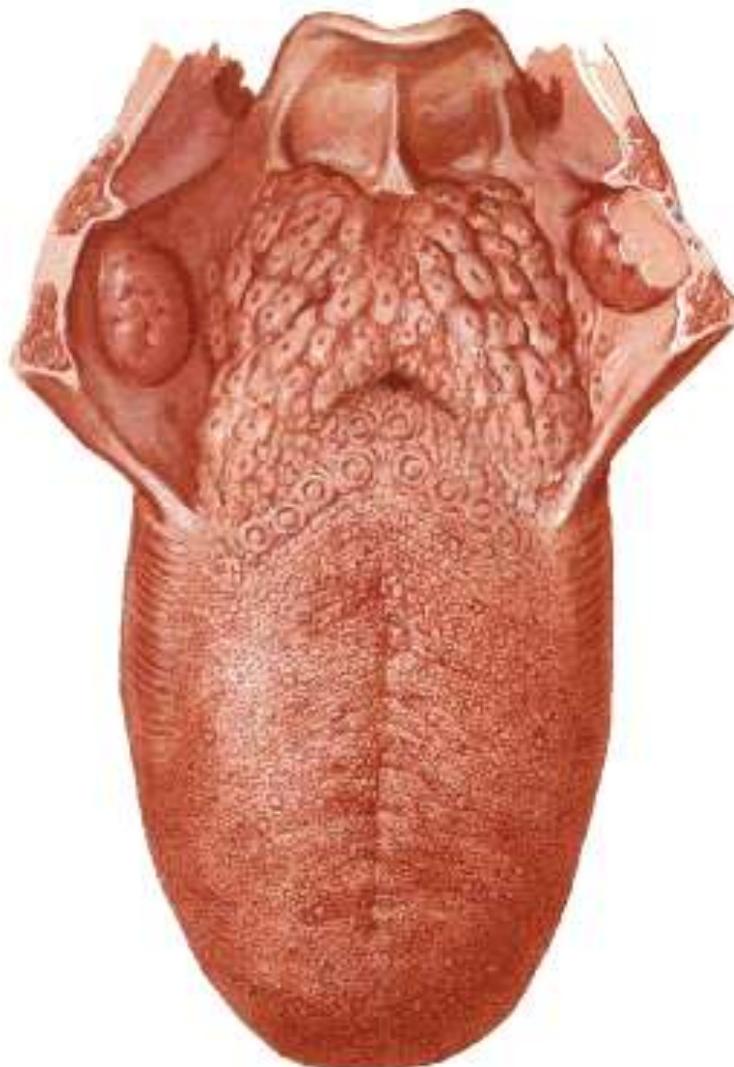
radix

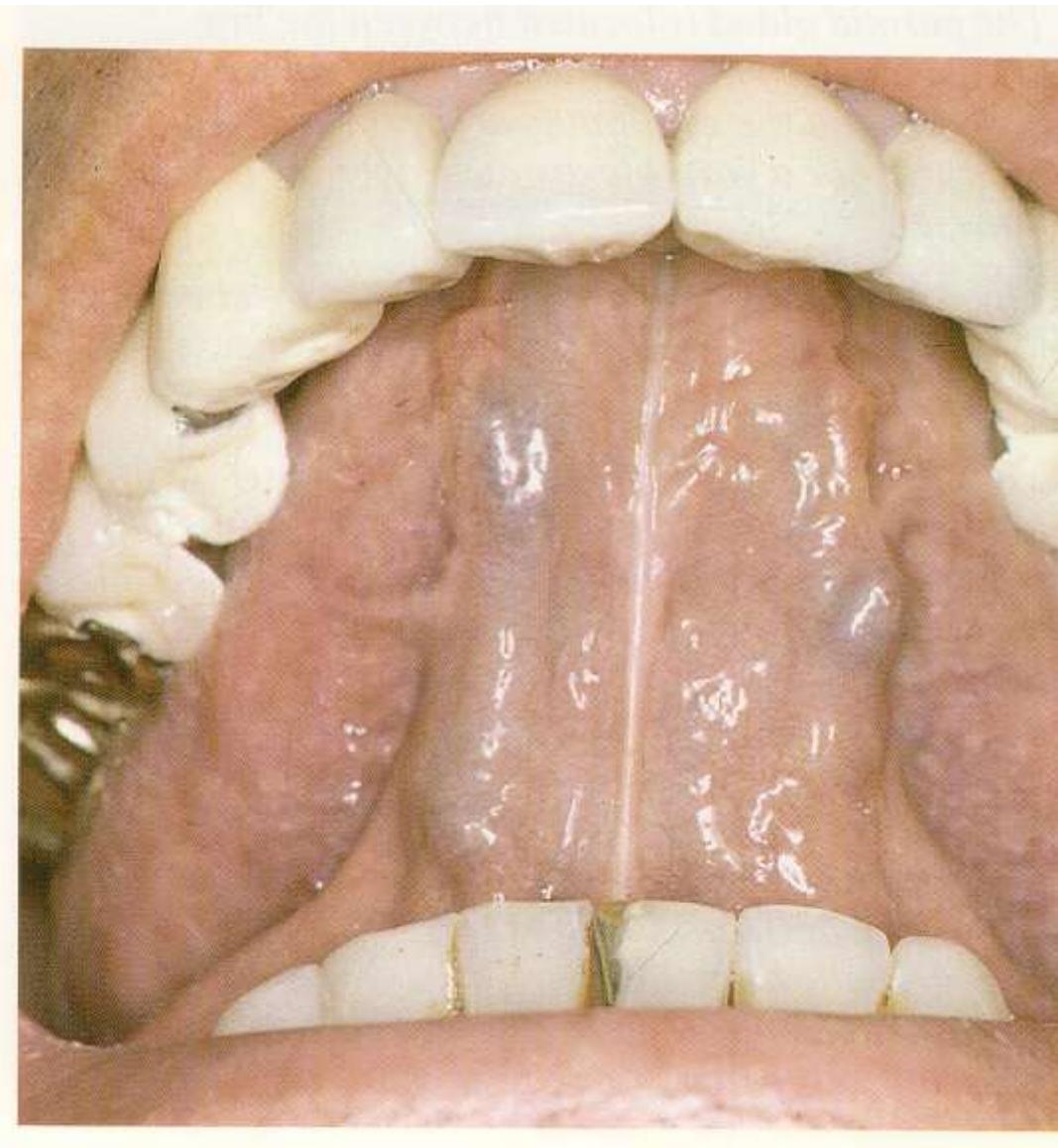
sulcus terminalis

corpus

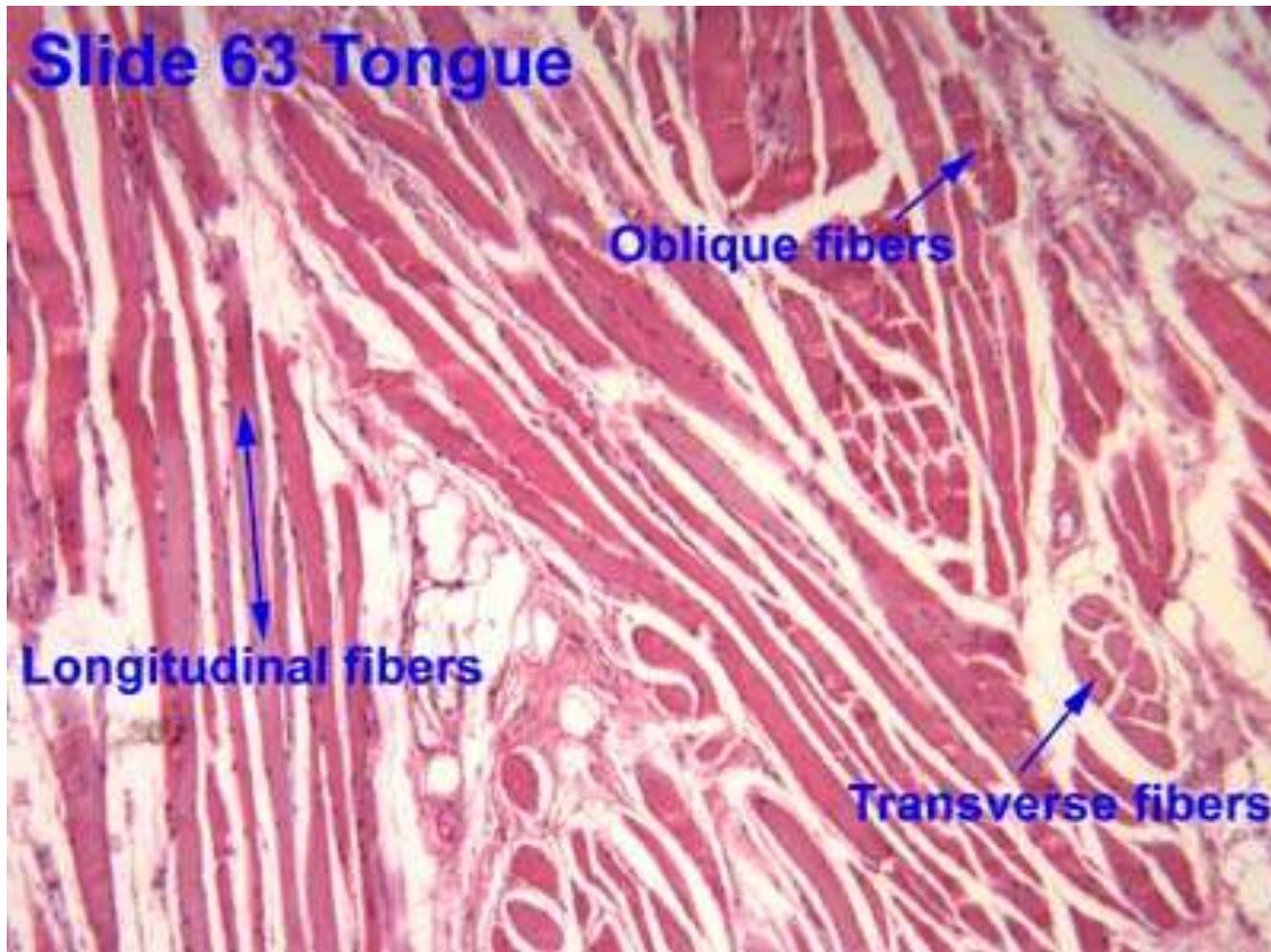
dorsum

apex





# Intraglosální svaly



# Svaly jazyka

Skelet jazyka - tvar písmene T

aponeurosis linguae, septum linguae

## Intraglossální svaly:

trojrozměrná síť, dle směru:

m. longitudinalis sup., inf.

m. transversus linguae

m. verticalis linguae

## Extraglossální svaly:

m. genioglossus

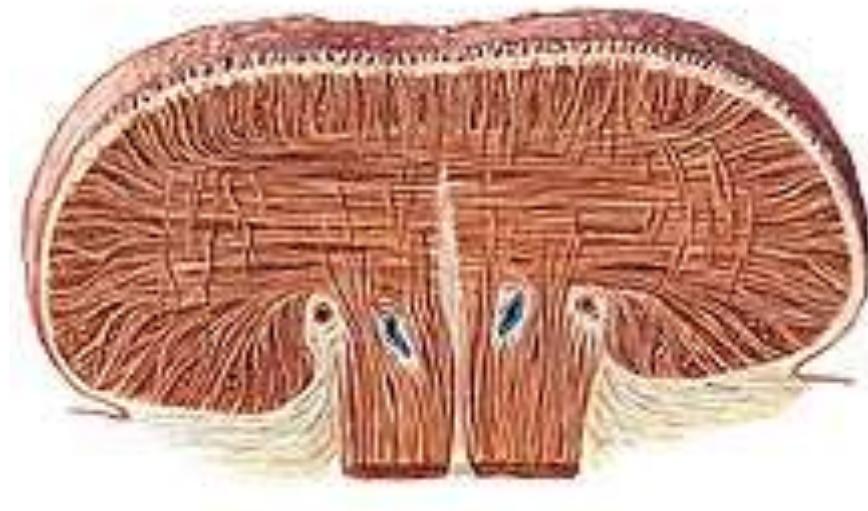
m. hyoglossus

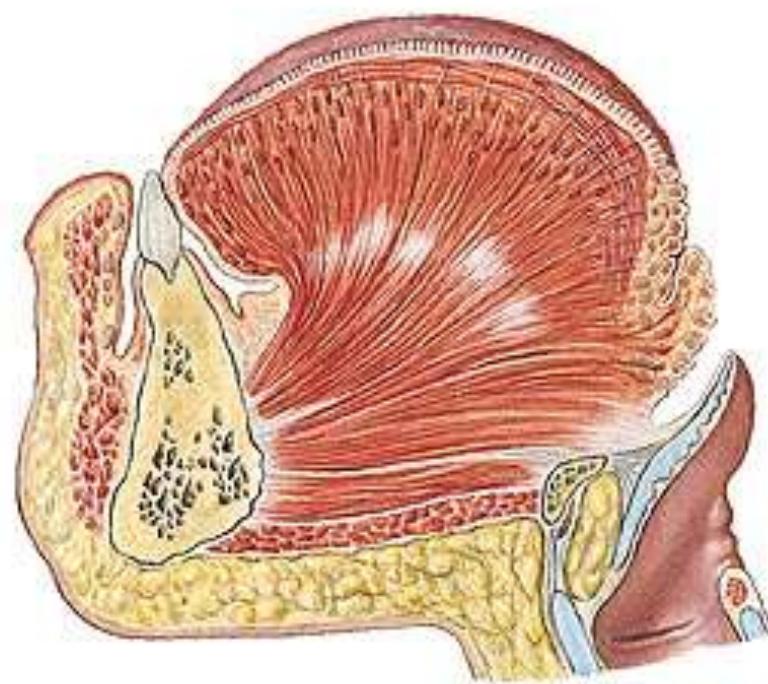
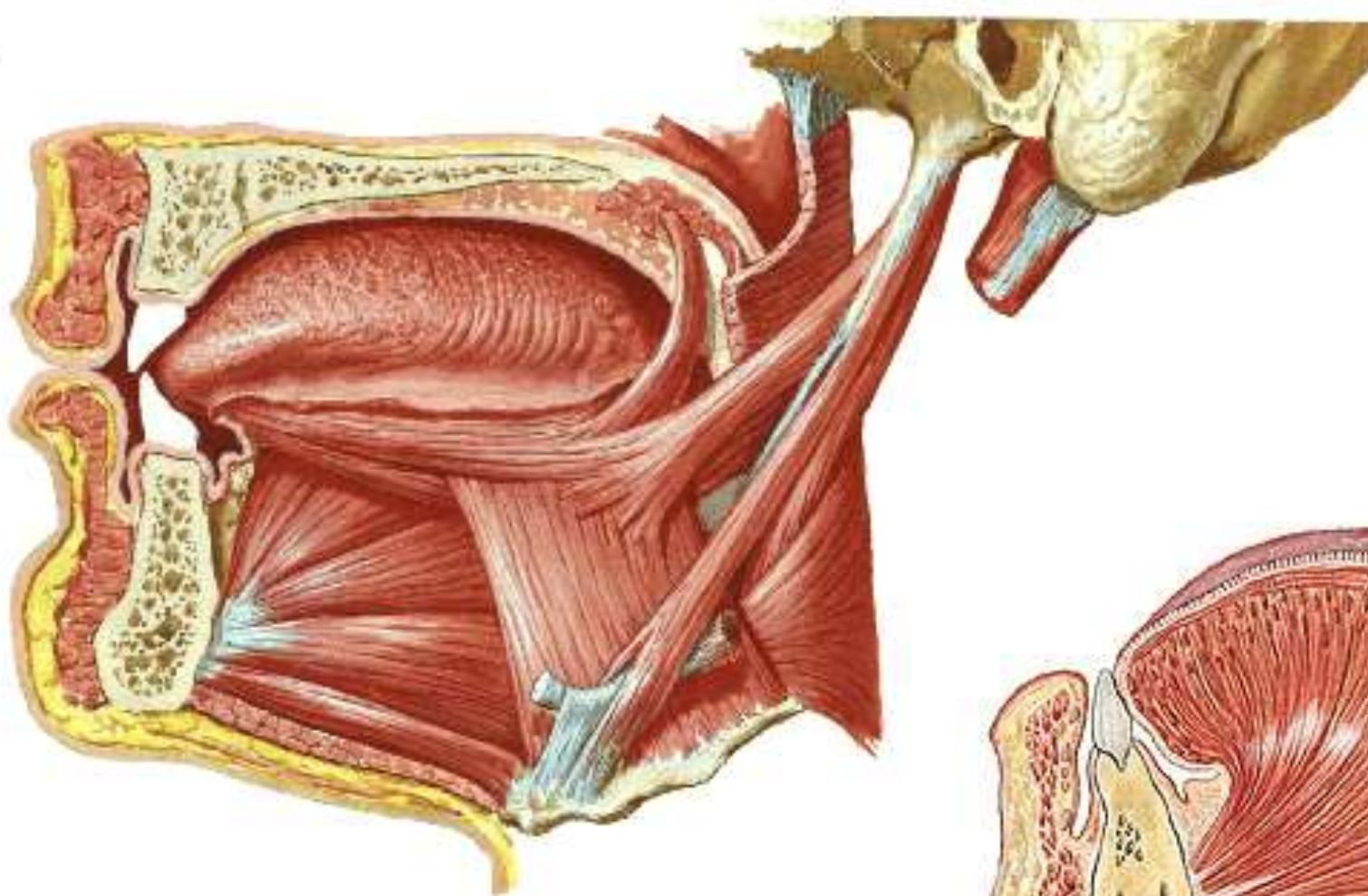
m. styloglossus

m. palatoglossus

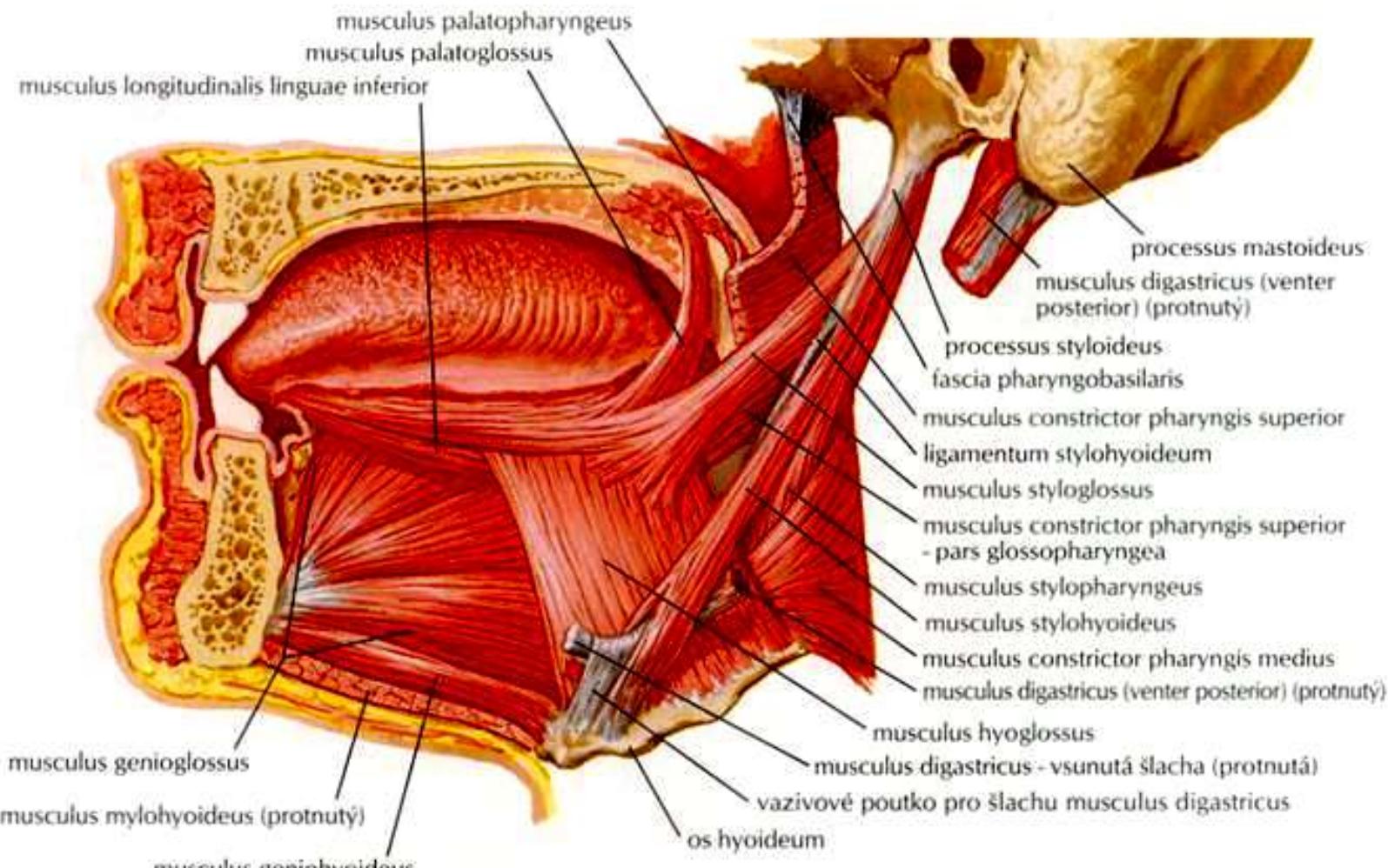
**inervace - n.XII**

mimo m.palatoglossus (IX)

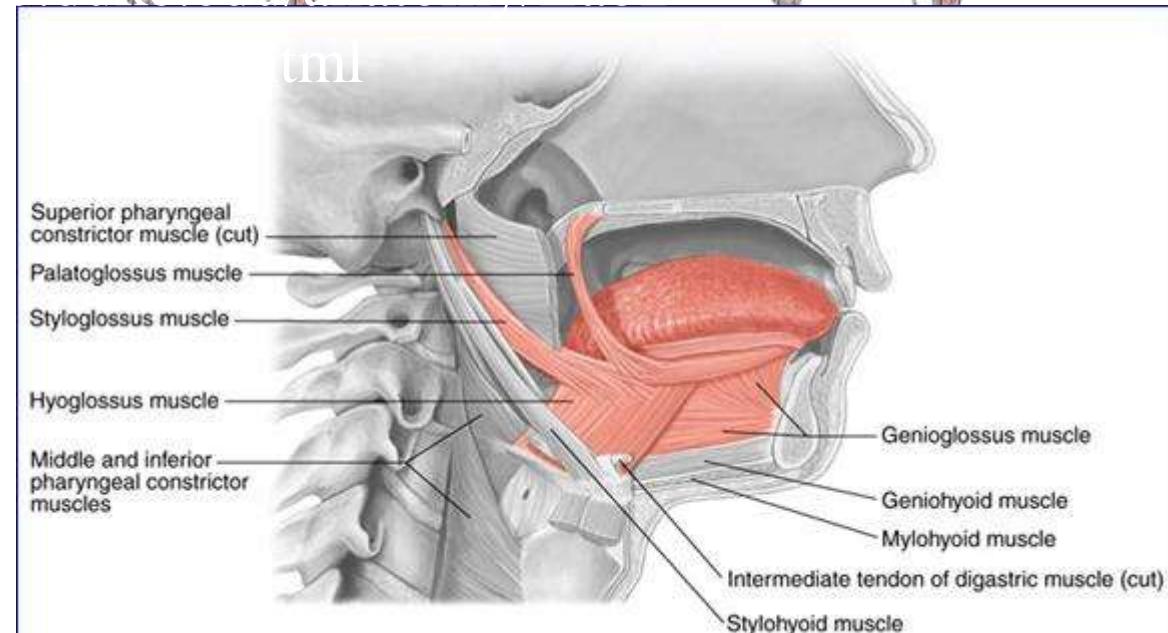
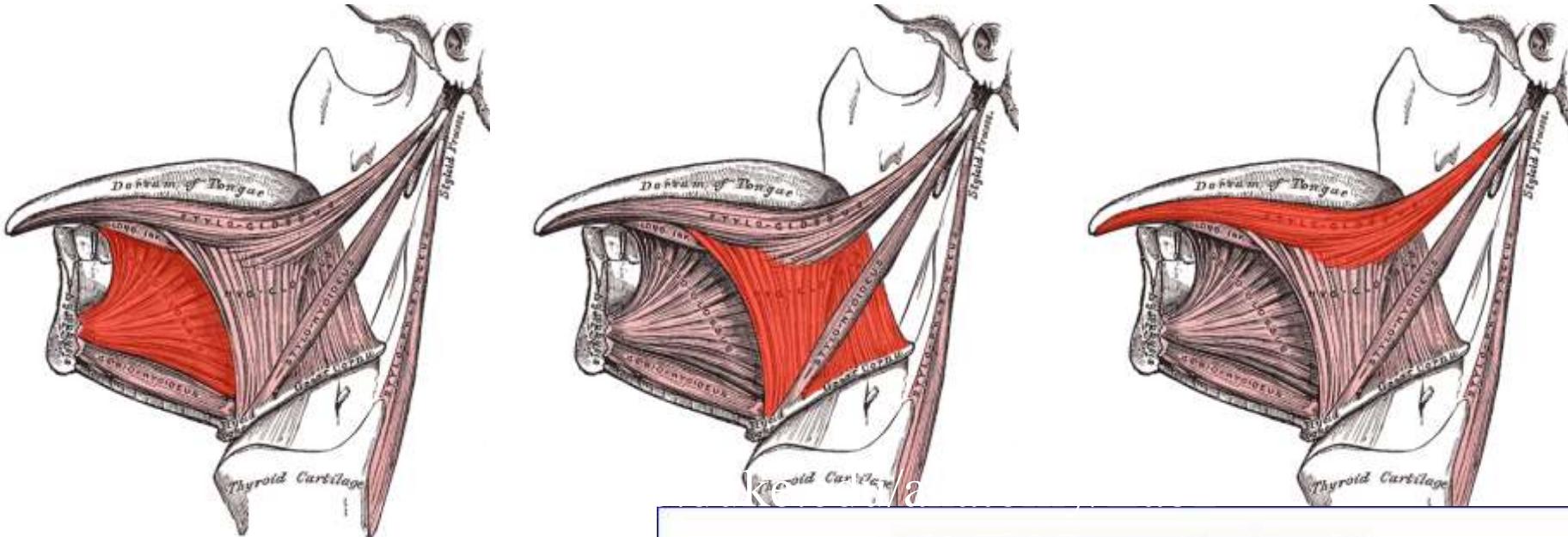


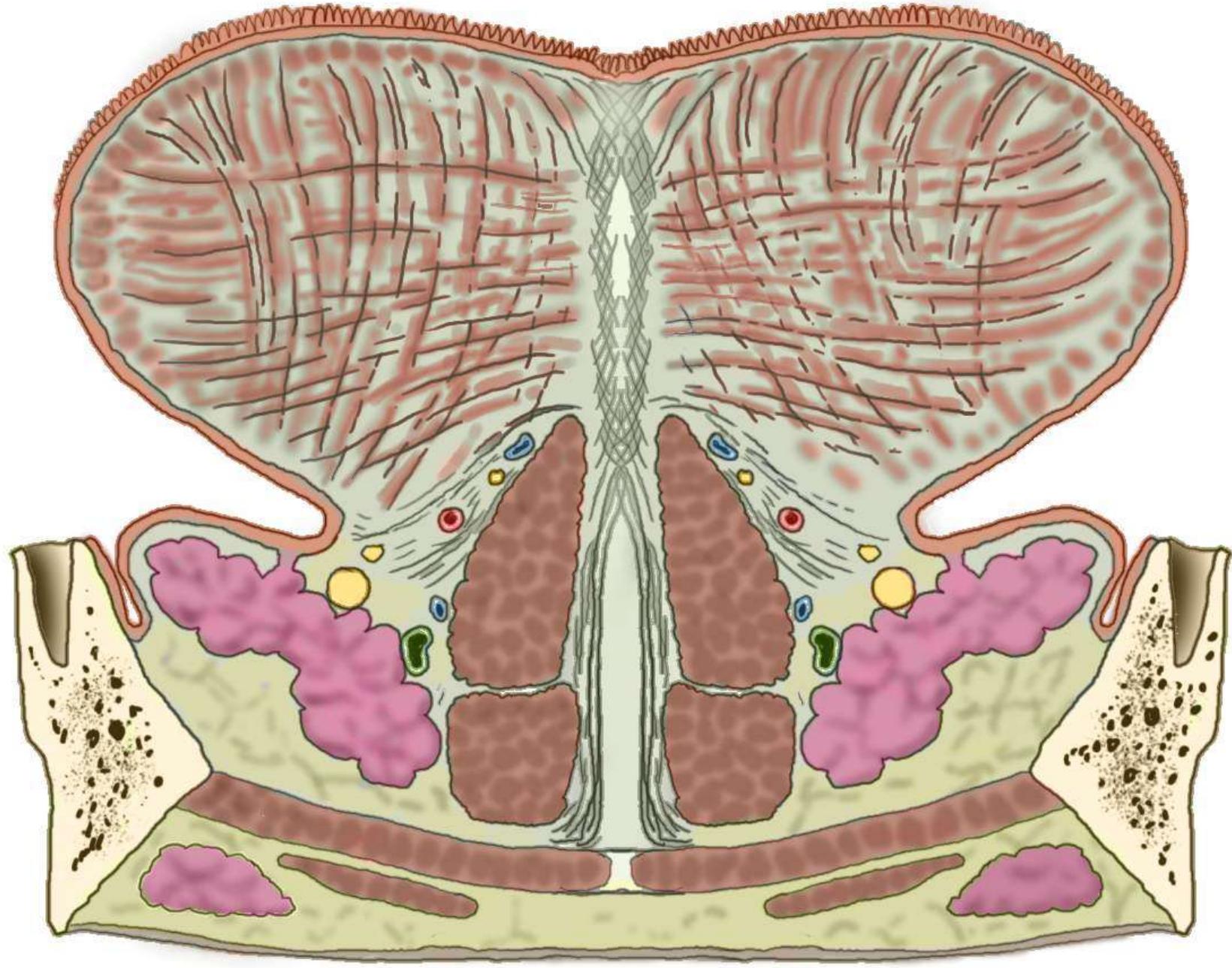


# Extraglosální svaly

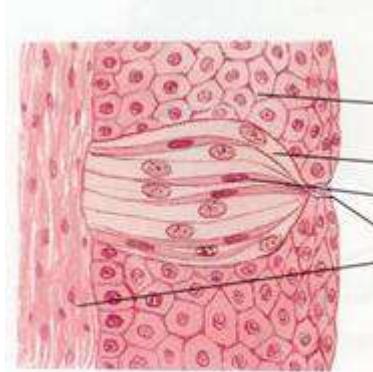
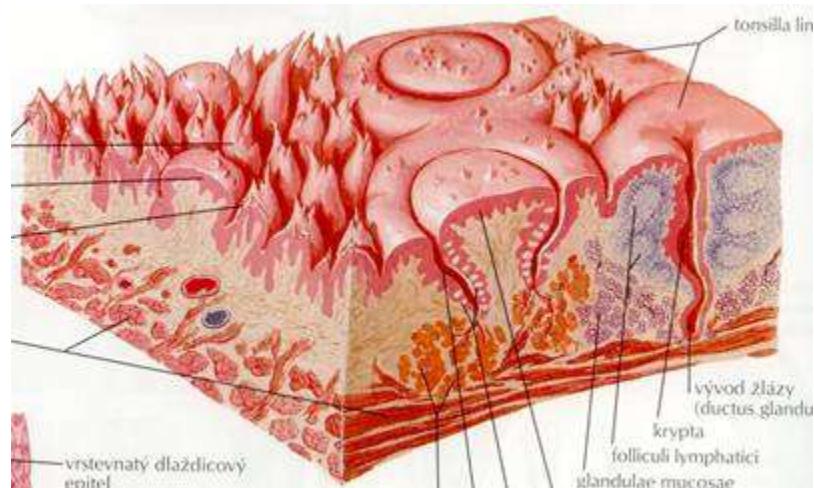
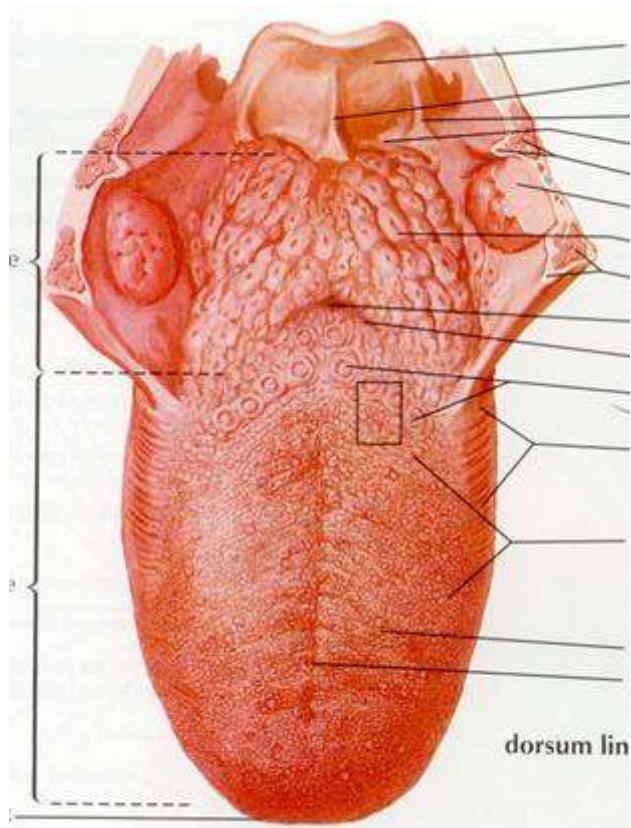


# Extrinsic muscles



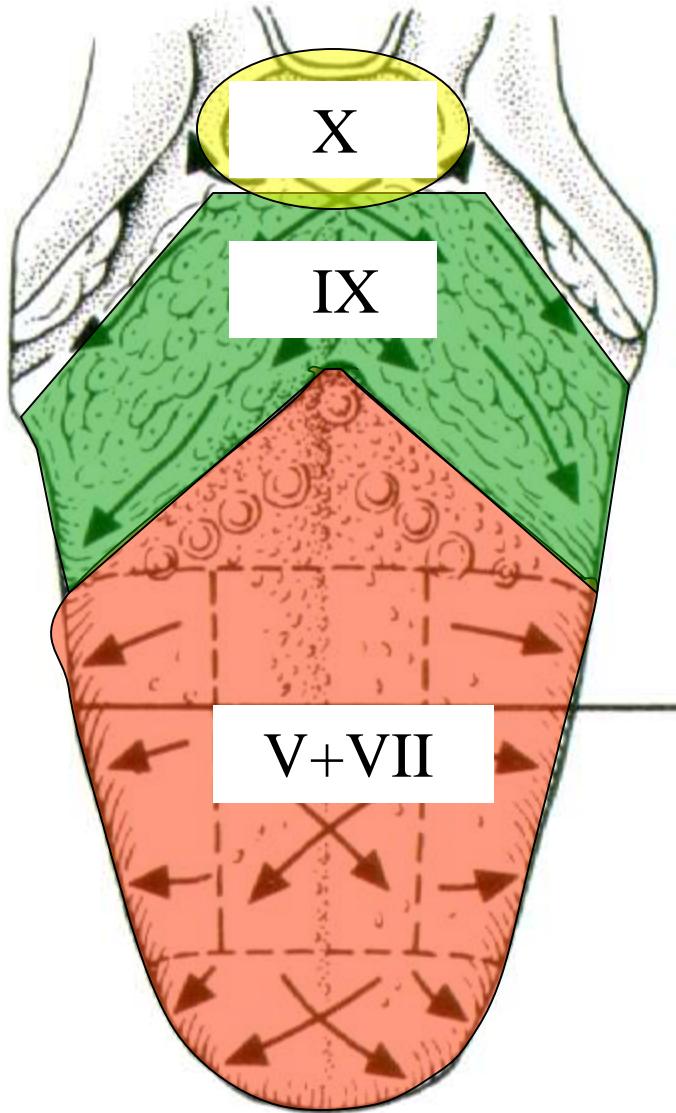


# Lingua



# Inervace

senzitivní **V, IX, X**



motorická:

n. XII

(m.palatoglossus IX/X)

vegetativní:

parasympatická

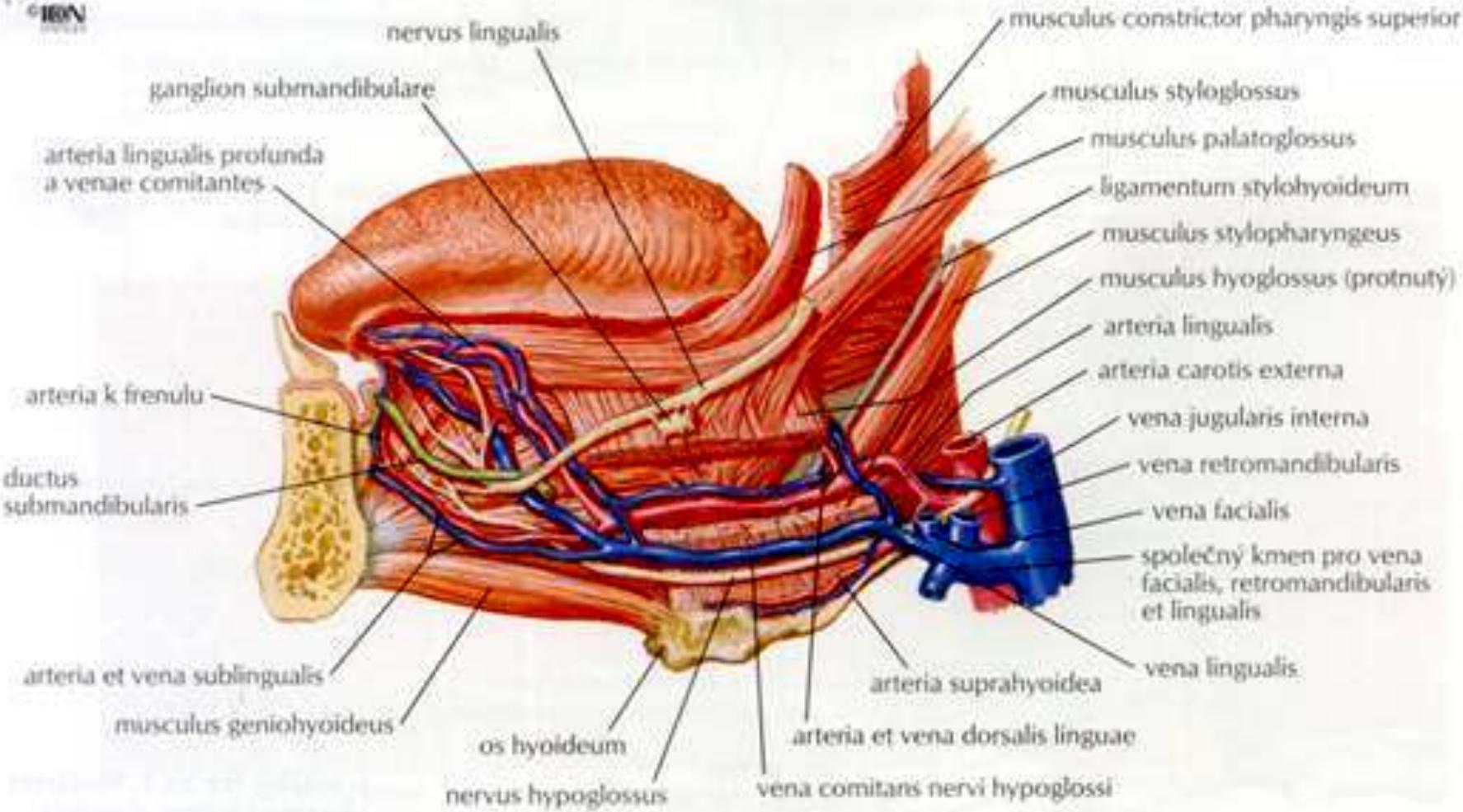
ggl .submandibulare

sympatická

plexus lingualis

senzorická VII, IX, X

# Cévní zásobení



R. Čihák: Anatomie 2, Avicenum, Praha, 1988

F. H. Netter: Anatomický atlas člověka. Grada/Avicenum, Praha, 2003

*Glandulae salivatoriae*

Slinné žlázy

Salivary glands

# Slinné žlázy

-drobné -ve sliznici dutiny ústní

(gll. labiales, buccales, linguales, palatinae)

-velké

## Glandula parotis

vývod- ductus parotideus (Stenoni) - ústí do vestibulum oris

ve výši horního M<sub>2</sub> ; RTG kontrast = sialografie

Cévy : a.temporalis sf., a.auricularis post., a. maxillaris

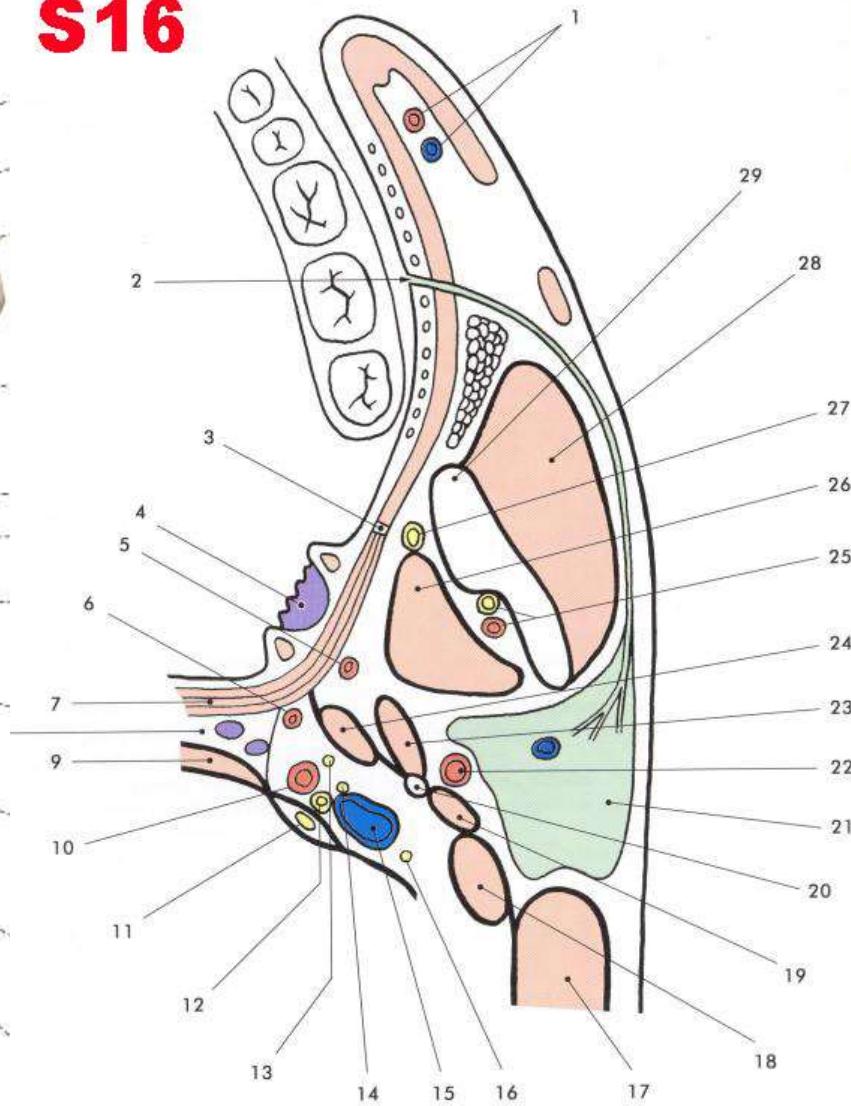
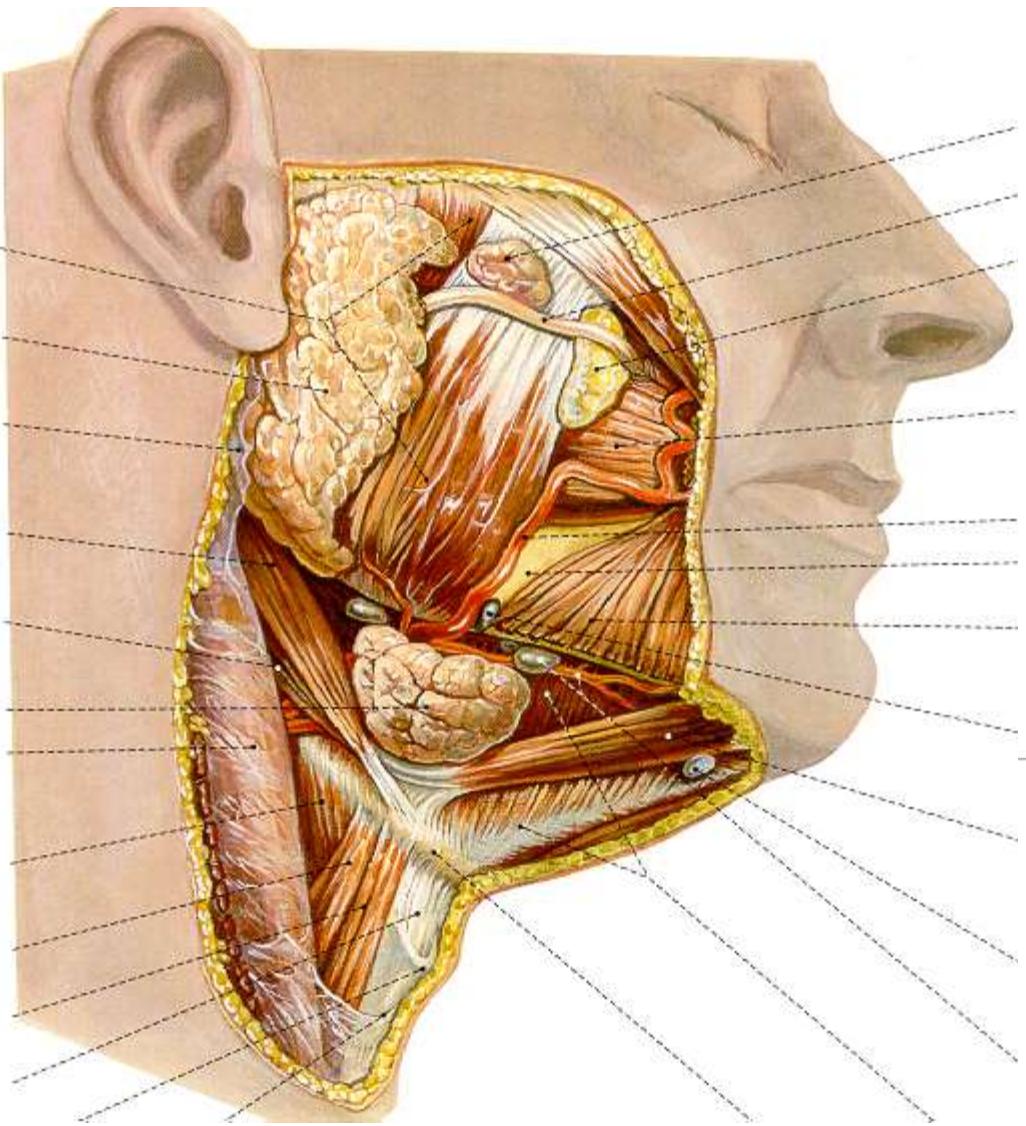
vv. parotidae → v. retromandibularis

ln. parotidei → ln. cervicales sf. & prof.

Nervy - parasymp. inervace: n.IX (→ n. tympanicus →

n. petrosus minor → ggl. oticum )

**S16**



## Glandula submandibularis

vývod - ductus submandibularis - obchází zadní okraj m.mylohyoideus

→ sublinguální prostor → ústí na **caruncula sublingualis**

## Tractus angularis

Cévy : a.+ v. facialis, a.+ v. lingualis; ln. submandibulares

## Glandula sublingualis

vývod - d. sublingualis major - společně s d. submandibularis →

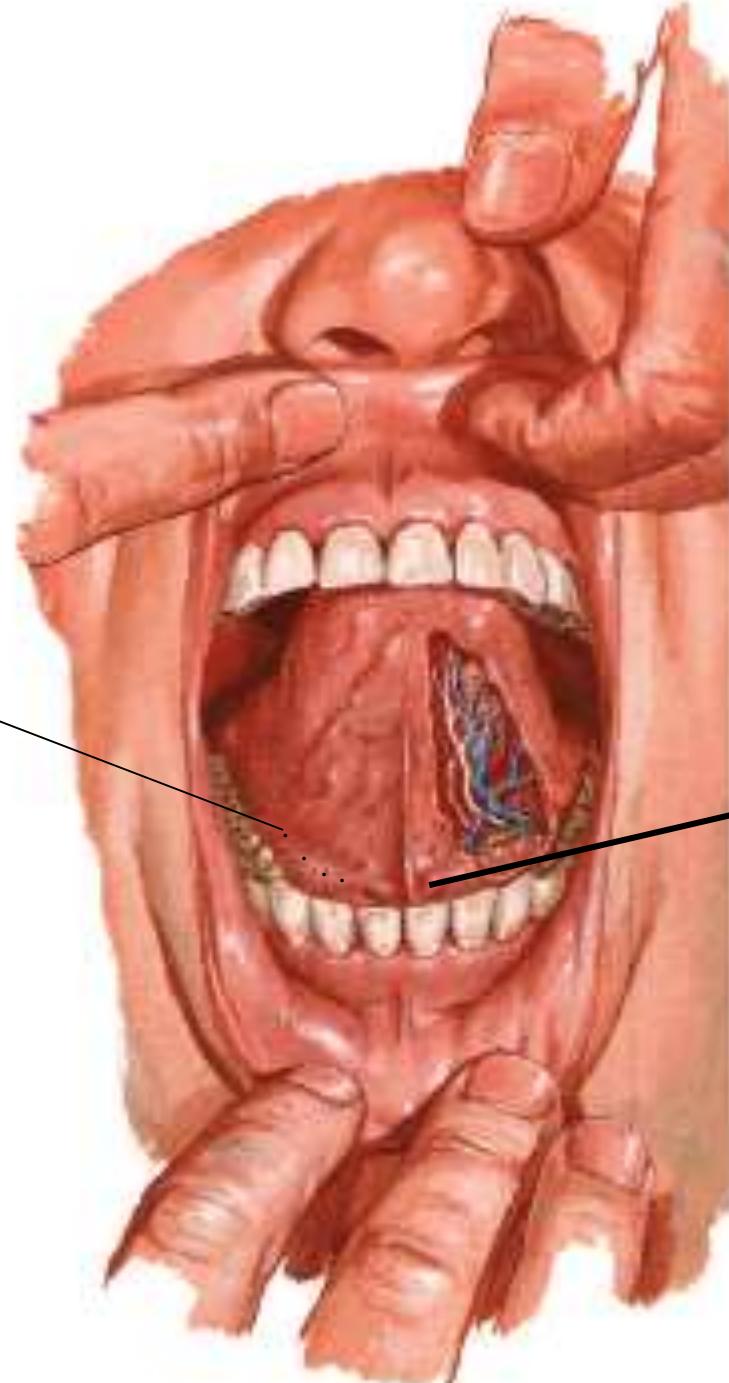
dd. sublinguales minores - laterálně      **plica sublingualis**

Cévy : a.+ v. sublingualis, a.+ v. submentalnis

ln. cervicales profundi

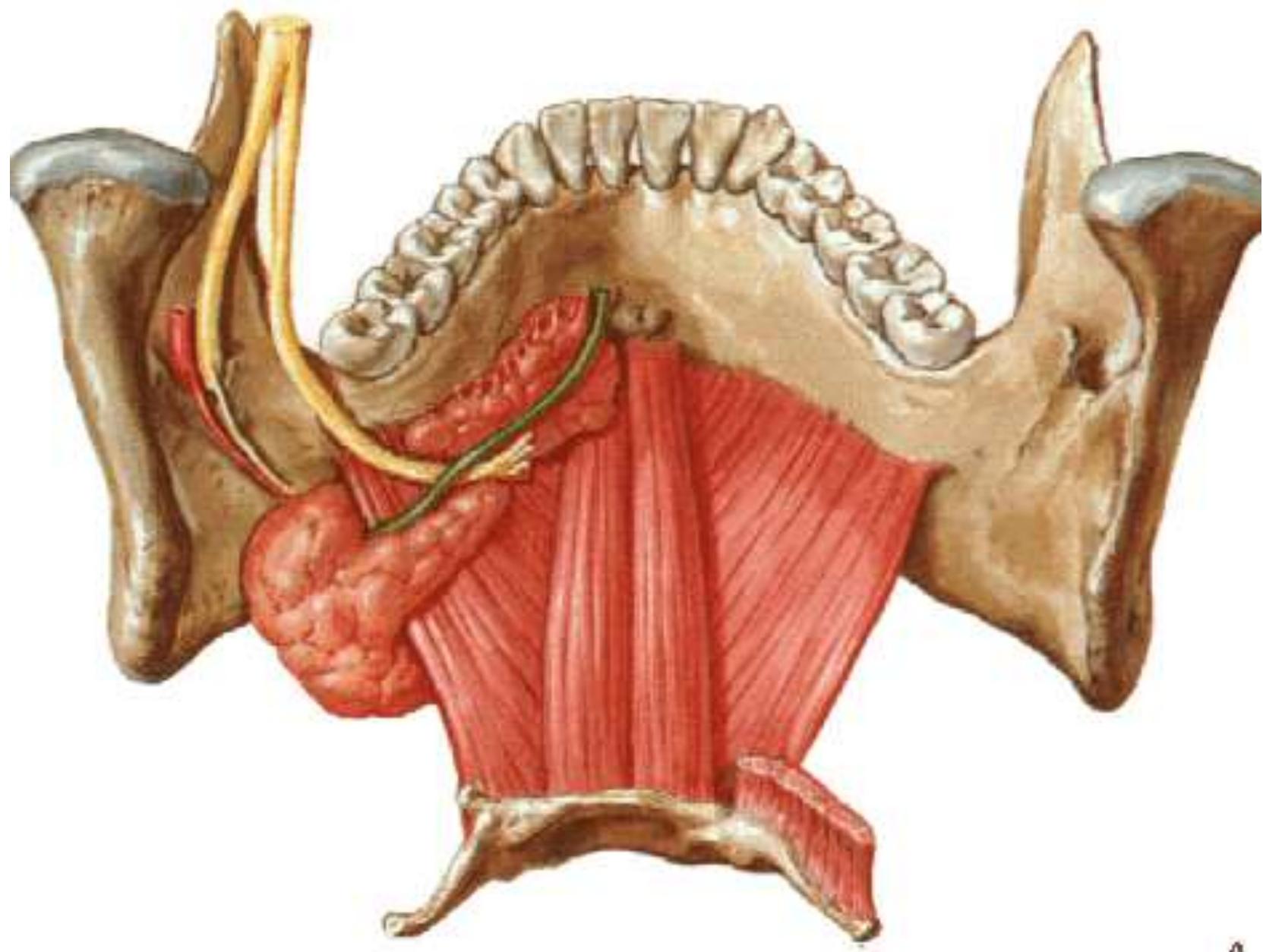
**Inervace** obou - parasympatická vlákna n.VII cestou n.lingualis →

ggl. submandibulare

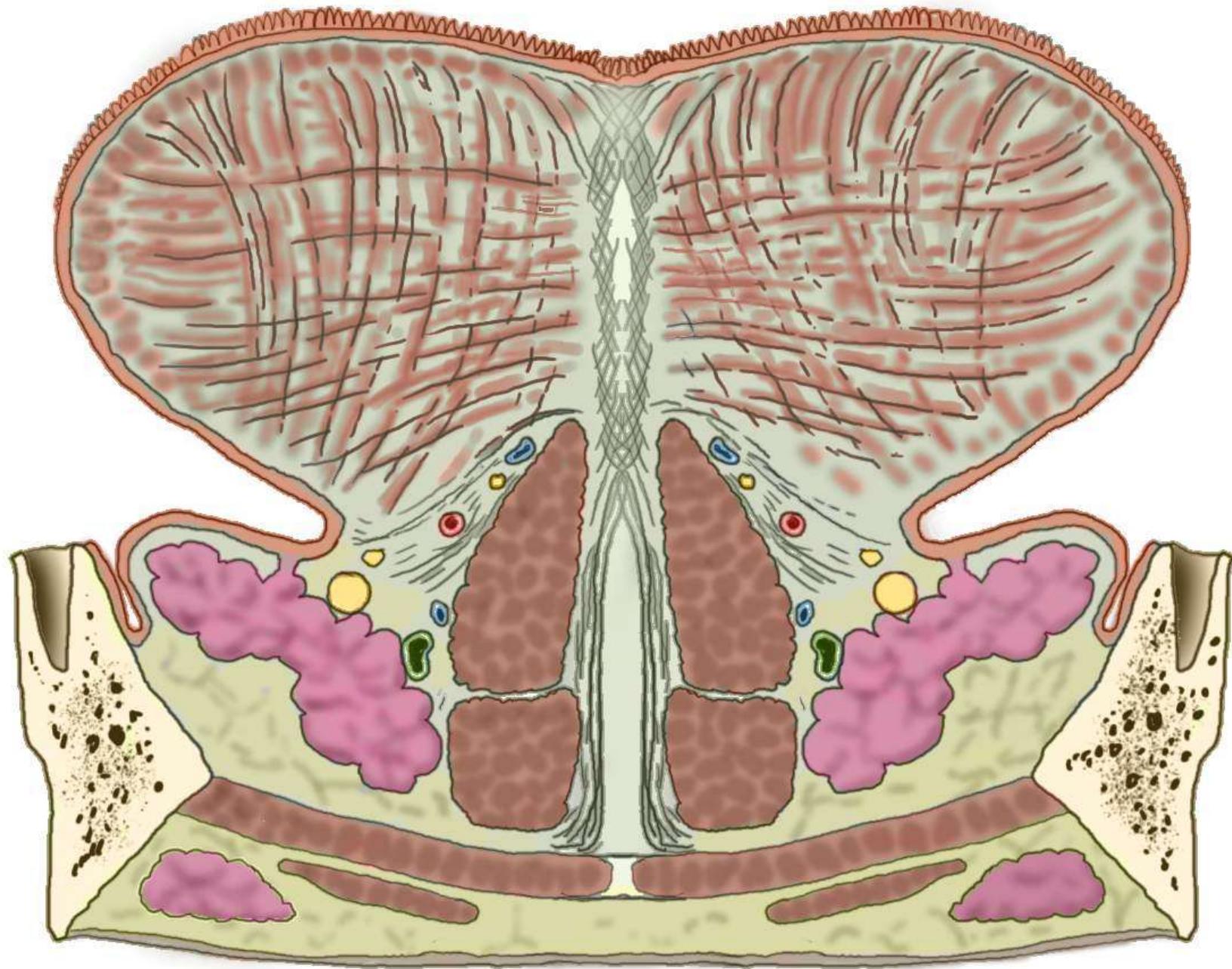


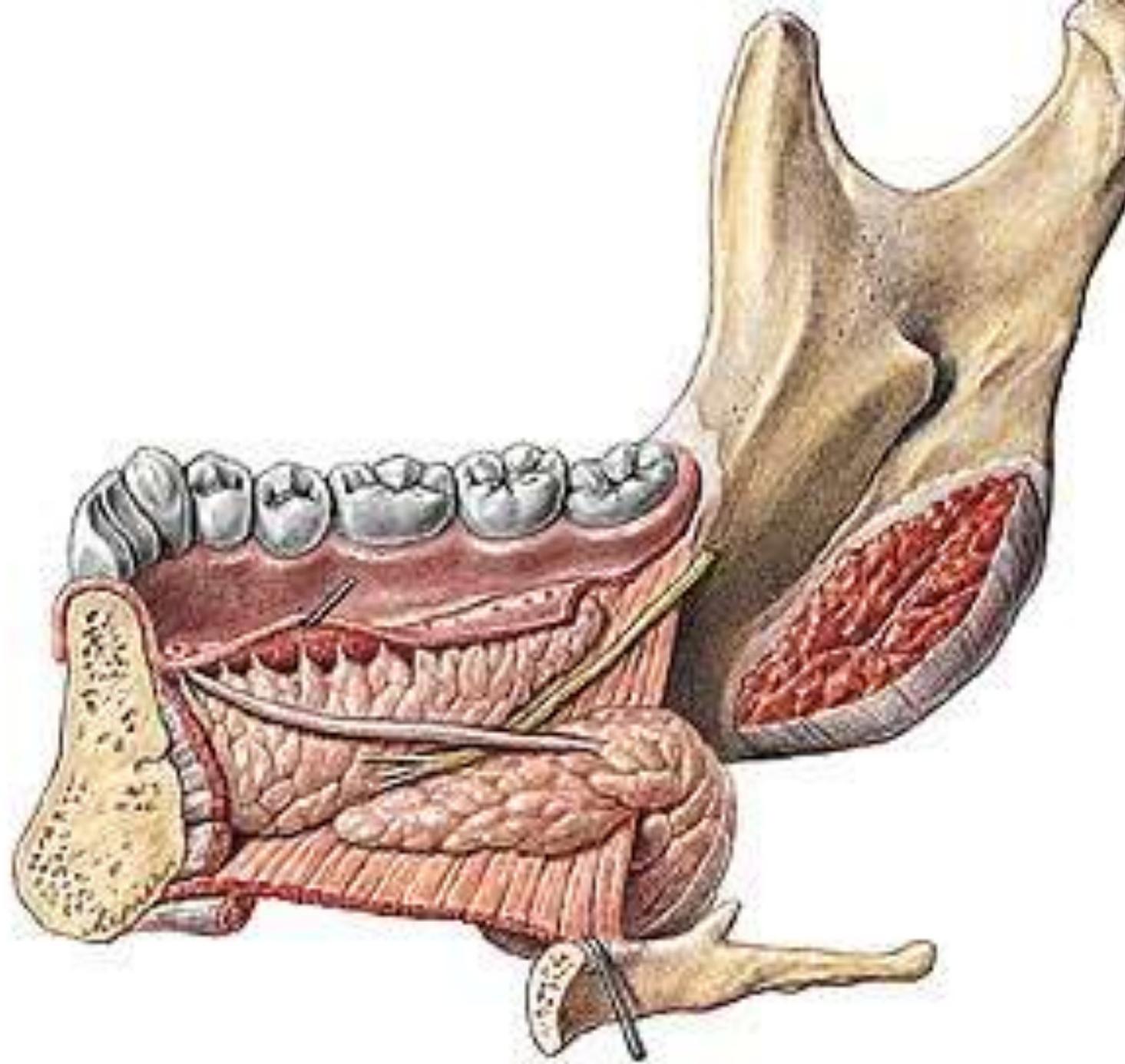
plica  
sublingualis

caruncula  
sublingualis

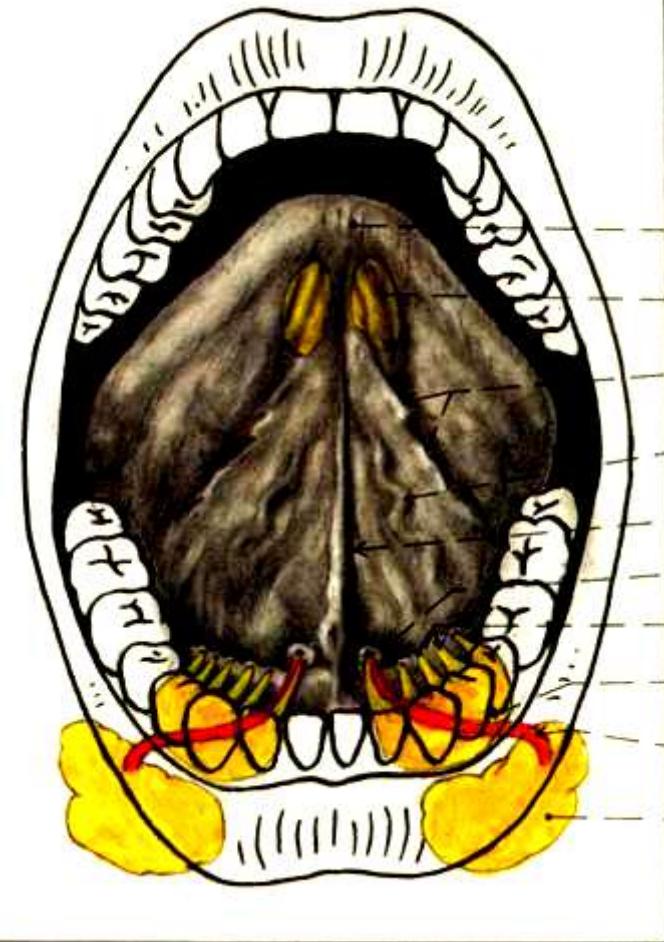
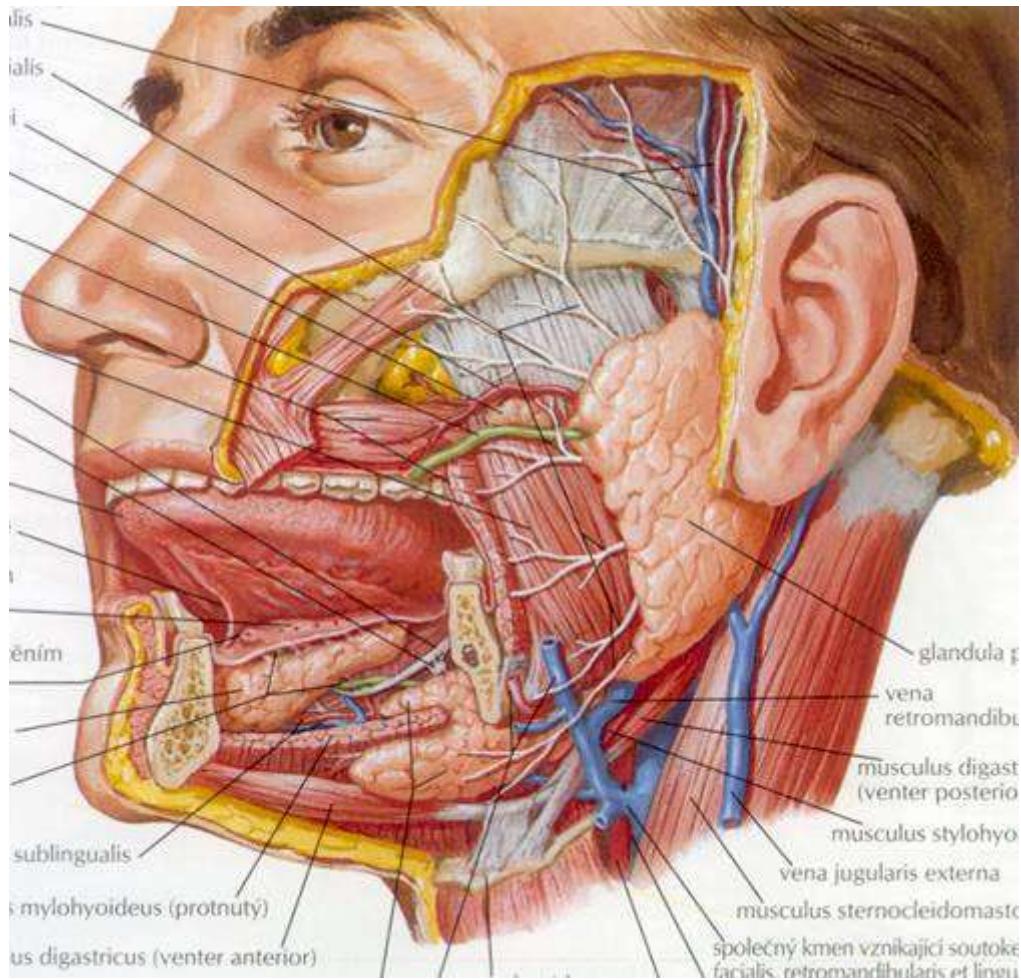


a





# Slinné žlázy



R. Čihák: Anatomie 2, Avicenum, Praha, 1988

F. H. Netter: Anatomický atlas člověka. Grada/Avicenum, Praha, 2003

Palatum

Patro

Palate

# Palatum - patro

Palatum durum

Palatum molle = velum palati

skelet - aponeurosis palati → úpony svalů

## Cévy a nervy

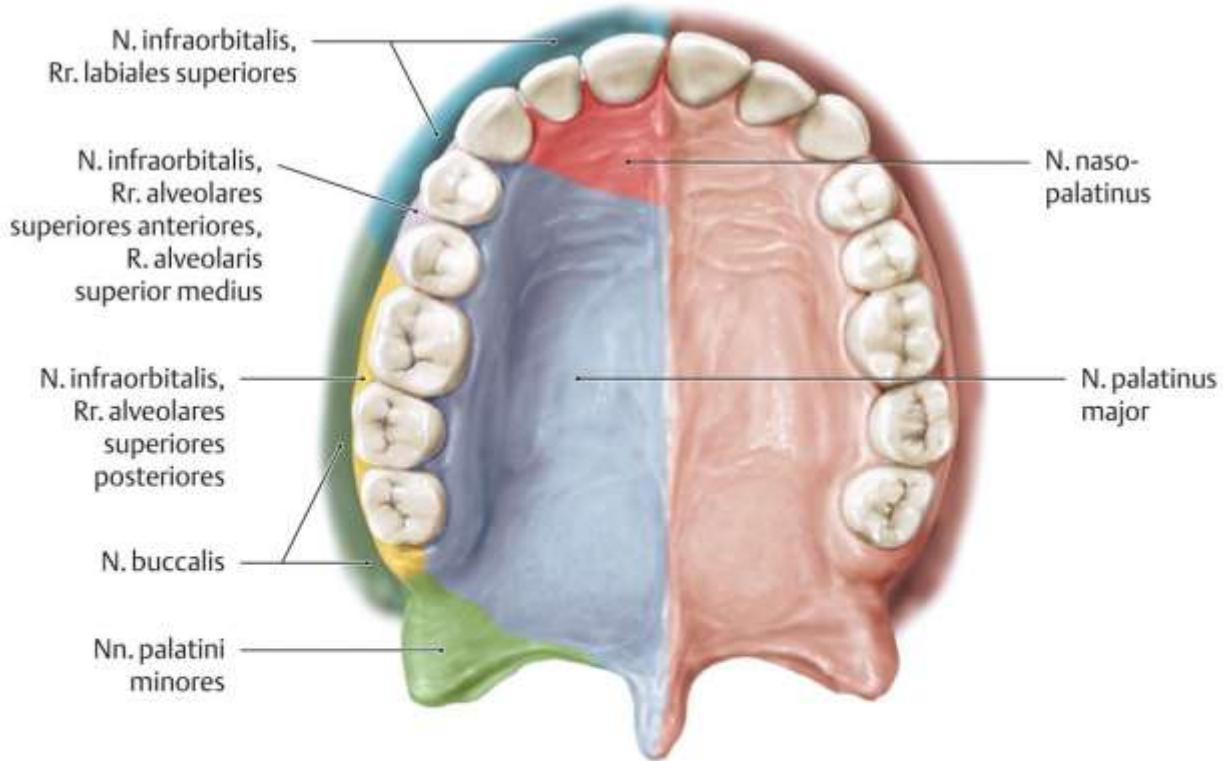
A. palatina desc. (a. maxillaris), a. palatina asc. (a. facialis)

Žilní plexus pterygoideus, plexus pharyngeus

Lymphonodi submandibulares, cervicales profundi

Inervace motorická: V/3 (tensor), VII (levator), IX - X

senzitivní: V/2 nn.palatini maj. & min., n. nasopalatinus

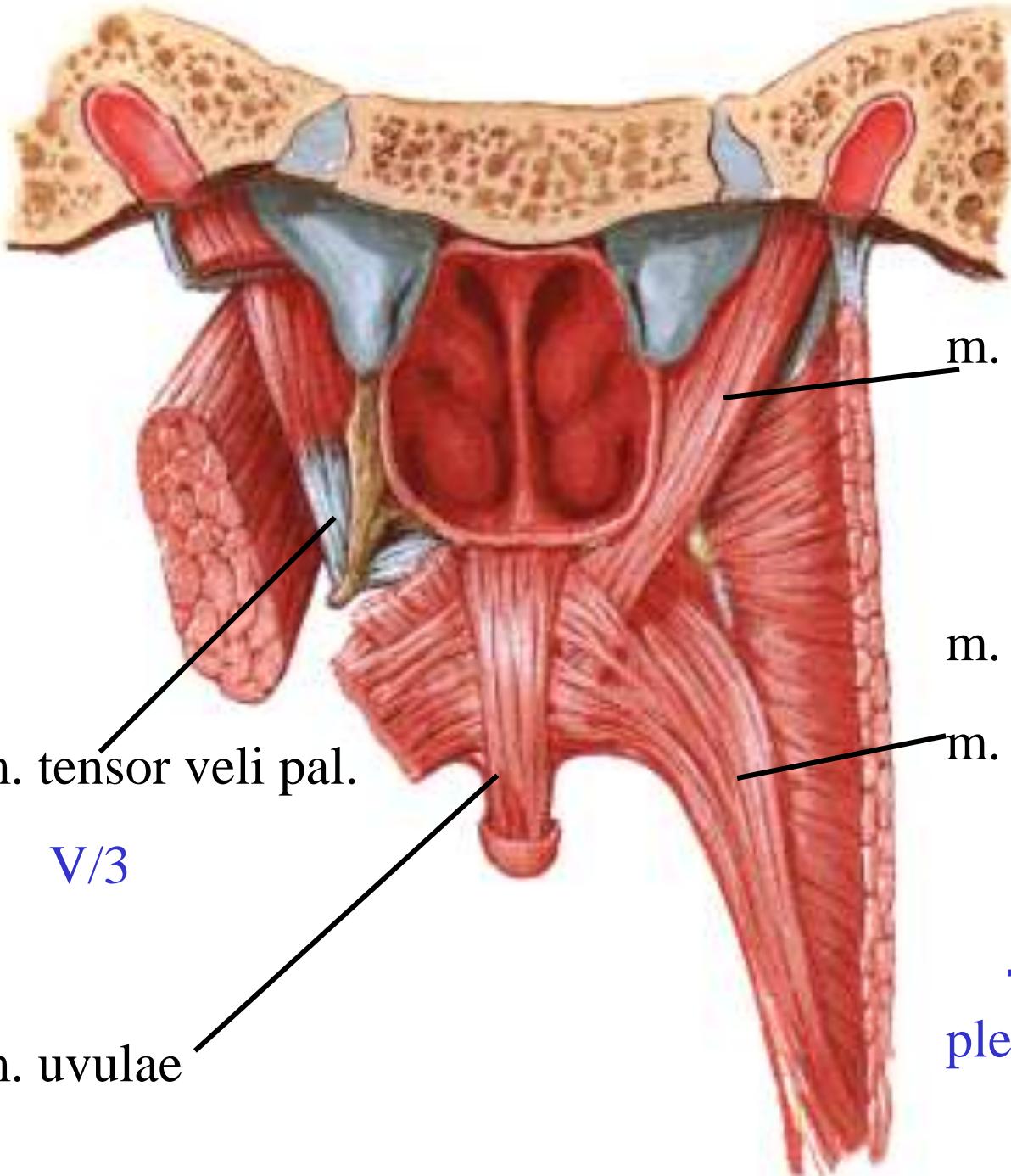


## E Sensible Innervationsgebiete von Gaumenschleimhaut, Oberlippe, Wangen und Zahnfleisch

Ansicht von kaudal



PROMETHEUS Lernatlas der Anatomie · Kopf und Neuroanatomie  
M. Schünke, E. Schulte, U. Schumacher. Illustrator: K. Wesker  
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m. levator veli palatini

VII + pl. pharyngeus

m. palatoglossus

m. palatopharyngeus

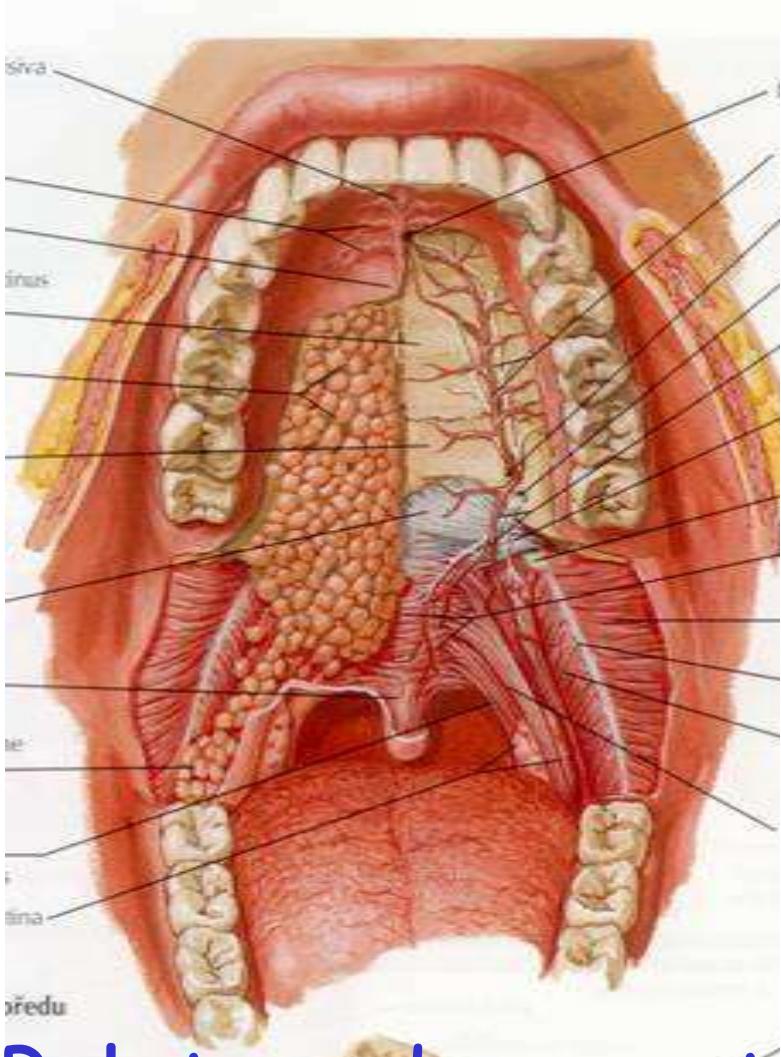
m. tensor veli pal.

V/3

m. uvulae

inervate:

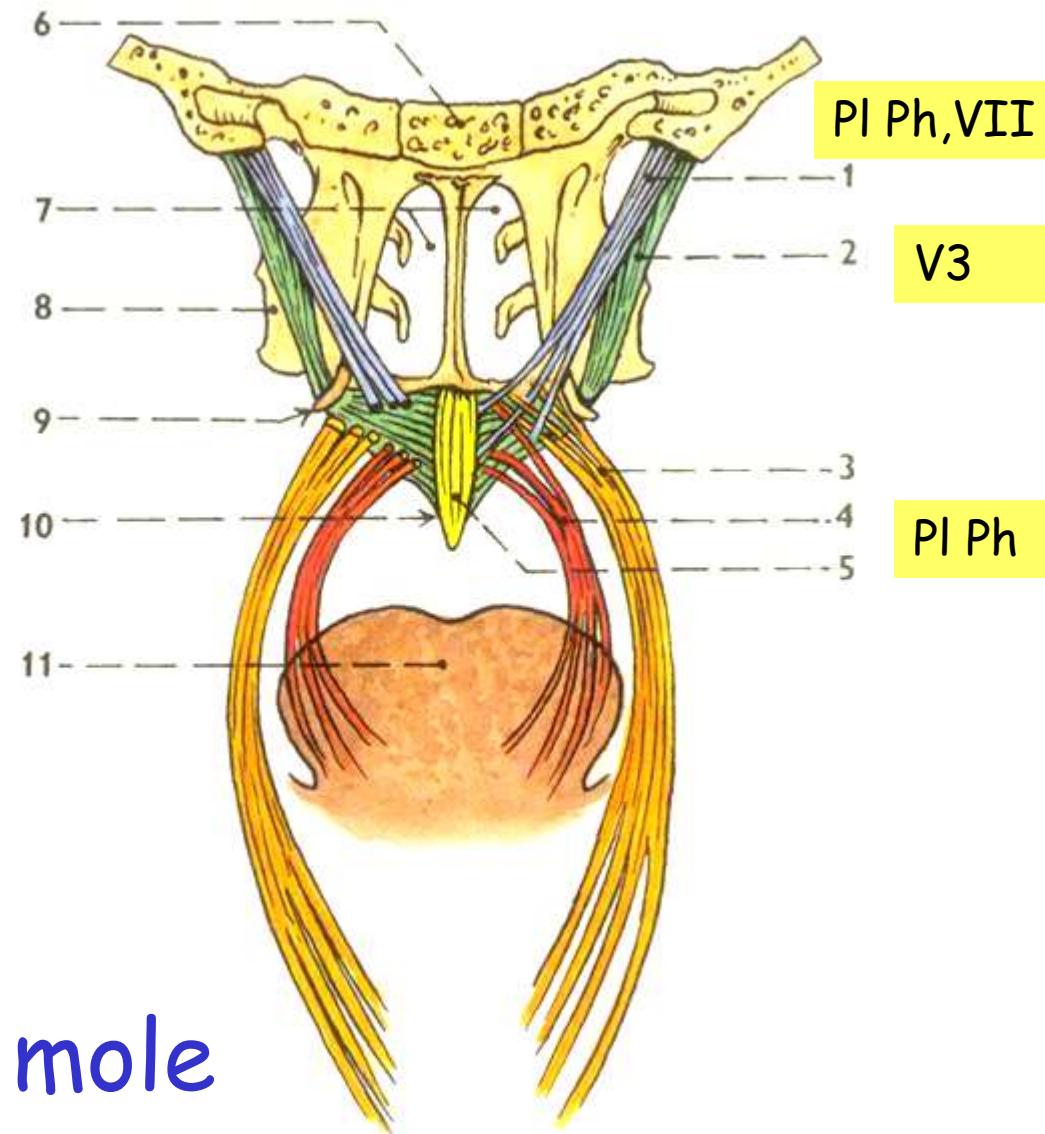
plexus pharyngeus IX-X

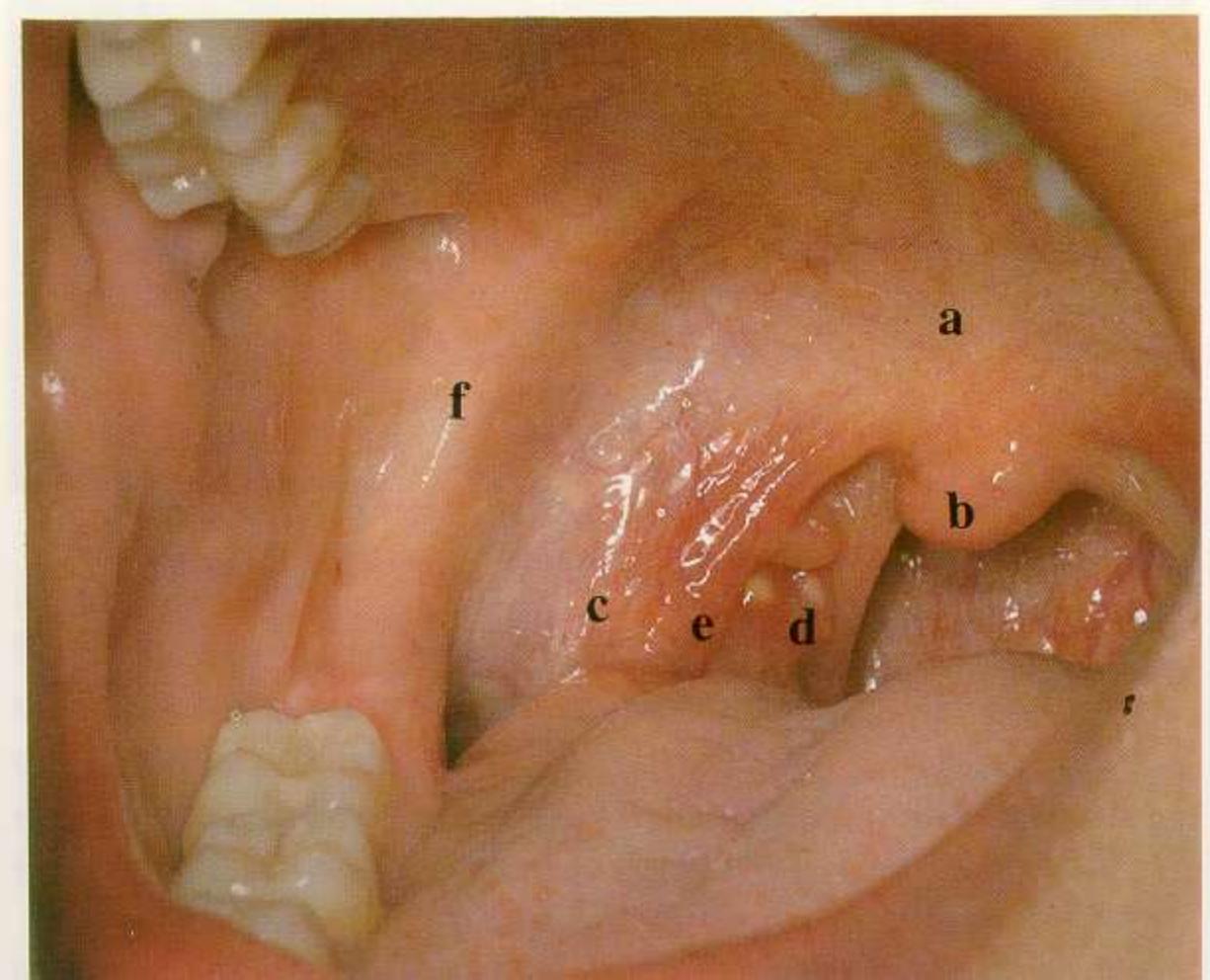


## Palatum durum et mole

R. Čihák: Anatomie 2, Avicenum, Praha, 1988

F. H. Netter: Anatomický atlas člověka. Grada/Avicenum, Praha, 2003





Isthmus faucium : uvula

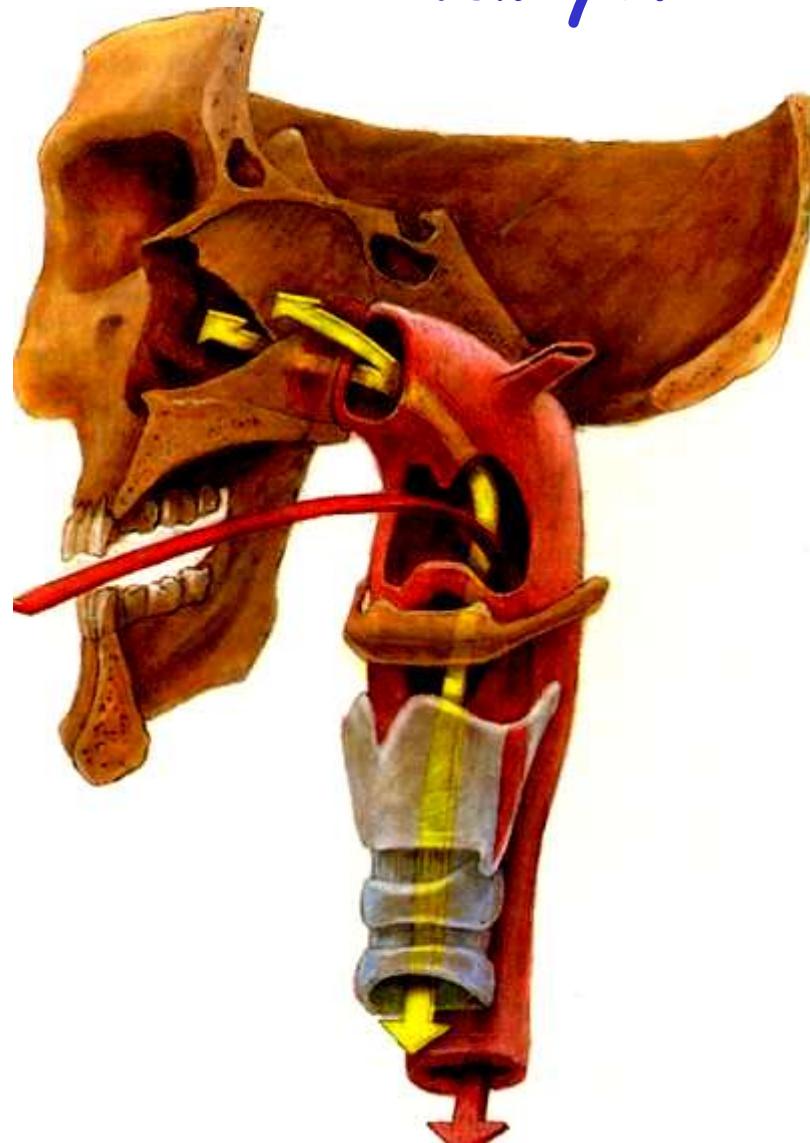
arcus palatoglossus, arcus palatopharyngeus

sinus tonsillaris - tonsilla palatina

# Pharynx

## Hltan

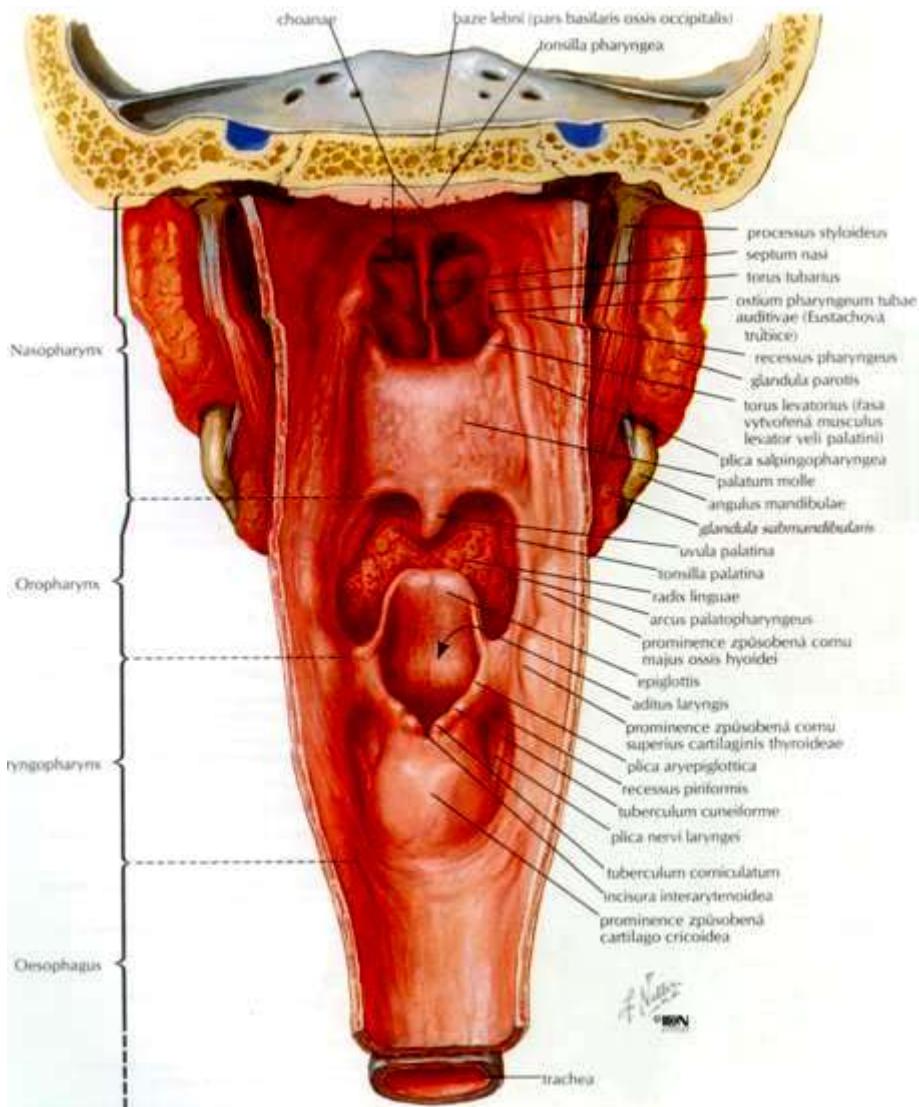
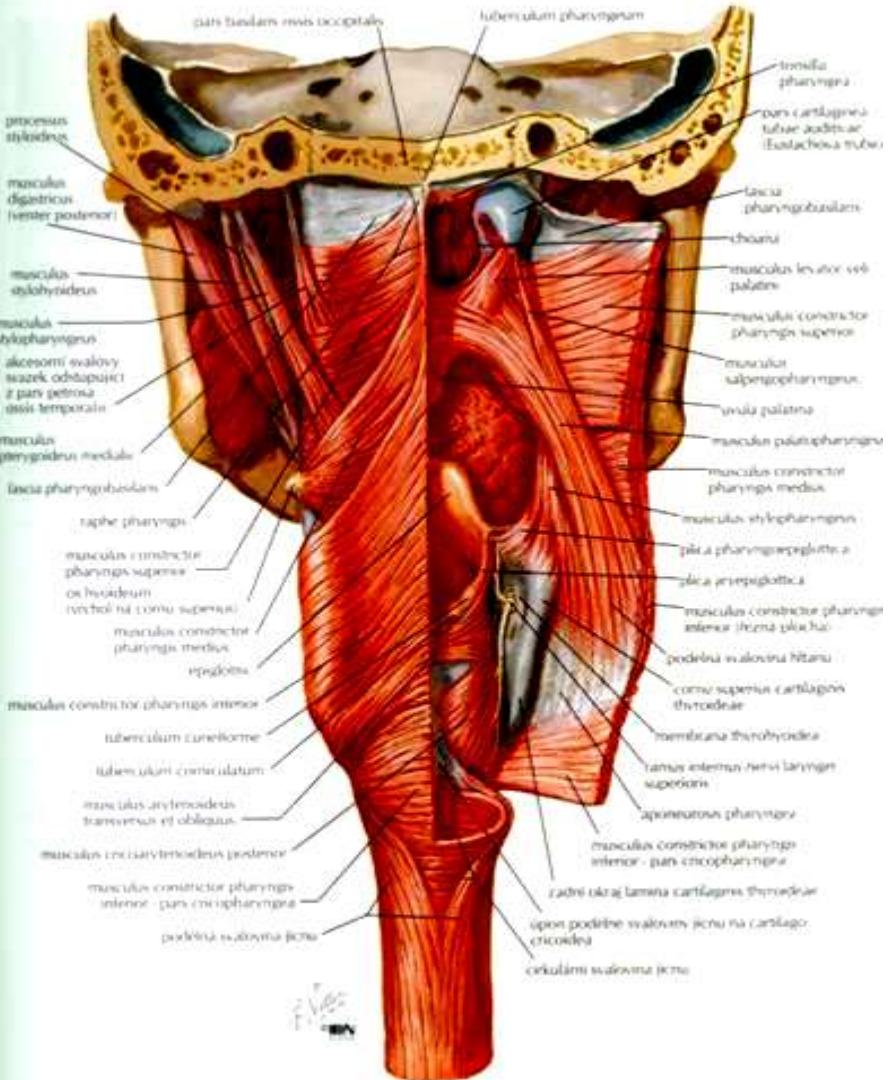
# Pharynx



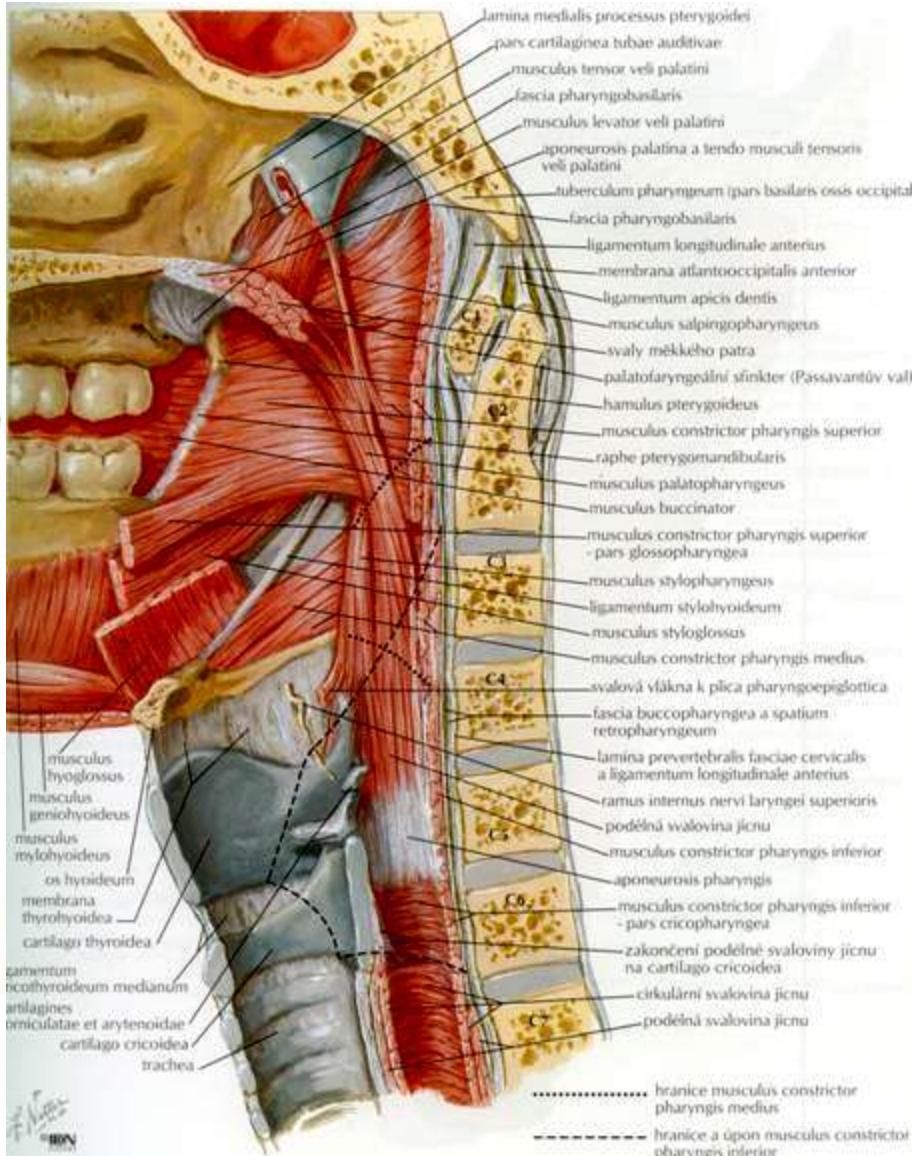
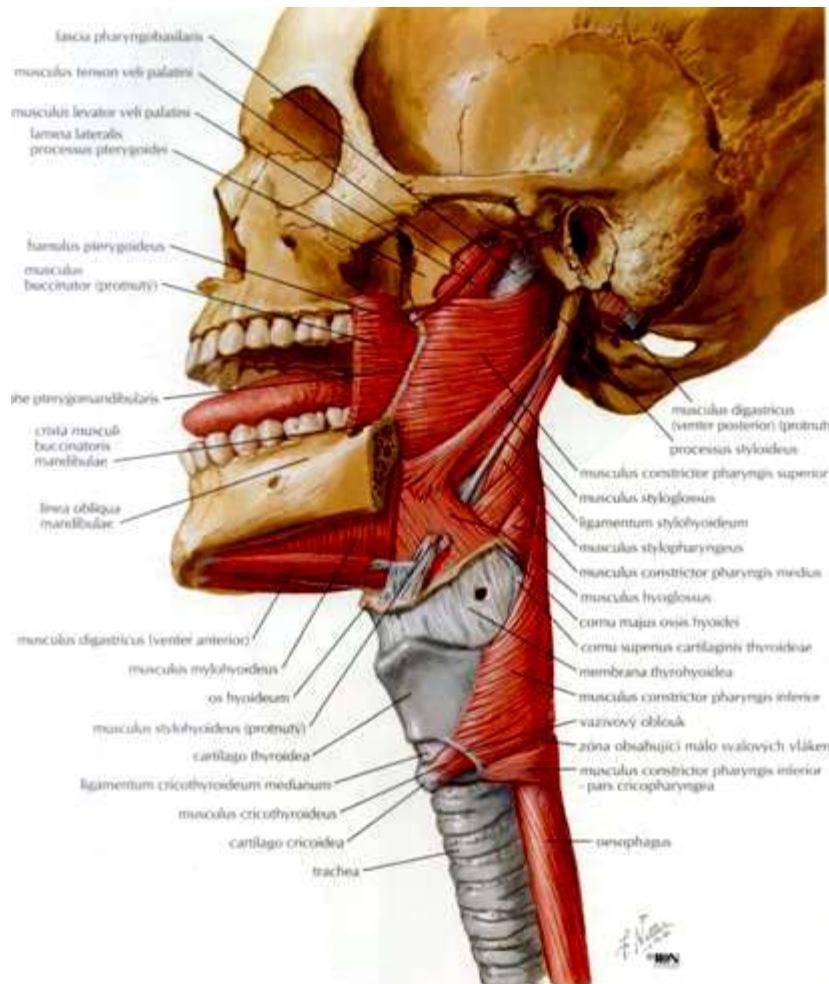
Pars nasalis  
Pars oralis  
Pars laryngea



# Pharynx



# Pharynx



F. H. Netter: Anatomický atlas člověka. Grada/Avicenum, Praha, 2003

# Muscles of pharynx:

## Constrictores:

Superior

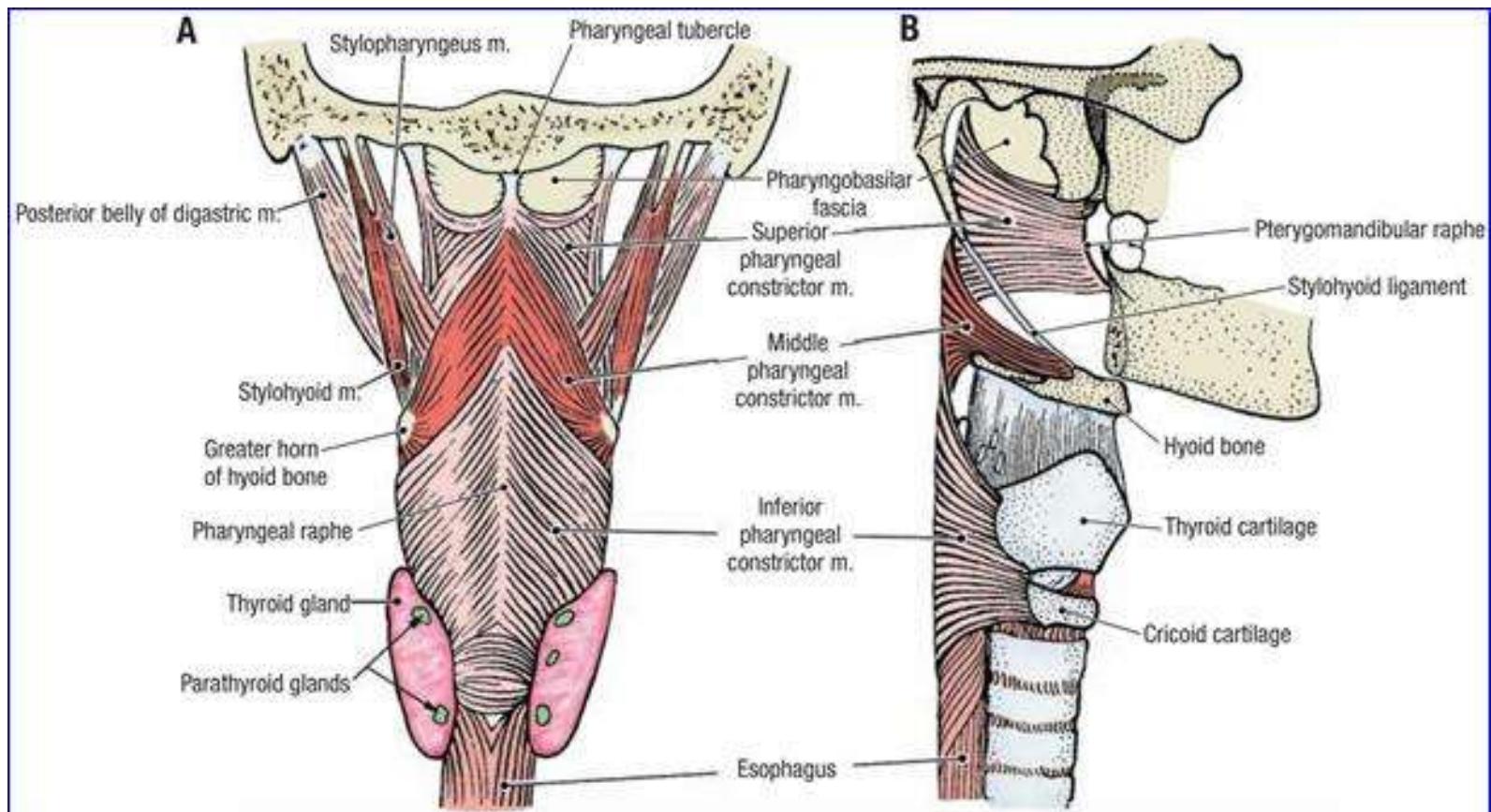
Medius

Inferior

## Levatores:

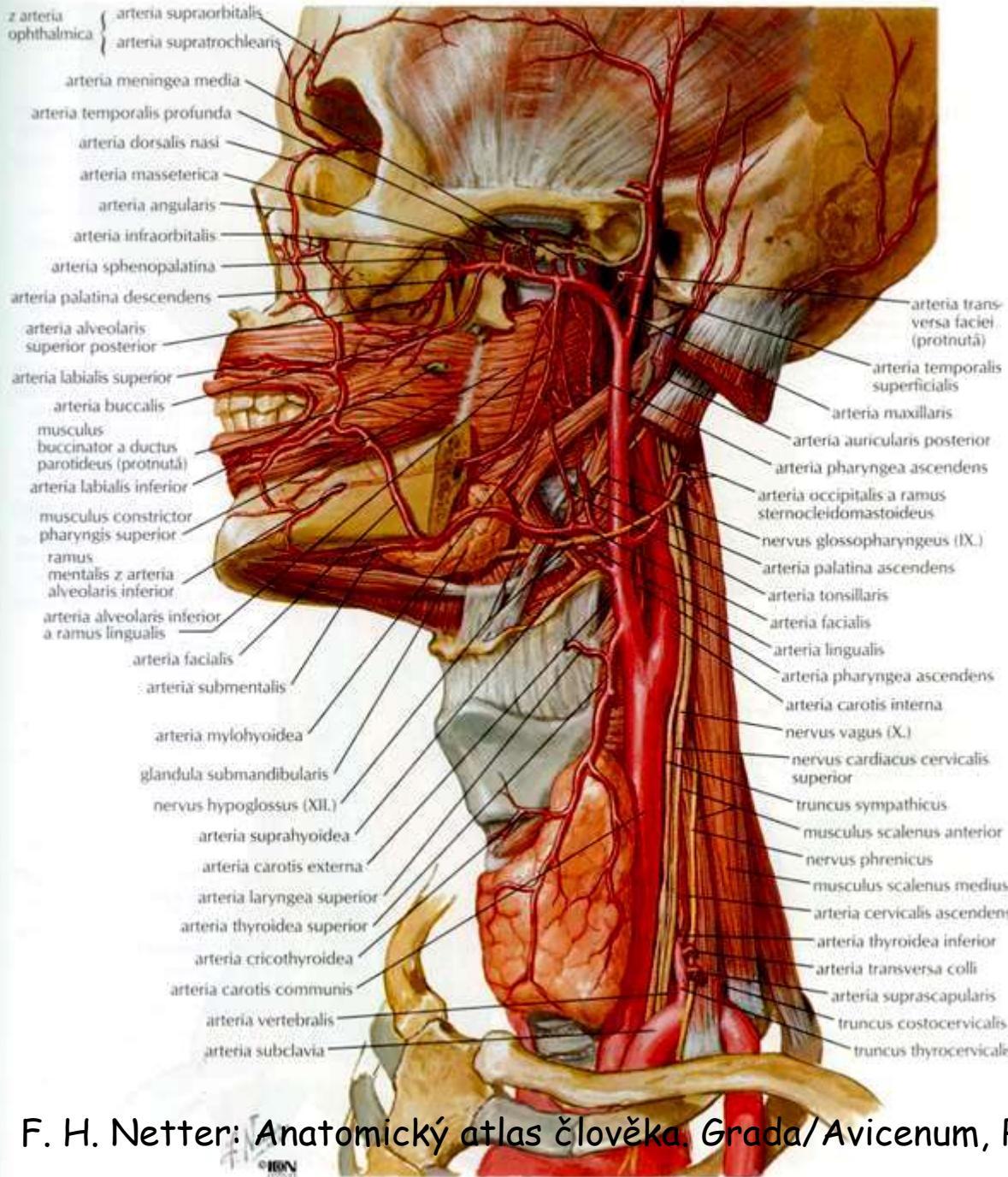
Stylopharyngeus

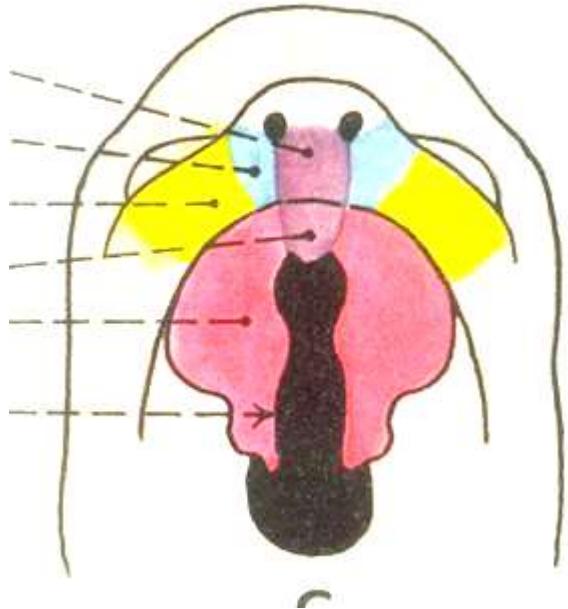
Salpingopharyngeus



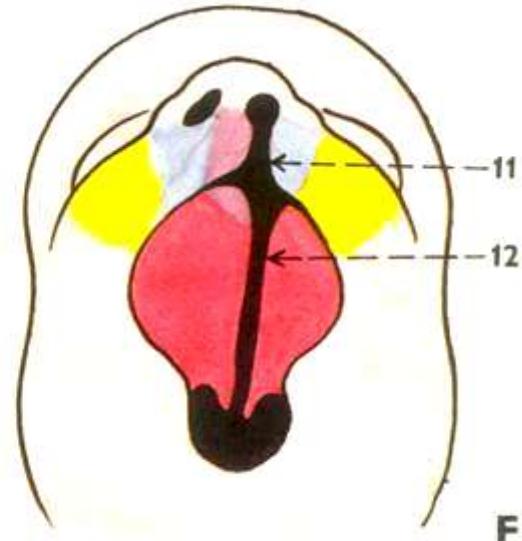
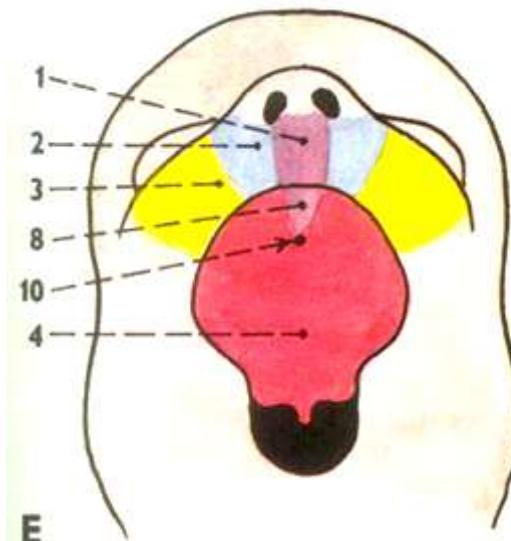
# Pharynx- cévní zásobení

A pharygea asc.  
A palat. asc.  
A palat. desc.





## Vývoj obličeje- rozštěp



© Zdenek Čihák: Anatomie člověka, 2. vydání, Komunitní knižnici řečnické fakulty Univerzity Karlovy v Praze, 1988

## **Použité materiály**

**Sobotta J:** Atlas of Human Anatomy Vol 1 –2 Munich, Urban und Schwarzenberg, 1993

**Williams P & Warwick R:** Gray´s Anatomy, 37 ed, Churhill Livingstone, 1996

**Netter, F:** Atlas of Human Anatomy, 4th ed., Elseviesr, USA, 2006

**Tillman:** Atlas der Anatomie, Springer, Heidelberg, 2005